RALEIGH
THE ALL-STEEL BICYCLE
PRICES SENT FREE.
Wellington Cycle & Motor Co
Hornby Road, Fort, BOMBAY.

The Bombay Chronicle

RALEIGH
THE ALL-STEEL BICYCLE
PRICES SENT FREE.
Wellington Cycle & Motor Co.,
Hornby Road, Fort, BOMBAY.

FOUNDED BY SIR PHEROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

VOL XIV NO 105 BOMBAY WEDNESDAY, MAY 5, 1926 ONE ANNA

The Bombay Chronicle

Business Notice.

BUSINESS communications of every kind (advertisements, changes of address, etc.) should be addressed to the MANAGER. Advertisements intended for insertion in the next day's paper must reach the Office not later than 5 p.m.

ALL REMITTANCES should be made payable to the "Bombay Chronicle" and cheques crossed.

MOFUSSIL SUBSCRIBERS whose copies of the "Bombay Chronicle" are delayed in delivery will facilitate enquiry into the cause of the irregularity by noting the date of the paper on the wrapper, and sending it to the Manager.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES;

Daily Edition.

	Local.	Mofussil.
1 Year	Rs. 25	Rs. 30
6 Months	Rs. 12-8	Rs. 15
3 Months	Rs. 6-4	Rs. 7-8
1 Month	Rs. 2-2	Rs. 2-8

Subscription to Foreign Countries Rs. 50 per year.

SINGLE COPY ONE ANNA.

SUNDAY EDITION

	Local.	Moffusil.	Foreign.
Yearly	Rs. 3/8	Rs. 4	Rs. 7

PAYMENTS STRICTLY IN ADVANCE

The Sunday Edition must be subscribed for not less than one year.

SINGLE COPY ONE ANNA.

32 Pillars of Strength
to prop up your decaying body
for RUPEE ONE only.
They are the world-renowned
Atank Nigrah Pills.
Particulars from
ATANK NIGRAH PHARMACY
JAMNAGAR (Kathiawar.)
Bombay Office: Kalbadevi Road, BOMBAY.

AMRUTANJAN
is the last word in the cure for aches and pains. 25 years increasing sales prove this fact.
AMRUTANJAN
is the only Indian pain balm used in millions of homes. It certainly
CURES ALL
aches, pains, swelling, sprain, stiff joints, cold, cough, cuts, bruises chilblains, rheumatism, backache and a host of other pain troubles. Cost 10 Annas
Sold Everywhere.
It kills and cures all
ACHES AND PAINS
BANKING.

When you spend so much for YOUR CLOTHES
why not be certain that they are made by artistic Tailors
ARAUJO FERNANDES & CO.
MERCHANT TAILORS,
PRINCESS STREET.-BOMBAY

SHIPPING.

P. & O. BRITISH INDIA
(Incorporated in England)
MAIL & PASSENGERS SERVICE.

P. and O. SAILINGS to PLYMOUTH AND LONDON CALLING AT MARSEILLES.

All passengers are required to be in possession of passports.

Date.	Steamers.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons.
1926			
8 May	RAJPUTANA		16,109
15 ,,	RAZMAK ..	MACEDONIA ..	11,080
22 ,,	RAWALPINDI		16,619
29 ,,	DELTA ..	MOOLTAN ..	20,847
5 June	CHINA ..		7,952
12 ,,	RAZMAK ..	MALWA* ..	10,941
19 ,,	KAISAR-I-HIND ..		11,430
26 ,,	RAZMAK ..	MALOJAx ..	20,837
3rd July	MOREA ..		10,918
10 ,,	RAZMAK ..	MANTUA ..	10,902
17 ,,	RAJPUTANA		16,568
24 ,,	RAZMAK ..	NALDERA x ..	15,993
31st ,,	RAWALPINDI		16,619
7 Aug.	RAZMAK ..	RANPURA* ..	16,585
14 ,,	CHINA ..		7,952
21st ,,	RAZMAK ..	NARKUNDAx ..	16,227
28 ,,	KAISAR-I-HIND ..		11,430

x Through steamers from Australia have limited accommodation for passengers from India.
* Through steamers from China have limited accommodation for passengers from India.

SPECIAL SHORT PERIOD FIRST SALOON RETURN TICKETS.

These tickets at reduced rates are available for passengers leaving Bombay on and after 5th June 1926 and arriving in Bombay 14th September 1926, both dates inclusive. The rates are as follows:—

To London and back by Sea	£105
To London and back via Marseilles including P. and O. Special Train across France in both directions. ...	£120
To Marseilles and back	£100

BRITISH INDIA SAILINGS.
Bombay to Port Said and Plymouth.

Date about.	Steamers.	Tons.
1926		
6th May	DUMANA ..	8,427
15th ,,	DURENDA* ..	7,241
1st July	MANORA ..	7,888
22nd ,,	MERKARA ..	8,285
12th August	MANELA ..	8,303
2nd Sept.	DUMANA ..	8,441

*Cargo vessels only, will not convey Passengers

P. & O. SAILINGS TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN and AUSTRALIA.

1926		
12th May	JEYPOREx ..	China & Japan.
15th ,,	ATLANTIC MARU*	China & Japan.
22nd June	DELTA .. connecting at Colombo with NARKUNDA ..	Straits, China & Japan. For Australia.

* Will not convey Passengers.

BRITISH INDIA SAILINGS.
TO AFRICA, KARACHI, PERSIAN GULF TUTICORIN, COLOMBO, MADRAS, CALCUTTA AND RANGOON.

1926		
5th or 6th May	JANUS ..	Colombo, Madras & Calcutta
5th ,,	BARPETA ..	Busreh via Karachi and P. Gulf
7th ,,	VARSOVA ..	Busreh via Karachi.
8th ,,	CHAKLA ..	Karachi & Kathiawar Coast Ports.
10th ,,	VITA ..	Karachi & Kathiawar Coast Ports.
12th ,,	KARAGOLA..	East & S. Africa

There will be sailings for Karachi on Mondays Wednesdays, Fridays, and Saturdays every week. Local passengers for Karachi can only proceed by the Friday Sailings when accommodation is not required for passengers ex the P. and O. Mail Steamer or through passengers to Busreh.
Terms and Rates of Freights and Passage may be arranged with
MACKINNON MACKENZIE & CO.
Ballard Road, Fort, Bombay.

THE SCINDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LTD.

FORTNIGHTLY SERVICES BETWEEN
1. Rangoon, Bombay, Karachi, via Malabar.
2. Rangoon, Madras, Colombo.
3. Calcutta and Karachi via Coast Ports.
4. Rangoon, Calcutta, according in demand.

For freights and other particulars apply to:—
Messrs. NAROTTAM MORARJEE & CO., Agents.
Ballard Estate, BOMBAY.

SHIPPING.

N. Y. K. LINE
SINGAPORE, CHINA & JAPAN

Steamers.	Tons.	Arrive.	Leave.
YAMAGATA M.	3807	30 April	12 May
*TAMBA MARU	5845	4 May	17 May
MURORAN M.	5374	19 May	2 June
*AWA MARU.	6028	28 May	11 June
TOKUSHIMA M.	5976	18 June	2 July
*SADO MARU	5898	28 June	12 July

*Passenger Steamers.
NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.
Canada Building, Hornby Road, Bombay.
'Phone No. 20279. Telegrams: "Yusen."

BANKING

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK LIMITED.
(REGISTERED IN LONDON).
(ESTABLISHED 1880).

Subscribed Capital ..... Yen 100,000,000
Paid-up Capital 100,000,000
Reserve Fund 86,590,000

HEAD OFFICE: YOKOHAMA
BRANCHES:

Batavia	Karachi	Saigon
Bombay	Kobe	Seattle
Buenos Aires	London	San Francisco
Calcutta	Los Angeles	Samarang
Canton	Lyons	Shanghai
Changchun	Manila	Singapore
Darien	Nagasaki	Shimonoseki
Fengtien	Newchwang	Sourabaya
Hamburg	New York	Sydney
Hankow	Nagoya	Tientsin
Harbin	Osaka	Tokyo
Hongkong	Peking	Tsinan
Honolulu	Rangoon	Tsingtau
Kai Yuan	Rio de Janeiro	Vladivostock.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved customers and interest is allowed at the rate of two per cent. per annum on daily balances of not less than Rs. 1,000 provided that the amount of half yearly interest is not less than Rs 5.
FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year or shorter period on terms which may be ascertained on application.
Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.
I. WASHIO,
Manager.
Hornby Road, Bombay,
Post Box No. 207.

THE EASTERN BANK, LTD
(Incorporated in England).
HEAD OFFICE:
4, CROSBY SQUARE, LONDON, E. C.
BRANCHES.

Amara	Colombo
Baghdad	Hillah
Bahrein	Karachi
Basrah	Madras
Bombay	Mosul
Calcutta	

Authorised Capital £2,000,000
Paid-up Capital £1,900,000
Reserve Fund ..... £ 300,000
Reserved Liability of Shareholders £1,000,000

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:
J. S. Haskell, Esq., Chairman.
Sir J. Legh-Wood, K.B.E., C.B., C.M.G., Deputy Chairman.
Sir Percy Wilson Newson, Bart.
J. H. Batty, Esq.
G. Bromley-Martin, Esq.
Emile Francqui, Esq.
Capt. R. E. Sassoon, M.C.
BOMBAY COMMITTEE:
A. J. Raymond, Esq.
Sir Dinshaw Maneckjee Petit, Bart.
Narottam Morarji, Esq.
BOMBAY BRANCH:
Corner of Hornby Road and Churchgate Street.

INTEREST will be allowed on Fixed Deposits for one or two years at rates to be ascertained on application.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and Fixed Deposits received for shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.
INTEREST allowed on Savings Deposit Accounts at 4 per cent. per annum. Copies of the Rules may be obtained on application.
BILLS OF EXCHANGE purchased. Loans and Credits granted on approved security and every description of Banking and Exchange Business undertaken. Purchases and Sales of British and Foreign Securities effected on usual terms.
L. F. TUCKER,
Manager.

BANKING.

BANK OF BARODA, LTD.
Under the patronage of and largely supported by the Government of H. H. the Maharaja Gaekwar.
(Registered under the Baroda Companies Act III of 1897).

Capital Subscribed ..... Rs. 60,00,00
Capital Called-up ..... Rs. 30,00,000
Reserved Fund ..... Rs. 22,00,000

HEAD OFFICE:
MANDVI, BARODA.
BRANCHES.
Ahmedabad, Bhavnagar, Navsari, Mesbana, Surat, Bombay, Dabhoi, Petlad, Patas, Sidhpur, Amreli, Kalol and Kadi.
DIRECTORS.
Lalubhai Samaldas, Esq., C.I.E., (Chairman).
Raj Ratna Sheth Maganbhai P. Haribhakti (Nagar Sheth, Baroda).
Sheth Durgaprasad Shambhuprasad Laskari (Mill Agent, Ahmedabad).
Bhaskarrao V. Mehta, Esq., M.A., LL.B., (Chief Justice, Bhavnagar).
Maganlal H. Kantavala, Esq., M.A., (Agent The Maharaja Mills Co., Ltd., Baroda.)
Anant Narayan Datar Esq., B.A., LL.B., A.M., (Colmb) Sar Subha Baroda State).
Rao Saheb Harilal Desaibhai Desai (High Court Pleader, Ahmedabad).
Major R. S. Parab (Khangi Karbhari, Baroda State).
Nawroji B. Saklatwala, C.I.E, (Tata Sons Ltd., Bombay).
CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.
Interest allowed on daily balance from Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of Rs. 2½ per cent. per annum and on sums over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangement. No interest which does not come to Rs. 3 per half year will be allowed.
FIXED DEPOSITS.
Received for long or short periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.
LOANS, OVERDRAFTS AND CASH CREDITS.
The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved securities.
The Bank undertakes on behalf of its constituents the safe custody of Shares and Securities and the collection of dividends and interest thereon. It also undertakes the sale and purchase of Government Paper and all description of Stock at moderate charges particulars of which may be learnt on application.
SAVINGS BANK.
Deposits received and interest allowed at 4 per cent. per annum.
SAVINGS BANK DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.
Sums of Rs. 300 and over accepted at 4½ per cent., by transfers from Savings Bank accounts, subject to three months' notice of withdrawal Rules on application.
C. E. RANDLE,
General Manager.

THE PUNJAB NATIONAL BANK LIMITED.
ESTABLISHED 1895

Capital Authorised 1,00,00,000
Capital Issued 50,00,000
Capital Subscribed 50,00,000
Capital Paid upto 31-12-25 30,84,370
Reserve Fund upto 31-12-25 25,50,000

HEAD OFFICE: LAHORE

Abohar	Hoshiarpur	Multan City
Allahabad	Hyderabad (Sind)	Montgomery
Amritsar		Okara (Dist. Montgomery)
Amballa City	Jullundur	Peshawar City
Amballa Cant.	Jammu	Peshawar Cant.
Bombay	Jhelum City	Patiala
Cawnpore	Karachi	Quetta
Calcutta	Kasur	Rawalpindi
Delhi	Lahore City	Sargodha
D. I. Khan	Jhang (Maghiana).	Sialkot City.
Ferozepore	Lyllapur	Simla
Gujranwalla	Ludhiana	Srinagar
Gojra	Meerut City	
Hafizabad		

LONDON AGENTS:—
THE MIDLAND BANK LTD
AMERICAN AGENTS:—
THE AMERICAN EXCHANGE PACIFIC NATIONAL BANK, LD.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS are opened and interest allowed at 3 per cent from January to June and 2½ per cent. from July to December, at Bombay on a minimum daily balance of Rs. 500 to Rs. 1,00,000.
FIXED DEPOSITS are received for 12 months and shorter periods at rates of Interest which can be ascertained on application.
SAVINGS BANK DEPOSITS.—Sums as low as Rs. 10 received and interest allowed at 4½ per cent per annum.
LOANS, OVERDRAFTS and CASH CREDITS.—The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved securities.
CHEQUES, HUNDIS, BILLS, etc., of outstations are bought, collected and discounted.
For other particulars and rules of business apply to—
E. J. KHANNA,
Manager.
Sassoon House,
Churchgate Street, Bombay.

INSURANCE.

NATIONAL
INSURANCE Co., Ltd.
EVERY YEAR A RECORD YEAR

New Business 1923 — Rs. 59,04,000.
,, ,, 1924 — Rs. 62,93,500.
,, ,, 1925 — Rs. **67,25,500.**

LATEST SCHEME OF ASSURANCE AT LOWEST RATE OF PREMIUM.
IDEAL GUARANTEED OPTION POLICY Triple Benefit).
Please send for particulars to:—
BRANCH SECRETARY of the Company,
ALICE BUILDING, HORNBY ROAD, BOMBAY.

The Great Eastern Life
ASSURANCE CO., LTD.
INCORPORATED IN S. S.
An Eastern Co. for the People of the East.
Automatic Non-Forfeiture. Total & Permanent Disability clause.
BIG BONUSES.
Funds invested in India.
AGENTS WANTED:
BOMBAY BRANCH, 50/52, Church Gate Street, Fort.

INSURE WITH:—
THE PIONEERS OF LIFE ASSURANCE WORK IN BENGAL
THE HINDU MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE Ltd.
Trustee—Govt. Official Trustee.
No Share-holders—(Established 1891)—No Capitalists
CLAIMS PAID NEARLY Rs. 4,50,000 COMPARED WITH OTHERS, ITS Great Age, Security, Management and Absolutely The LOWEST RATES.
No promise of Reversionary Bonus. But
Cash Bonus in the shape of difference of premium with the bonus giving offices with every payment of premium.
For particulars Apply to:—
Messrs. ADHEKARI DEENDOYAL & Co., Opp. Gohal Bunglow, Afzalgunj Road, Hyderabad (Deccan.)
Messrs. TANDAN BROTHERS Chief Agents for U. P. 32, Latouche Road, Lucknow.
P. C. RAY, M.A., B.L., Secretary, 285/10, Bowbazar St., Calcutta
S. R. DONGRI & Co., SITABALDI, Nagpur, Chief Agents for C. P. & Berar.

BANKING.

THE BANK OF INDIA, LTD
ESTABLISHED 7TH SEPTEMBER, 1906
(Incorporated under the Indian Companies Act VII of 1882).
HEAD OFFICE:
ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY
BRANCHES: Calcutta and Ahmedabad.
LONDON AGENTS:
THE WESTMINSTER BANK, LTD.
CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED ...Rs. 2,00,00,000
CAPITAL PAID-UP ..... Rs. 1,00,00,000
RESERVE FUND ..... Rs. 73,00,000
CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.
Interest is allowed on daily balances from Rs. 800 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum from January to June and at 2 per cent. per annum from July to December. On sums exceeding Rs. 1,00,000 interest is allowed by special arrangement. No interest will be allowed which does not amount to Rs. 3 per half year.
FIXED DEPOSITS.
Deposits are received fixed for one year or for shorter period at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.
SAVINGS BANK ACCOUNTS opened on favourable terms. Rules on application.
A. G. GRAY,
Manager.

WESTERN INDIA LIFE INSURANCE CO., LTD.
Head Office:—SATARA CITY.
PROGRESS OF THE COMPANY.

Valuation	Year	Surplus disclosed.
First	1917	Rs. 11,532
Second	1920	Rs. 27,737
Third	1923	Rs. 1,16,544

No other Company started within 28 years could show equal results at the same age.
Excellent opportunity for reliable energetic men of position and ability to represent the Company.
For agency and other particulars please apply to:—
THE MANAGING DIRECTOR,
Satara City.

EYE TROUBLES
of any kind—Iritis, Stye, Watery Eye, Corneal Ulcer, redness, etc. Even Cataract, Glaucoma Granular lid cured without knife by our Cocoanut Brand 'Lotus Honey'—genuine and purest in market. Cure guaranteed. Trial Solicited, Dram Rs. 2-8, 2 Drams Rs. 4-0 Ask free particulars to:—
NEW FORMULA Co., B. and O. OFFICE
Kandi Bengal, India.
Tel. "Ulcer," Kandi.

CLASSIFIED ADVT.

Readers' Private Short Advertisements are inserted in these columns at the following rates:—

HALF ANNA

PER WORD.

CASH MUST ACCOMPANY ORDER.

The full name and address of the advertiser is required, not necessarily for publication.

Advertisers who do not wish their names and addresses published will be given a Box number. The words: Apply Box No— Advertisement Department. "Bombay Chronicle," to be paid for

Replies to advertisements cannot be forwarded, but can be obtained at the office on production of the voucher.

Answers to advertisements should be addressed as follows:—Box Number— Advertisement Department, "Bombay Chronicle" Office, Bombay.

Unclaimed replies to advertisements are destroyed after one month.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED—Experienced and responsible EDITOR, who can write English and Gujarati for a newspaper to be started in Kenya. Mention previous experience and apply to Messrs. PANDYA & CO., P. O. Box No. 135, Mombasa (Kenya).
26543

WANTED for Foreign Country, a competent TYPIST, capable of operating Urdu Typewriting Machine. State salary acceptable. Apply Box No. 1339, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
A R3128

WANTED—Competent WEAVING MASTER for up-country Mill. Experienced men need apply with testimonials, stating terms, immediately, to Box No. 1358, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
A R3126

WANTED—Experienced ARTISTS, PAINTERS and CARPENTERS. Apply personally to Manek Painting Works, 215, Kalbadevi Road.
A R3122

WANTED—Respectable Influential AGENTS for pushing sale of best Indian China Clay. For particulars write to:—H. DUTT & CO., Agents: Behar China Clay and Mining Co., 31, Jackson Lane, Calcutta.
A R3124

WANTED—Reliable CANVASSER for first class belting on pay and commission Only those with thorough experience in this line need apply to TYABJEE & CO. Central Bank Building, Fort, Bombay. R3100

HOUSES & FLATS TO LET

TO BE LET—For Hindus only. A small well ventilated BUNGALOW with garage at Chaupatty. Apply D. G. BANKER, behind Wilson College, Chaupatty.
C R3104

HOUSES, FLATS WANTED.

REQUIRED IMMEDIATE OCCUPATION—SMALL ROOM, Rs. 15 to Rs. 20 per month, water and W. C. conveniences essential. Anywhere Fort, Dhobi Talao, Market, Nagpada, etc., also considered. Box No. 1353, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
D R3113

MACHINERY, TOOLS ETC.

FOR SALE—MACHINERY—Lathes 10in. by 10 feet, 10in. by 16 feet, 9in. by 8½ feet; 5/8in. Punching and Shearing; 1½ No. Disintrigator; Stones Polishing Machine; 4in. and 3in. Suction Cameron Donkey Pumps, 10, 15, 20 B.H.P. Crossley Crude Engines, all second-hand as new overhauled. Prices moderate. M. H. DINSHAW & CO., Apollo Street, Bombay. Inquiries solicited for any kind of new and second-hand machinery.
E

MATRIMONIAL.

WANTED—An educated, well cultured and beautiful girl of a noble family, for a young handsome and healthy youth of a vegetarian Brahmin family, aged 27 years. The boy is a great poet, writer and a scholar and well settled in life with an income of Rs. 1,000 a month. The girl should be able to help him in his literary work. Photos can be exchanged in confidence. Please correspond with:—G. S. BHARGAVA, F.I.A.A. (London), F.C.I. (Birmingham), Certified Auditor and Accountant for British India, "Phul Niwas," AJMER.
R3129

FOR SALE AND WANTED.

TYPEWRITERS.—New Fox Standard Typewriters, Rs. 230 only. Original price Rs. 450. Few left. Unique opportunity to secure a high grade standard typewriter at this low price. Corona Four (Four bank keyboard) Rs. 225. Corona improved model Rs. 195. Factory Rebuilt Remingtons 10 and 11 and Oliver No. 9 at exceptionally low prices. Secondhand Typewriters from Rs. 80 and upwards. Typewriter supplies. Repairs to all makes. A visit will pay you. THE GLOBE TYPEWRITING CO., Churchgate St. Fort, Bombay. Estd. 1908.
W

TYPEWRITERS FOR SALE.—New Yost No. 20, Foolscap or Brief Size, Rs. 200; Oliver 3, Rs. 60, Brief 70, Empire 1, Rs. 75. Remington 10, Rs. 125 to 200, Brief Rs. 140 to 200; Gujerati Rem. 120, Mahrati 125, Visible, Rs. 190; Corona 3, Rs. 85 to 125. Rem. Portable, Rs. 145; Corona, Improved, New, 195. Corona Four, Rs. 225; NICOLLS & COMPANY, Typewriter Experts, opposite Petit Institute, Hornby Road, Bombay, Telephone No. 21325.
N

PHOTOGRAPHY

PHOTOGRAPHS.

Photographs of general interest are invited from readers from all parts of India for publication in "The Chronicle." Preference will be given to topical photographs on subjects of political, general, engineering, scientific or other interest. Accepted photographs will be paid for on publication, at usual rates.

The Editor undertakes no responsibility for the return of unaccepted photographs, but every endeavour will be made to return rejected photographs, accompanied by stamped addressed envelopes. All photographs must be sent to the

EDITOR,
Bombay Chronicle
Bridows Street, Fort, Bombay.

EDUCATIONAL.

THE KALKADEVI SHORT-HAND AND TYPEWRITING INSTITUTION. Established 1892. The most oldest and successful Institution of nearly 28 years. Recognised by the Director of public Instruction. Testimonials from Member of Parliament and other Europeans, etc., etc. Bonafied Press and other opinions. Shorthand, Typewriting, special Shorthand Speed Classes, Book-Keeping and Accountancy, and all other Commercial Subjects—Tuition imparted by long experienced, certified and efficient Teachers. Excellent Results every year. Special arrangement for ladies. —Managing Proprietor GOPALDAS LALDAS, Princess Street Corner, Kalbadevi Road, BOMBAY.

FOR rapid and thorough training in Shorthand and Typewriting, join immediately the POPULAR SHORTHAND AND TYPEWRITING INSTITUTION, Darya Mahal, Opp. Thakkar Bros., Kalkadevi Road, Bombay. Managing Proprietor B. B. RELE, B.A., LL.B., (late Manager and Instructor of the Kalkadevi Shorthand and Typewriting Institution) Concession to the poor and the unemployed. Special arrangements for ladies.
M

MATRICULATION ENGLISH. Taught by Post. Particulars from Post Box 20, Poona Cantonment.
R3091

SHORTHAND

Learn this wonderful system at your own home by POST. Only 12 Easy Lessons. Latest Speed Record 309 Words in one minute. English Degrees and Diplomas are awarded. SLAON-DUPLOYAN Shorthand books always in stock. Full particulars free from the Sole Headquarters in India:—THE INDIAN CORRESPONDENCE COLLEGE, BATALA (Punjab

TRADE ANNOUNCEMENTS

N. B. PAGDIWALA—All kinds of Felt Hat, Parsi Pheta, Elwood Hat, Repairer and Seller. New Charni Road, Rashid Building, Bombay.
T R3120

OFFERS ARE INVITED for the purchase of about 25 D.C. ELECTRIC FANS. Apply to ASOKA SWADESHI STORES.
T 26546

MANUFACTURERS AND IMPORTERS A local firm specialized in advertising and marketting merchandise with extensive sales organization offer their services to any firm of manufacturers or importers of household necessities free of charge. Results guaranteed. Communicate, Post Box 666, Bombay.
T R3123

ONE STEAM LAUNCH, plying between Cutch Mandi and Jamnagar, Gross Tonnage 60 tons, Length 110 feet, breadth 23 feet, height 7½ feet, Speed 10 miles an hour, Double Deck, recently overhauled, for further particulars please apply to L. P. ADVANI, Post Box 242, Karachi.
T R3119

HOTELS.

HOTEL on Lease or Sale in Satara Camp includes Bar licence. A rare chance for retiring gentleman. Easiest terms offered. Write to Box 1356, Advt. Dept., "Bombay Chronicle."
H R3121

FRUITS FLOWERS SEEDS

KULU APPLES AND PEARS.—Beautiful Apples and Pears from the late Colonel Rennick's Orchards. This fruit is renowned and is of the very best. 9 lb. basket for Rs. 5/8, postage included. Apply MANAGER, Hall Estate, Naggar (Kulu).
26522

PUBLIC NOTICES

GOVERNMENT ANNOUNCEMENTS, Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

Per Column Inch per Insertion.

1st Insertion .... Rs. 7-8-0
2nd Insertion .... Rs. 5-8-0
3rd Insertion .... Rs. 4-8-0
4th and Subsequent Insertions .... Rs. 3-8-0

Mofussil advertisers are requested to send remittance in advance and state clearly, whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the classified short advertisement columns.

NOTICE.

SETH GORDHANDAS SUNDERDAS MEDICAL COLLEGE, PAREL, BOMBAY.

THE SETH GORDHANDAS SUNDERDAS MEDICAL COLLEGE will open for the Monsoon Term on 4th June, 1926, after the Summer Vacation, and the first year classes for the Inter-M.B., B.S., courses and the third year M.B., B.S., classes will begin from the same date

Candidates, who have passed the Inter-Science Examination WHOLLY in the Medical Group of Physics, Chemistry and Biology, of the Bombay University or an equivalent examination of other recognised Universities are eligible for admission for the first year classes in which there will be 60 vacancies only There will be 30 vacancies for students, who have recently passed the Inter-M.B., B.S., Examination of the Bombay University, for the third year M.B., B.S, classes

Candidates are, therefore, requested to send in their applications for admission on or before the 15th May, 1926. The Application Forms can be obtained at the Dean's Office, during office hours or can be sent for by post, provided a duly stamped envelope, bearing the student's address, is enclosed. All applications must accompany the University Examination Certificate (which will be returned) and should be addressed to the Dean and handed over personally or sent by Registered Post.

For students joining the 1st year classes, the admission fee will be Rs 25/ and the term fee of Rs. 67. Students, joining the third year M.B., B.S classes, will have to pay term fee of Rs. 67 for the College and of Rs. 16 for Hospital practice. All fees will have to be paid on the day of admission.

JIVRAJ N. MEHTA,
Dean.
26534

PUBLIC NOTICES

B B and C. I. RAILWAY

NOTICE.

FIRST AND SECOND CLASS RETURN COUPON TICKETS FOR HILL STATIONS.

On and from 10th May, 1926, 1st and 2nd Class Return Coupon Tickets will be issued at 1½ fares from any station on this Railway distance over 250 miles to:—

Abu Road, (For Mount Abu).

Havelian, Rawalpindi, For Murree and Kashmir.

Pathankot, For Dalhousie and Kangra Valley.

Dharampore
Solon
Kandaghat
Jutogh
Simla and Summer Hill
On the Kalka Simla Railway.

The return journey coupons will be available for completion of the return journey upto end of October, 1926.

Full particulars may be had on application to the STATION MASTER or to the General Traffic Manager's Office.

E. TREVOR ROBINSON,
General Traffic Manager.
Bombay, 4th May, 1926. C26552

TENDERS.

FOREST SALES

DHARAMPUR (Surat.)

THE UNDERSIGNED will receive tenders on 3rd June, 1926, for about 33 Coupes in the Dharampur State Forests containing good teak, Tanas (Tinas), Shisham, Khair and other species.

Tenders will also be received on the same date for all Bamboos in the State Forests.

Intending purchasers are invited to be present on the above date and will be provided with conveyance from Bulsar Station (B. B. & C. I. Railway) and also with accommodation at Dharampur.

All further details may be obtainable on application to the undersigned or to the State Forest Officer.

(Sd.) A. J. MODY,
Dewan,
Dharampur State.
C26380

NOTICE.

TENDERS ARE INVITED for the supply of the undernoted Textile stores to this Jail.

Tenders must reach the undersigned not later than 15th May, 1926. Tenderers are at liberty to be present or to send a representative to be present at the opening of tenders at Central Jail Office Buxar at 9 a.m. on the 17th May, 1926.

Tenders must be submitted in sealed covers and superscribed "Tender for textile goods." Samples of cloth in accordance with which the supplies are to be made should be enclosed with the tender. Samples can also be obtained on an application to the undersigned.

The final acceptance of tenders rests with the Inspector General of Prisons, Bihar and Orissa, and the rates offered should therefore be kept open till the 25/5/26. The successful tenderers will be required to furnish security to the extent of 10 per cent. of the total value of stores accepted as a guarantee for the due fulfilment of the contract.

The Superintendent does not pledge himself to accept the lowest or any tender and reserves to himself the right of accepting the whole or any part of tender as he may think fit.

1. Khaki Drill shade No. 1, 4,000 yards.
2. Khaki Drill shade No. 2, 12,000 yards.
3. Khaki Cambric shade No. 2 36" wide each piece should be in multiples of 7 yards, 18,900 yards.
4. Blue Drill 28" wide, 78,000 yards.
5. Blue markin 36" wide, each piece should be in multiples of 6 yards, 822,000 yards.
6. Red cloth 36" wide, each piece should be in multiples of 7 yards, 700 yards.
7. Nainsookh cloth 40" wide, 65,000 yards
8. Leemann's Khaki Drill, Wigan shade 1, 35,000 yards.
9. Khaki Cambric 34" to 36" wide, Wigan shade 1, in multiples of 7 yards, 15,000 yards.
10. Red Sales 34" wide, in multiples of 7 yards, 60,000 yards.

Sd.—
Rai Sahib,
Superintendent.
Buxar Central Jail.
The 24th April, 1926.
C26549

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES

CONSIGNEES OF CARGO per Nippon Yusen Kaisha's S. S. "TAMBA MARU" are hereby informed of the steamer's arrival on the 4th May, 1926, from Japan via Shanghai, Hongkong, Singapore, Penang and Colombo and requested to send in their Bills of Lading to this Office for counter-signature without delay. No survey will be held on cargo damaged or in doubtful condition unless a written application for such survey is received by the undersigned within seven days from the date of discharge. Capt. J. C. Richards of Messrs. Ericson and Richards, Company's Surveyors, will be attending Docks every morning to survey damages. Cargo removed from the Landing shed or warehoused is not entitled to the survey. The survey will be held on bag Cargo in single gunnies. The Bills for CLAIMS are to be sent into this Office within one month from the date of steamer's arrival otherwise they will not be entertained.

MANAGER,
Nippon Yusen Kaisha.

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that MULLA MAHOMEDALLY SHAIKH SHARAFALLY, of Bombay, Bora Inhabitant has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client.

All persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance, easement or otherwise, howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at No. 46, Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of Pension and Tax land or ground with the messuage, tenement or dwelling house standing thereon, situate, lying and being on the East side of Girgaon or Breach Candy Road in the Registration Sub-district of Bombay, in the Island of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 1106.14 square yards or thereabouts and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 18, New No. 97, Old Survey No. 429 and New Survey No. 7625 and Cadastral Survey No. 306 of Girgaon Division and in the Books of the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under D Ward Nos. 252, 253 and 254 and Street Nos 529-33-35-37-39-43 and bounded as follows that is to say, on or towards the East by the Oart of Gajanan Bhimrao, on or towards the West by Girgaum Breach Candy Road aforesaid, on or towards the North by the property of Mulchand Pathare and on or towards the South by the property of the said Gajanan Bhimrao.

Dated this 4th day of May, 1926.

SMETHAM BYRNE & LAMBERT.
C26550 Purchaser's Attorneys.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY & INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

GEORGE V. by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for Probate of the last Will and Testament limited to the property mentioned in the Will and for Letters of Administration of the rest of the property and credits of SHARAFALLY DAWOODBHAI DAMANWALLA, a widower, late of Bombay, Bohra Mahomedan Inhabitant, landlord, residing at Nagdevi Street, without the Fort of Bombay ..... Deceased.

TYEBALLY DAWOODBHAI DAMANWALLA, also of Bombay, Bohra Mahomedan Inhabitant, a Merchant, brother and sole executor mentioned in the Will of the deceased, residing at Parsi Gully, Mandvi, without the Fort of Bombay ..... Petitioner.

All persons claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the above-named deceased are hereby cited to come and see the proceedings, if they think fit, before the Grant of Probate.

Witness Sir NORMAN CRANSTOUN MACLEOD, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid this sixteenth day of April in the year of our Lord One Thousand Nine Hundred and twenty-six and in the sixteenth year of our Reign.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

P. B. MALABARI,
Registrar.
R. B. PATEL.

The 16th day of April, 1926.
Messrs. HASAN AND CO.,
Petitioner's Attorneys.
C26553

LEGAL NOTICES.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

Suit No. 109 of 1926.
SHORT CAUSE.

Plaint presented and filed 13th day of January, 1926.

SUMMONS to answer Plaint under Section 27 O.V. rr. 1, 5, 7, and 8 and O' VIII. r. 9 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

Messrs. TOKERSEY JIVRAJ, a firm, carrying on business at Parel, outside the Fort of Bombay. ..... Plaintiffs.

Vs.

(1) SHANKER BABAJI HANDE, (2) KONDAJI DEVRAJ HANDE, (3) AMBADAS MARTAND BARBHE and (4) DATTATRIA MAHADEV DESAI, all of Bombay, Hindu Inhabitants, carrying on business as fruit sellers at Crawford Market in Bombay in the name of Shanker Kondaji and Co. ... Defendants.

GEORGE V, by the grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King Defender of the faith, Emperor of India, Greeting: WHEREAS the above named Plaintiffs have filed a plaint in this Court against you the abovenamed Defendant whereof the following is a concise statement, viz:

The Plaintiffs claim from the Defendants Rupees 3,000 with interest and costs of the suit you are hereby summoned to appear in this court on the 15th day of June, 1926, at quarter past eleven o'clock standard time in the forenoon, in person or by an Advocate duly instructed by an attorney of this Court and able to answer all material questions relating to the suit, or who shall be accompanied by some other person able to answer all such questions to the abovenamed Plaintiffs and as the day fixed for your appearance is appointed for the final disposal of the suit, you must produce all your witnesses on that day and you are hereby required to take notice that in default of your appearance on the day before mentioned, the suit will be heard and determined in your absence: and you will bring with you (or send by your Attorney) any document in your possession or power containing evidence relating to the merits of the Plaintiffs' case or upon which you intend to rely in support of your case.

Witness Sir NORMAN CRANSTOUN MACLEOD, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid, this 20th day of January, 1926.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

E. J. DAVAR,
for Prothonotary.
E. J. DAVAR,

The 20th day of January, 1926.
Messrs. ARDESIR HORMUSJI DINSHAW & CO.,
Plaintiffs' Attorneys.
C26551

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

GEORGE V by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for Letters of Administration of the Property and Credits of MADHAVJI TRICUMDAS, a widower, late of Bombay, Bhatia Hindu Inhabitant, a Clerk in the employ of the Jamnadas Nursey Ginning and Pressing Co. Ltd. ..... Deceased.

(1) HANSRAJ PREMJI SHROFF and (2) WAGHJI PREMJI SHROFF, both of Bombay, Bhatia Hindu Inhabitants, residing at Mangesh Senoi Street, within the Fort, the paternal cousins of the deceased abovenamed ..... Petitioners.

All persons claiming to have any interest in the Estate of the above-named deceased are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings, if they think fit, before the Grant of Letters of Administration.

Witness Sir NORMAN CRANSTOUN MACLEOD, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid this twenty-third day of April in the year of our Lord One thousand nine hundred and twenty-six and in the sixteenth year of our Reign.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

P. B. MALABARI
Registrar.
R. B. PATEL.

The 23rd day of April, 1926.
Messrs. MADHAVJI AND CO.,
Petitioners' Attorneys.
C26547

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 11 April, 2017

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE.

OTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. HAROON TARMAHOMED, of Bom- Kutchi Memon Mahomedan Inhabitant, agreed to sell the undermentioned pro- y. All persons having any claim to or the said property by way of mort-, inheritance, lease, sale, gift, lien or rwise howsoever, are required to make same known in writing to the under- d at their Office at Esplanade Road in , Bombay, within fourteen days from date hereof, otherwise the same, if will be considered to have been waived the purchase will be completed with- regard thereto.

ESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

IRSTLY.—All that piece or parcel of ndari land or ground with the messu- tenement or dwelling house, hereditа- s and premises built and standing on, situate, lying and being in Maho- Hussein Kambekar Street, without Fort of Bombay, in the Registration istrict of Bombay, containing by ad- ent 322 square yards or there- s being a portion of a larger piece nd, bearing New Survey No. 1323 and tral Survey No. 1141 of the Mandvi ion and assessed by the Assessor and tor of Municipal Rates and Taxes B Ward No. 1006, Street Nos. 21-25 ounded as follows: that is to say, on rds the East by a Sweeper's passage, towards the West by the said Kam- Street, on or towards the North by roperty described in the second sche- hereunder written, and on or towards outh by the property of Ahmed Ca-

ONDLY:—All that piece or parcel of Fazandari land or ground situate, and being at Mahomed Husein Kam- Street, without the Fort of Bombay, e Registration Sub-District of Bom- containing by admeasurement 107 and quare yards or thereabouts, being a n of a larger piece of land bearing Survey No. 1325 and Cadastral Sur- No. 1141 of the Mandvi Division and ed by the Assessor and Collector of ipal Rates and Taxes under B Ward 007 and Street No. 25 and bounded lows: that is to say, on or towards ast by the Sweeper's passage, on or ls the West by the said Kambekar , on or towards the North by the ty of Haji Abdul Noor Mahomed, n towards the South by the pro- comprised in the first Schedule above n. Out of the said pieces of land 20 square yards have been acquired Municipality.

d this 3rd day of May, 1926.

PAYNE & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.

C26515

E HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

STAMENTARY & INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

RGE V, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain reland, and of the British Dominions, the Seas, King, Defender of the Emperor of India.

on for Letters of Administra- of the Property and Credits AMCHAND TRIBHOWAN- DOSHI, late of Bombay, Jain du Inhabitant, doing business roker in Castor Seeds and re- g at Champagully, without the of Bombay ..... Deceased.

NILAL TRIBHOWANDAS SHI, of Bombay, Jain Hindu habitant, a Merchant, residing Champa Gully, without the of Bombay ..... Petitioner.

persons claiming to have any inter- in the Estate of the abovenamed sed are hereby cited to come and see proceedings, if they think fit, before rant of Letters of Administration.

ness Sir NORMAN CRANSTOUN EOD, Knight, Chief Justice at Bom- foresaid this twenty-seventh day of in the year of our Lord One nd nine hundred and twenty-six the Sixteenth year of our Reign.

of the h Court Bombay.

(Sd.) P. B. MALABARI
Registrar.

(Sd.) R. B. PATEL,

27th day of April, 1926.

Messrs. WIN & CO.,
Petitioner's Attorneys.

C26548

VE YOUR INCOME-TAX
by CONSULTING
PAREKH & Co.
orporated Certified Accountants,
Accountants, Auditors, Income Ta and Super-Tax Experts.
Offices:—
P. Baria Building, Pydhony Bombay.
Jaya Building, Mandvi, near Centr Bank of India, Ltd.

AUCTION SALES.

MENESSE & CO.
AUCTIONEERS.
GREAT WESTERN BUILDING, APOLLO STREET.

AUCTION SALE OF SCRAP IRON; OLD PIPES WIRE ROPE; REAVALL BLOWER; STEEL BARGE; CANVAS-HAMMOCKS; CARGO WOODEN BOATS; OLD CANVAS AND SECTION HOSE; OLD-LINEN; MANILLA ROPE; EMPTY STEEL BARRELS, OIL CASKS, DRUMS, TINS; CASES, CHAIN ETC.

Messrs. MENESSE & CO., will sell by Public Auction on TUESDAY, the 11th May, 1926, at 2-30 p.m. at the P. & O. Deckyard, Mazagon the abovementioned goods.

AUCTION SA OF BUILDING MATERIALS.

Under instru ns from the Bombay Improvement Trust, Messrs. MENESSE & CO., will sell by Public Auction on SATURDAY, the 8th May, 1926, at 9 a.m. (S.T.) at the premises the materials for removal of the following buildings:—

Building Street Nos. 265-267: Case No. 185 St. Nos. 259-263, Case No. 186: Case No. 188 Memonwada Road.

Building Street Nos. 142-144 Case No. 192 Mazid Bunder Road (Memonwada).

Building Case No. 31 Khandia Mohoja.

MENESSE & CO.

CRAWFORD & CO.
AUCTIONEERS.

AUCTION SALE OF THE VALUABLE IMMOVEABLE PROPERTIES AT BANDRA.

Under instructions from Messrs. Shamrao Minocheher and Hiralal, Attorneys for the Contributory Mortgagees Messrs. Bejonji Sorabji Vakil and Madhavrao Shivshanker and on account and at the risk of Mr. Abdul Kayum Abdul Housein Pitalwalla pursuant to the power of sale reserved to the said Contributory Mortgagees under an Indenture of Contributory Mortgage dated the 28th March, 1925, and made between Mr. Abdul Kayum Abdul Housein Pitalwalla of the first part, Mr. Bejonji Sorabji Vakil of the 2nd part and Mr. Madhavrao Shivshanker of the third part and subject to an Indenture of first mortgage, dated the 23rd February, 1925, and made between Mr. Abdul Kayum Abdul Housein Pitalwalla of the one part and Mr. Tarmahomed Rowji and his wife Bai Fatmabai of the other part, Messrs. CRAWFORD & CO., Auctioneers, will sell by public on SUNDAY, the 23rd May, 1926, the properties firstly and secondly described at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) and the property thirdly described at 5-30 p.m. (S.T.) on the premises.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTIES.
SALE AT 4-30 P. M. (S.T.)

FIRSTLY:—ALL that moiety of a piece or parcel of land or ground, situate at Bandra, Taluka Salsette, [illegible] Suburban, District Salsette, in [illegible] Registration Sub-District of Bandra, containing by admeasurement 830 square yards or thereabouts bering Survey No. 235, Pot Nos. part of 2 and 4, Entry Nos. 1607 and 1610 and bounded as follows that is to say, on or towards the East partly by the Tata Blocks and partly by the property of Hassanalli Cassam Pirmahomed on or towards the West by the Turner Road and on or towards the North by the Tata Blocks and on or towards the South by the property of the Bandra Municipality.

SECONDLY.—ALL that piece or parcel of land of ground together with the trees timber, etc. standing thereon situate, lying and being at Bandra on the Junction of Good Bunder Road and Turner Road in the Registration Sub-District of Bandra, Bombay Suburban Division and bearing Entry No. 268, Survey No. 60, Pot No. 1, and assessed at Rs. 1-8 and admeasuring 716 square yards or thereabouts and bounded as follows:—that is to say, on or towards the East by Ghodbunder Road, on or towards the North and West by the property of Ignatius De Monte and on or towards the South by the Turner Road.

SALE AT 5-30 P.M. (S.T.)

THIRDLY—ALL that piece or parcel of land or ground situate, lying and being at Bandra Takhadi Chapel Road, Taluka Salsette, Bombay Suburban District in the Registration Sub-District Bandra, containing by admeasurement 965 square yards or thereabouts bearing Survey No. 236, Pot No. 1, Entry No. 754 and bounded as follows that is to say, on or towards the East by Survey No. 236, Pot No. 1 and beyond that by the land of Motiwala West by the land of Mr. J. D. Wadi bearing Survey No. 256, Pot No. 1, North by the property of Ales Dis and South by the property of Shaparji Dinshawji Dalas.

Private offers will be received.

For further particulars and conditions of sale please apply to Messrs. Shamrao Minocheher and Hiralal, Attorneys for the contributory mortgagees, at their office at 9½, Ash Lane Fort, or to the undersigned.

CRAWFORD & CO.,
Auctioneers.

AUCTION SALES.

BENNETT & CO.
120, Apollo Street, Fort

AUCTION SALE OF VERY VALUABLE AND RARE COLLECTION OF OLD CHINA, DRESSEDENWARE, PORCELAINWARE, BRONZE AND BRASSWARE, SATSUNNA IMARI AND ZADE ORNAMENTS, ETC., ETC.

Messrs. BENNETT & CO., are instructed to sell by Public Auction at their rooms at No. 120, Apollo Street, Fort, on SATURDAY, the 8th day of May, 1926, at 2-30 p.m. (S. T.) consisting of very valuable and rare old chinaware, such as vases, jars, etc., dresseden figures and vases, old English vases, bronze figures, bronze clocks under glass dome, ivory figures, satsunna and imari vases and wall plates, fancy clocks, zade ornaments, ivory figures, ivory Parian figures, electric lamps, cut glassware, marble pillars and figures, Canton and blue china vases and jars, old brass and copper vases and plates etc., etc.

The above is now on view.

AUCTION SALE OF 507 BALES AND 52 PORAS OF SUPERIOR SELECTED LONG STAPLED COTTON (DAMAGED BY WATER.)

Under instructions from Messrs. Osaka Shosen Kaisha (The Osaka Mercantile Steam Ship Co. Ltd.) Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will on FRIDAY the 7th May 1926, at 4.30 p.m. (S.T.) sell by Public Auction at the open space, near Oil Tanks, Wadi Bunder, on account of the concerned:—

Ex. S. S. "Indo Maru."

507 bales and 52 boras of superior selected long stapled cotton (damaged by water.).

The above will be sold in lots of 50 bales each.

A deposit of 25 per cent will be required at the time of sale.

BENNETT & CO.

AMUSEMENTS.

GLOBE CINEMA SANDHURST ROAD.
TO-NIGHT
WONDERFUL ILLUSIONARY EFFECTS
in
NALA and DAMAYANTI
Swan Messengers of Love.
The Majic fire—Nala's Transformation into Bahuk.
The Gorgeous Swayamvara of Damayanti.
The Splendour of the Bridal Garlanding.
DO NOT MISS.
NEXT WEEK TO THRILL YOU
THE MYSTERY BOX
The Greatest Mystery serial ever presented.

Under the kind patronage of
H. H. the Maharaja Gaekwad of Baroda,
GANDHARV NATAK MANDALI
Will stage
AT THE RIPON THEATRE
GRANT ROAD, BOMBAY
ON
WEDNESDAY, 5th May, at 8-30 P. M.
MUK-NAYAK
RATES AS USUAL.

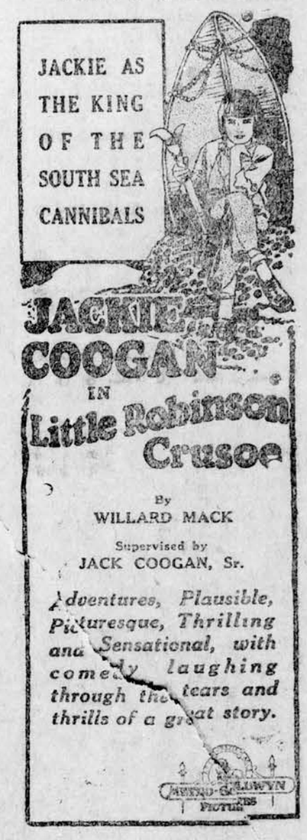
IMPERIAL
CINEMA, LAMINGTON ROAD
cont'nues
FOR ONE WEEK MORE
Kohinoor's Latest Photo-play
MENA - KUMARI
featuring
Miss GOHAR and Mr. RAJA (Sandow
DAILY FOUR SHOWS:—
at 5, 7, 9 and 11 p.m
EXTRA SHOWS
On Sat. and Sun. at 3 P. M.

MADRAS HOMEO COLLEGE
(Registered by Govt.)
CONJEEVERAM.
L. M. S., M. P. and M. D. Titles in Homeopathy or Biochemistry etc., taught by correspondence. Shortest course. Bright prospects. High class Diplomas granted. For Prospectus apply with red stamp to Dr. C. V. Gopaul Rao, H. M. D., Ph. D., Sc., &c. Principal of the college.

AMUSEMENTS.

SEE
"THE GOLD DIGGERS"
Nine Reels
A screen version of the big Belasco and Broadway sensation
WITH
Hope Hampton, Louise Fazenda and Windham Standing.
A gold digger is a young woman, generally good looking, who painlessly extracts money and other valuables from the gentlemen of her acquaintance, usually without making them adequate return.
—*Avery Hopwood.*
WARNER BROTHERS CLASSIC OF THE SCREEN.
Pathe Super Gazette
Twice the length of the ordinary gazette and containing the latest news in pictures.
TIME—: 6-30 & 10 P.M.
Patrons please note change of time.
PATHE CINEMA
ROYAL OPERA HOUSE.

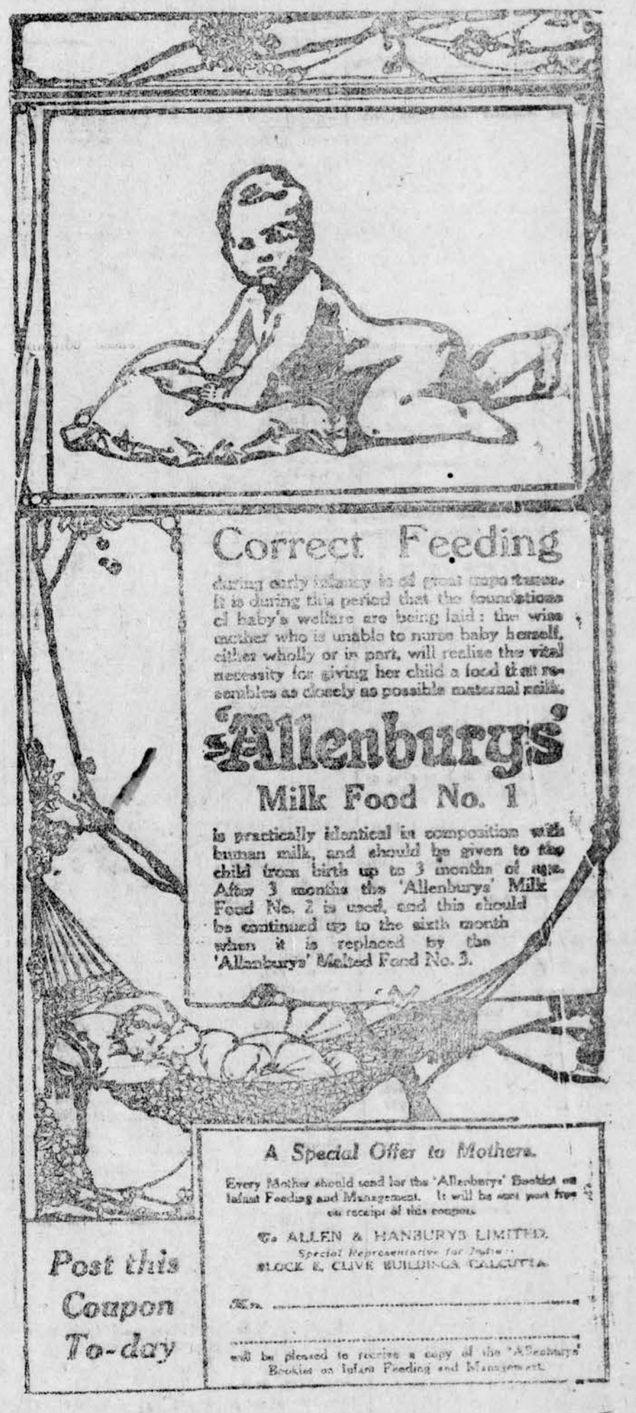
EXCELSIOR THEATRE
6-30 and 10 p.m.
FULL COMEDY PROGRAMME,
Including
HAROLD LLOYD
SNUB POLLARD.
and the world's leading Laughter Merchants

EMPIRE THEATRE
6-30, 8-15 & 10 P. M.

JACKIE AS THE KING OF THE SOUTH SEA CANNIBALS
JACKIE COOGAN
IN
Little Robinson Crusoe
By
WILLARD MACK
Supervised by
JACK COOGAN, Sr.
Adventures, Plausible, Picturesque, Thrilling and Sensational, with comedy laughing through the tears and thrills of a great story.

EMPRESS THEATRE
6-30, 8-15 & 10 P. M.
The Sensation of the Screen
BUCK JONES
IN
THE SQUARE SHOOTER
A Tale of the Land when the best man wins

INDIA'S OWN MASTERPIECE
Appreciated by THEIR MAJESTIES
GREAT EASTERN CORPORATION'S CHAPTER PLAY
LIGHT of ASIA
featuring: Miss SITADEVI
SECOND WEEK, OWING TO GREAT RUSH.
KRISHNA CINEMA
DUBASH THEATRE : : : : New Charni Road.

UNDER THE KIND PATRONAGE OF H. H. THE MAHARAJA GAEKWAD OF BARODA
GANDHARV NATAK MANDALI
Will open
The First Performance of their NEW DRAMA!
"MENAKA"
By Mr. K. P. KHADILKER (Editor, Navakal)
on THURSDAY, 13th May 1926 at 3-15 P.M. (S.T.)
AT
RIPON THEATRE. GRANT ROAD,
Tickets can be had at the Elphinstone Theatre daily from 8 to 11 in the Morning.
Book Your Seats Immediately!


Correct Feeding
during early infancy in all great major issues. It is during this period that the foundations of baby's welfare are being laid: the wise mother who is unable to nurse baby herself, either wholly or in part, will realise the vital necessity for giving her child a food that resembles as closely as possible maternal milk.
Allenburys
Milk Food No. 1
is practically identical in composition with human milk, and should be given to the child from birth up to 3 months of age. After 3 months the 'Allenburys' Milk Food No. 2 is used, and this should be continued up to the sixth month when it is replaced by the 'Allenburys' Malted Food No. 3.
A Special Offer to Mothers.
Every Mother should send for the 'Allenburys' Booklet on Infant Feeding and Management. It will be sent post free on receipt of this coupon.
To ALLEN & HANBURYS LIMITED,
Special Representative for India,
BLOCK E, CLIVE BUILDINGS, CALCUTTA.
Post this Coupon To-day
will be pleased to receive a copy of the 'Allenburys' Booklet on Infant Feeding and Management.

BLACK HAIR-DYE.
It turns grey hair in 2 minutes of application into Black. No dye is like it and none will give you such satisfaction. R. U. Secretary of H. H. Nizam's Government writes from Hyderabad: "We used many hair-dyes, Indian and English but found yours the best of all. Re. 1 As. 4 for 1 box; Rs. 3 As. 4 for 3 boxes. Postage extra. Dr. Bhaishankar J. Vaid, Shop No. 55 (3) Khadewadi, Bombay No. 4.

CLUBWALLA & Co. [illegible] FORT BOMBAY
[illegible] CHEAPEST HOUSE FOR MACHINERY, TOOLS, ENGINEERING & SANITARY WARE, LADDERS, ETC.

BOMBAY COTTON MARKET

BOMBAY MARKET.

COTTON.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

Bombay, May 4.

A drop of 3 points in old crop and 4 to points in new crop in New York futures has been reported to-day. The market declined owing to labour troubles. Liverpotol has been reported 4 to 11 points up. The advance was due to some short covering owing to reports of rains in Texas.

Messrs. Drennan and Co. have received the following cable dated 3rd inst. from their Liverpool friends Messrs. J. H. Springman and Co.:—

"Market opened depressed in consequence of labour troubles. Decline seems to have been checked by rains reported in some sections in Western Texas. Market is very sensitive."

Report of Messrs. Thomas Smith and Co. Agents Messrs. M. & B. Stern:—

The latest reports to hand indicate more favourable weather for the New Crop and if this continues it will no doubt cause prices to ease off somewhat further.

In addition to the "Coal" stike, there is now a "general" strike. The Railway workers are now "out," and it is likely others will follow. The stike looks likely lasting some time. In this case the "Export" trade, as well as the "internal" trade of England will become seriously hampered and ships will be unable to obtain coal. We are of the belief that lower prices will yet be seen.

Messrs. Breul and Co. have received the following cable dated 3rd inst. (4-30 p.m.. from their Liverpool friends Messrs. Reynolds and Gibson:—

"Market entirely under influence of labour disputes, otherwise appears likely to advance owing to indifferent weather in South."

Messrs. Umrigar and Vesugars' New York friends Messrs. A. Norden and Co. cable under date 3rd inst. as under:—

"Less favourable weather effect by British troubles."

Messrs. Breul and Co.'s Report:—

Though the Coal strike in Great Britain has now developed into a General strike affecting all the essential services, the Home markets display remarkable steadiness, which would seem to indicate that recent developments had already been fully discounted. The position is one which it is impossible to analyse at this distance, but we can see no reason, except possibly sentiment, why our market should be affected by events in Great Britain, in fact, should the strike be of lengthy duration and shipping be seriously interfered with, the local Mills may definite in the shape of a better demand for their manufactured goods.

Though a small decline was reported in New York futures the Marwari Bazar opened half a rupee higher with Broach April/May at Rs. 327 and advancing to Rs. 328 on Commission Houses buying closed at Rs. 327½. Broach July/August opened at Rs. 320½ and fluctuating within a rupee closed at Rs. 330½. Exporters were moderate buyers. At Cotton Green the market opened at Rs. 331 1/4 and going up to Rs. 332½ on Marwari Shroffs buying closed at Rs. 332.

Oomra May opened at Rs. 295 and improved to Rs. 296 on buying by a Japanese firm and closed at Rs., 295½. Commission Houses were moderate, sellers. Oomra July opened at Rs. 302 and advanced to Rs. 303½ on Shroffs buying and closed at Rs. 303. Bengal May and July were quoted Rs. 232 and Rs. 240 respectively.

Our market for ready cotton was quiet but steady yesterday and the demand was better.

Our market for ready and forward business will remain closed to-morrow, owing to the death of a well-known member, Seth Narandas Purshotam, J.P., of Messrs. Narandas Rajaram and Co.

COTTON GREEN CLOSING QUOTATIONS 6 P. M.

	Bombay, May 4.
Fully Good Broach April/May	329½
Fully Good Broach July/August	332
Fully Good Bengal May	236
Fully Good Bengal July	244
Fine Oomra May	297
Fine Oomra July	304½

SPOT QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, May 4.

M G Bengal; Superfine 258, Fine 243, F Good 233, Good 226.

M G Surat Superfine 405, Fine 400, F Good 390, Good 380.

M G Oomra, No. 3 Superfine 310, Fine 300, F Good 285.

M G Central Provinces No. 1 Superfine 345. Fine 335, F Good 320.

M G Central Provinces No. 2 Superfine 333, Fine 323, F Good 308.

M G Broach No. 2 Superfine 348, Fine 304, F Good 332, Good 324.

M G Punjab-American Superfine 362, Fine 352. F Good 342, Good 332.

M G Navsari Superfine 425, Fine 420, F Good 410, Good 400.

EAST INDIAN COTTON ASSOCIATION.

	Bombay, May 4.
Fully Good Broach April/May	328
Fully Good Broach July/August	331
Fully Good Bengal May	231
Fully Good Bengal July	239
Fine Oomra May	296
Fine Oomra July	303
M.G. Southerns May/June	295

BREUL & CO.'S MARKET REPORT.

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY.

In full-pressed Bales	2 Days	Since 1st September This year	Last year
Khandesh	10	2,87,929	2,82,687
Central India ..	596	3,49 941	3,14,285
Barsi and Nagar ..	300	2,02,326	1,88,141
Hyderabad-Gaorani	216	71,857	93,824
Berar	360	4,59 256	5,49,441
Central Provinces ..	1,136	2,36,619	2,50,439
Total Oomras ..	2,618	16,07,958	16,78,817
Dholera	828	2,15,414	1,73,638
N.W. Provinces ..	102	1.27.677	1.30,871
Rajputana	138	96.143	64,517
Sind-Punjab ..	412	2.74,973	3.50,957
Broach		3,08,376	3.90,482
Coompta & Dharwar	486	66,816	69,259
Westerns-Northerns	394	46,216	47,083
Coconada		1,497	1,254
Tinnevelly and Cambodia ..	2,081	13,969	15,566
Persian		3,007	3.935
American		2,814	9,649
Egyptian and African		49,379	36,013
Comilla, Burma & other sorts		2,604	3,487
Total ..	7,059	28,19,268	29,75,52 8

EXPORTS FROM BOMBAY.

In full-pressed Bales	Yesterday	1st Sept. to 29th April This year	Last year
Europe	1.256	4,21,895	4,74,785
Japan & China ..	3 500	14,00,785	13,77,55 0
Coast Ports ..		20,634	14,861
Up country by Rail.		64,963	10,512
Afloat in harbour for Europe, China and Japan ..		43,212	50,509
Total ..	4,756	19,51,499	19,23,227

READY APPROXIMATE QUOTATIONS.

	Bombay, May 4.
Bengal Superfine M G.	265/70 .....
Bengal Fine M. G	250/55 .....
Bengal F. G. M. G.	235/40 229
Sindh-Punjab Fine M G.	250 .....
Sindh-Punjab F. G. M. G	235/40 .....
Punjab-Americans FG. M G	345 .....
Wardha-Hingt. Fine MG.	340 .....
Nagpur Fine M.G.	340 .....
Yeotmal Fine M.G	325 .....
Pulgaon Fine M.G.	330 .....
Arvi Fine M.G.	330 .....
Amraoti Fine M G.	300 .....
Khamgaon-Akola Fine M.G.	295 294
Mulkapur Fine M G	280 .....
Khandesh Fine M. G.	250 .....
Khandesh F. G. M. G.	....
Broach Fine M.G.	340 .....
Broach F.G.M.G.	330 320
Muthia Fine M G.	265 .....
Muthia F G M G	255 .....
Dharwar S.G.	....
Coompta M G.	350 .....
Westerns M.G.	320 .....
Westerns H. G	....
Miraj M.G.	360 .....
Cambodia F.G. M.G.	390 .....
Navsari F.G. M.G.	....
Surat F.G. M.G.	400 .....
Kedi/Viramgaon F.G. M.G.	340 .....
Dhollera F.G. M.G.	330 .....
Kalagin F.G. M.G	....

RECEIPTS.

Bombay, May 4.

The following are the receipts of cotton produce etc. for the 48 hours ending 6 p.m on 3rd May, 1926:—

Cottin	7,905 Bales
Wheat	16,416 Cwts.
Linseed	25,154 ,,
Rape, etc.	63 ,,
Gingellyseed	106 ,,
Poppyseed	855 ,,
Groundnuts	2,801 ,,
Castorseed	9,380 ,,
Rice	2,000 ,,
Myrabollams	3,049 ,,
Cottonseed	7,640 ,,
Mowraseed	Nil
Gram	6.516 ,,
Juwar	5,839 ,,
Masur	Nil
Barley	602 ,,
Bajri	1,677 ,,
Coal	767 Tons

COTTON.

Liverpool, May 3.

Total Day's Sales at Liverpool 4,000 bales
Total Day's Sales of East Indian 20 bales
Mid. Americans Spot 9.81

New York 11 a.m.
(As known in Liverpool at closing time).

May	18.64
July	18.19
October	17.30
New York Noon Call.	
May	18.61
July	18.16
October	17.27
New Orleans 10 a.m.	
May	17.95
October	16.64

OPENING TONE AND PRICES.

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES:—

May	9.24	—.02
July	9.12	—.01
August	9.03	—.01
October	8.88	unchnged.
December	8.83	+.01
January	8.82	+.01

CLOSING PRICES.

Liverpool, May 3.

Cotton Delivery Liverpool	Mid. Uplands	G. O. C.
May	9.30	+.04
June	9.23	+.06
July	9.20	+.07
August	9.11	+.07
September	9.07	+.10
October	8.99	+.11
November	8.92	+.10
December	8.91	+.09
January	8.91	+.10
February	8.89	+.10
March	8.91	+.10
April	8.89	+.10
May	8.91	+.10

EGYPTIAN COTTON.—CLOSING PRICES.

Liverpool, May 3.

May	14.70	—.08
June	14.65	—.05
July	14.55	—.05
August	14.55	—.05
September	14.50	unchged.
October	14,45	,,
November	14.40	,,
December	14.30	,,
January	14.25	,,
February	14.25	,,
March	14.20	,,
April	14.20	,,
May	14.20	,,

ADDITIONAL QUOTATIONS.

Liverpool, May 3.

Scinde, "Good"	6.20
Scinde, "Fully Good"	6.50
Scinde, "Fine"	6.80
Bengal, "Good"	6.30
Bengal, "Fully Good"	6.60
Bengal, "Fine"	6.90
Oomra, "Good"	7.00
Oomra, "Fully Good"	7.30
Oomra, "Fine"	7.60
Broach, "Good"	7.60
Broach, "Fully Good"	8.00
Broach, "Fine"	8.40

AMERICAN MARKETS.

New York, May 3.

COTTON:—

Day's Receipts at all U. S. Ports 18,000 Bales.

Day's Exports to Great Britain 3,000 Bales.

Day's Exports to Continent 5,600 Bales.

Futures at New York:—

July	18.19	—.03
October	17.27	—.04
December	16.92	—.05
January	16.85	—.04
Spot Cotton at New York	18.95	unchgd.
Spot Cotton at New Orleans	17.89	—.13

Futures at New Orleans:—

May	17.88	—.14
October	16.60	—.10

Fair Rio Coffee (No 7 quality) 19 3/8
Demand Bills 4.85.18

AMERICAN COTTON—CLOSING PRICES.

New York, May 3.

Futures at New York.—

July	18.19	—.03
October	17.27	—.04
December	16.92	—.05
January	16.85	—.04

Liverpool, May 3.

Cotton Delivery Liverpool.	Mid. Uplands	G. O. C.
May	9.20	+.07
October	8.99	+.11
December	8.91	+.09
January	8.91	+.10

LIVERPOOL WEEKLY COTTON REPORT

London, May 3.

Total in Sight 15,347,000 Bales
Egyptian Visible Supply 365,000 Bales.
East Indian Visible Supply 1[illegible],000 Bales
American Visible Supply 3[illegible],000 Bales.
Other Visible Supply [illegible],000 Bales.
Total Sales 26,000 B[illegible],000 Bales.
East Indian Sales 6[illegible] Bales.
East Indian Stock [illegible] Bales.
East Indian For[illegible] 20,000 Bales.
East Indian Forwarded 3,200 Bales.
East Indian Imports 8,000 Bales.
American Afloat Speculation 300 Bales.
East Indian Afloat 92,000 Bales.
Total Afloat Afloat 21,000 Bales.
Takings of the World's Spinners of American Cotton 257,000 Bales.

SEEDS.

Liverpool, May 3.

Linseed Argentine (La Plata):—
£1[illegible] 5/8 May/June value.
£1[illegible] 13.9 June/July paid
£[illegible] 14.16.3 July/Aug. nominal.
Cottonseed Bombay:—
May/June sellers 7 13/16
Castorseed Bombay:—
May/June sellers 16 7/8.
Linseed, Bombay £17 3/4 May/June sellers.
Rapeseed, Ferozepore, Usual Bold, per ton £21 May/June quoted.
Rapeseed, Toria, per ton £20 5/8 May/June sellers.
Rapeseed, Brown Cawnpore, per ton £19 3/8 May/June quoted.
Tone of Rapeseed:—Quiet.
Rapeseed, Yellow Cawnpore £21 1/4 May/June sellers.

LINSEED.

London, May 3.

Linseed Calcutta Pure Basis Bags May/June sellers 16 3/4
Raw Linseed Oil Naked Spot Net June/Aug. offered 20/3
Sep./Dec. offered 30 4 1/2

SUGAR MARKET REPORT.

Bombay, May 4.

Ready prices have ruled steady to-day evidencing no change in yesterday's closing price-levels. Our forward market has also ruled steady to-day, evidencing a rise of about 2d. per cwt. in March Shipment for Java Sugar and of about a pence in July/Sept. and Oct/Dec. Shipment for Java Sugar and March Shipment for B.R.B. Beet Sugar.

The following are the closing quotations ruling the Bazar to-day:—

FINE WHITE JAVA SUGAR:—
Ready Rs. 15/6 per cwt.
Shipment March Sh. 16/10 per cwt. F.B.H.
Shipment June Sh. 15/6 per cwt F.B.H.
Shipment July-Sept. Sh. 15/1 per cwt F.B.H.
Shipment Oct.-Dec. Sh. 15/4 per cwt F.B.H.

B. R. B. BEET SUGAR:—
Ready Rs. 15/15 per cwt.
Shipment March Sh. 15/10 per cwt F.B.H.

JAVA SUGAR.

London, May 3.

Fine White Java C. & F. Calcutta July/Sep. sellers 15/3
Fine White Java C. & F. Calcutta Oct./Dec. sellers 15/6
Fine White C. & F. Calcutta Jan./Mar. sellers 15 7 1/2
Fine White Java C. & F. Bombay July/Sept. sellers 15 5 1/2
Fine White Java C. & F. Karachi July/Sep sellers 15 6 1/4

QUOTATIONS OF LOCAL MILL CLOTH

Bombay, May 4.

(Issued by the Hindustani Native Merchants' Association, Kalbadevi Road, Bombay):—

		Rs.	As.	Ps.
LONG CLOTH (Full weight) 34/40 In.—				
Standard		1	2	6
Century	,,	1	2	3
Hindustan	,,	1	2	6
Fazal (Mahal)	,,	1	3	0
Phoenix	,,	1	2	3
Pabaney (Phoolmala)	,,	1	2	3
Manekji (Patangia)	,,	1	3	9
Kaliamarden	,,	1	1	9
Daud Sahib	,,	1	1	3
LONG CLOTH (Light weight) 5202/5303:—				No.
Rachael Mill	Per lb.	1	3	0
Hindustan	,,	1	2	6
David Mills	,,	1	3	0
Apollo	,,	1	3	0
E D Sassoon	,,	0	0	0
LONG CLOTH X Quality:—				
Kohinoor Mill	,,	0	0	0
Swan Finlay	,,	1	2	0
Gold Mohor	,,	1	0	9
LONG CLOTH Satin Calender 32-42 In.—				
Textile (Hand)	,,	1	1	0
Spring (Merchant)	,,	1	1	0
Century (Bugle)	,,	1	0	9
Apollo (Pyala)	,,	1	0	6
Tata Mill (Darji)	,,	1	1	3
Sakuntala	,,	1	1	0
Sundari Brand	,,	1	1	0
DHOOTIES 7 8 9 Yards:—				
Spring (Balance)	,,	1	3	0
Jacob E D	,,	1	1	0
Century	,,	1	2	6
DHOOTIES 10 Yards:—				
Spring (Balance)	,,	1	2	0
Century	,,	1	1	6
Jacob E. D.	,,	1	0	0
1386 Tata	,,	3	3	0
CHECK GREY DRILL 1 lbs.:—				
Bombay Cotton	Per Piece	4	6	0
Jamshed	,,	4	6	0
Century	,,	4	14	0
Pearl Pabaney £5	,,	4	12	0
Hindustan No. 902	,,	5	0	0
BLEACHED CHECK:—				
Bombay United	,,			
Kasturchand	,,	6	2	0
BLACK CHECK:—				
5800 Sholapur	,,	12	0	0
Textile Mills £3 1/2	,,			
GABRUN No. 5124:—				
Pearl Pabaney	,,	9	0	0
Hindustan	,,	9	2	0
E. D. Rachael	,,	7	8	0
SALITA:—				
Century	Per lb.	1	0	6
Textile	,,	1	0	3
Spring (Merchant)	,,	1	0	9
STRIPED SADIS Yards 12:—				
777 Kohinoor	Per Piece	2	11	0
777 Crescent	,,	2	10	0
DUKDI Yards 12 13 14:—				
Kanta	Per lb.	1	5	6
Great	,,	1	5	4
Phoenix	,,	1	5	6

RUBBER.

Liverpool, May 3.

Para Up River Fine, Spot 21 1/4 June/July value.
Plantation First Latex Crepe, Spot:— 23 1/2 buyers.
24 sellers.
Tone:—Very quiet and unsettled owing to the Labour crisis.

FREIGHT OF COAL.

London, May 3.

Cardiff to Bombay. 16/6

London, May 3.

Barletta Russo 61 lbs. May/June sellers 54/9
Rosario Santa Fe 58½ lbs. May/June sellers 53/9
Australian May/June value 58/9
Choice White Karachi May/June sellers 58
Soft Red Karachi May/June value 57/3
Tone:—Firm.

AMERICAN MARKET.

A. NORDEN & CO. REPORT.

March 31.

COTTON.

The effect on sentiment of the abnormally cold temperatures and scattered rains reported during the past week from practically all parts of the belt is indicated not only by the advance of approximately 2.50 dols. a bale in price of futures but also by the fact that this advance was accomplished in the face of a formidable array of bearish factors which may be enumerated briefly as follows:

Of the present crop more than 2 1/4 million bales, including linters, have still to come into sight against 1,100,000 bales actually brought to marketing centres after this time last year. Stocks at ports and counted interior towns in the United States on March 26th were, according to New York Cotton Exchange figures, 2,928,000 bales as compared with 1,880,000 bales on the corresponding date in 1925. Exports are 450,000 bales less than at this time a year ago and the attitude of spinners, both here and abroad, has changed to such an extent since the beginning of the year that, while their takings were then 1,250,000 bales greater than during the corresponding period of last season, the comparative increase has since been reduced to less than 600,000 bales.

Opinions differ concerning the significance of the pronounced decline in the stock market, some authorities being inclined to regard it as presaging a business recession of some magnitude. If this view is correct, the domestic cotton textile industry cannot fail to be unfavourably affected but, during the past few days, there has been evidence of a better feeling in distributing circles, based on the expectation of an improvement in the demand for goods with the arrival of warmer weather. The continued downward trend of prices, however, reflects the effect of keen competition on the part of manufacturers due to the hesitancy of buyers with regard to forward commitments.

During the week the United States Bureau of Entomology issued the first of its reports on Boll Weevil tests made at 17 stations in the cotton belt. From only 5 of these stations, up to March 16th, were Weevil reported to have emerged from the cages in which they were placed last Fall, the percentage of emergence, together with comparative data for March 1925, where records are available, being as follows:

	March 16th. Per Cent. 1925	1926
College Station, Tex	0.98	0.38
Baton Rouge, La	0.26	0.34
Statesboro, Ga	0.10	—
Clemson College, S. C.	0.05	0.33
Florence, S. C.	0.01	1.22
Tallulah, La	0.002	

(one weevil emerged in Tallulah both in 1925 and 1926)

It will be seen that with the exception of College Station, emergence so far has been somewhat lighter this year than last, but the report was generally regarded as inconclusive, and was without noticeable effect on the market.

With the normal planting time in fully 90 per cent. of the cotton belt not yet reached, bullish operations on the theory that the crop will make a poor start appear to be decidedly premature. However, the psychological effect of unfavourable weather conditions, even at this period of the season, cannot be ignored particularly as widespread attention has been drawn to the fact that the present price of new crop contracts is about seven cents a pound less than at this time last year; on this account the tendency is to infer that a large crop, of which there can be no assurance for several [illegible] has already been discounted. Although doubting the advisability of forming pronounced views concerning the future course of prices, we think that the policy of buying new crops on recessions for moderate profits should result favourably.

COFFEE.

In a quiet market, influenced by pressure of cost and freight offers and by lower Brazilian exchange, prices during the past week, registered a moderate decline. A noticeable feature of the spot situation is that notwithstanding the continued poor demand, deliveries, this month, have been larger than those made last March. We feel that, as long liquidation appears to have been completed, the market is likely to respond quickly to any bullish development.

SUGAR.

Short covering and outside buying, prompted by an improvement in the European and domestic demand for raw sugar and by unconfirmed rumors of a bullish nature from Cuba, caused a sharp rally but prices reacted later on profit taking and pressure of actual. Some improvement in the refined sugar situation has occurred and, while new business is quiet, there have been liberal withdrawals on old contracts. The statistical position continues bearish but we see no reason to change our view that higher prices will be seen in the long run.

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Fluctuations in wheat during the past week were extremely irregular, reflecting nervousness both with regard to the old crop supply situation and new crop progress. There is believed to be a large outstanding short interest in May, which position, owing to the small available contract stocks and to the prevailing cash premiums in outside markets making shipments to Chicago impracticable, will probably continue to show independent strength. Advices regarding new crop conditions are generally optimistic and, in our opinion, warrant sales on bulges. Corn has developed a better undertone following a decrease in country offerings and an improved demand. Present prices are low but large interior supplies are likely to prevent any sustained advance.

THE METAL MERCHANTS' C[illegible]

Issued Rates for Brass and Copper.
Daily Quotations.

BRASS.

		Bombay, May 4.		
Brass, English	3/4	57	0	0
Brass, English	1	58	0	0
Brass, English	1¼	56	8	0
Brass, English	1½	56	8	0
Brass, English	1¾	56	8	0
Brass, English	2	56	8	0
Brass, German	3/4	56	0	0
Brass, German	2	55	8	0

COPPER.

		Bombay, May 4.		
Copper, French 3/4 to 2		56	12	0
Copper, German	3/4	58	0	0
Copper, German		59	8	0
Copper, German	1	59	8	0
Japanese Copper Bars		56	0	0
Panchteka joint		24	8	0
Copper English Bars		56	0	0
Brass Bars		40	8	
Pat Klai		68	8	
Lead Rangooni		25	0	0
Lead Country		23	0	0
Koger Brass, Metal	3/4	54	4	0
Koger Brass, Metal		1	53	8
Koger Brass Metal 1½ to 1¾		52	53	8
German Copper 1½ to 1¾ to 2		59	8	0

METALS.

London, May 3.

English best Selected Copper £60 1/4
Standard Copper G. M. B. £56 15/16
Copper Braziers £74
Yellow Metal 69
Hard Spelter 29 3/4
Corrugated Sheets £15 3/8
Tin Block £267.

BOMBAY-CHINA-JAPAN YARN MARKET

Daily Quotations

		Bombay, May 4 Per lb.	Rs.	a.	p.
Shapurji	No. 6½	0	7	0	
Finix	No. 6½	0	7	0	
Kilachand	No. 8¼	0	7	0	
David	No. 10½	0	8	0	
Shapurji	No. 10½	0	8		
Tricumdas	No. 10½	0	8		
Currimbhoy	No. 12½	0	9		
Tricumdas	No. 12½	0	9		
Kilachand	No. 14½	0	9		
Kilachand	No. 20½	0	10		
Japan	No. 20	0	10		
Japan	No. 32	1	0		
Japan	No. 40	1	2		
Japan	No. 42½	1	5		

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

Bombay, May [illegible]

3½ per cent Rupee Paper Rs. 77/10.

4 per cent Conversion Loan due 1931-36 94.

5 per cent War Loan due 1929-47 Rs. 101

5 per cent Loan due 1935 Rs 101/4.

5 per cent Loan (Tax Free) due 1933 102/10

5 per cent Loan (Tax Free) due 194[illegible] Rs. 107/15.

5 1/2 per cent War Bonds (Tax Free) 1923 Rs. 106/12.

6 per cent Bonds (Tax Free) due [illegible] Rs. 101/.

6 per cent Bonds (Tax Free) due [illegible] Rs. 102/6.

6 per cent Bonds (Tax Free) due [illegible] Rs. 106/6.

6 per cent Bonds (Tax Free) due [illegible] Rs. 106/14

6 per cent Bonds (Tax Free) due [illegible] Rs. 107/8

6 1/2 per cent B'bay Devp. Loan (Tax F[illegible] due 1935 Rs. 113/2.

4 per cent Port Trust due 1974 Rs. 86.

4 per cent Municipal due 1974 Rs 85.

4 per cent Improvement Trust due [illegible] Rs. 84.

6 per cent Bombay Municipal due 1954 [illegible] 110.

6 per cent Municipal due 1929/49 Rs. 104/[illegible]

Tone of Market:—Steady.

SHARES.

Liverpool, May 3.

Hongkong Bank £125 1/2
Chartered Bank £20.
National Bank £46.
P. and O. Bank £9.
Eastern Bank £5 3/4

ART IS ADMIRED EVERYWHER[illegible]
ARAUJO FERNANDEZ & C[illegible]
MERCHANT TAILORS
(Princess Street, Bombay.)
Have elevated, their Tailoring to an Art

TAILORS & COMPLETE OUTFITTERS
J. Dias & Bros.
173, PRINCESS ST.
BOMBAY.

Palm Beach suits complete Rs. 29/-
Silk suit complete Rs: 45/-
White office suit Rs. 12/-
Office white trousers Rs. 4/-

BOMBAY CITY AND SUBURBS.

ENGAGEMENTS.

THURSDAY, May 6.

Municipal Corporation, 3.40 p.m.

Grant College Medical Society urgent meeting at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.)

FRIDAY, May 7.

B.Sc. Exmn. Results, University Hall, 2 p.m.

SATURDAY, May 8.

The s.s. "Rajputana," leaves with the English mails at 1 p.m.

Domestic Occurrence.

DEATH.

KOTHARI— Mr. Madhavdas Luxmidas Kothari, the partner of the firm of Messrs. Purbhoodas Jeevandas, Share Brokers, died 8.30 p.m. on Tuesday, the 4th May, 1926. The uthamana ceremony will take place at his residence, 19, Mody Street, Fort, at 4.30 p.m. (B.T.).

STEAMER MOVEMENT.

The homeward P. & O. Mail Steamer "Ranpura" with the mails from Bombay of the 24th ultimo arrived at Port said at 9 p.m. on the 2nd instant and left there at 1 a.m. the following day.

INSTRUCTIONS TO PILGRIMS TO HEDJAZ.

The Haj Pilgrimage this year promises to be a big one and the daily arrivals are increasing. The last steamer will probably sail on the 23rd inst., and there is likely to be much overcrowding in Bombay by that time. The pilgrims accordingly coming late may not be able to book passages to Jeddah.

Pilgrims proceeding via. Bombay are, therefore, advised to be in Bombay at least by the 20th inst.

The rate for a return (Deck) ticket will not be less than Rs. 195 at the end of the season.

ARYAN EXCELSIOR LEAGUE.

Under the auspices of the Aryan Excelsior League a public meeting will be held to-day (Wednesday) at 8-15 a.m. (S.T.) at the Prarthana Samaj Mandir, Girgaum, to welcome the President, Rao Bahadur Sardar M. V. Kibe, Deputy Prime Minister of the Indore State, delegate and guests of the 11th Maharashtra Sahitya Sammelan. All are invited.

POSTAL NOTICE.

Mails for Lamu, Mombasa, Ibo, Chindi, Dar-es-Salaam, Zanzibar, Tanga, Quilimane, Mozambique, Beira and L. Marquis per s.s. "Karagola" will be closed at the General Post Office at 12 noon on Wednesday, the 12th inst.

Correspondence for Natal, Cape, Colony and other places in South Africa will also be forwarded by this steamer.

JOLLY SPORTS CLUB.

A condolence meeting of the Club will be held at the Venkoi Baloo Hall, 3rd Kamatipura to-day (Wednesday) at 9 p.m. (S.T.) regarding the death of its President Mr. S.R. Jilkar, Municipal Councillor.

FAREWELL TO MRS. BESANT.

Under the auspices of the Commonwealth of India League a public meeting will be held at the Sir Cowasji Jehangir Hall on Friday, the 7th inst. at 6-30 p.m. to bid a hearty farewell to Dr. Annie Besant on the eve of her departure to England. Mr. M R. Jayakar will preside and among the speakers will be Mr. N. C. Kelkar, Mr. K. Natrajan, Mr. H. P. Mody, Mr. Jamshed N. R. Mehta and Mr. Jamnadas Dwarkadas. Dr. Annie Besant will also address the meeting.

THE COMMONWEALTH CONFERENCE.

The conference will meet at 8 a.m. on Friday, the 7th inst. at the Sir Cowasji Jehangir Hall, when the proceedings will commence with the speech of Mr. N. C. Kelkar, the chairman of the Reception Committee. After his address and the president's address, resolutions will be moved by prominent leaders in support of the Commonwealth of India Bill. Delegate's tickets can be obtained from Mr. Kanji Dwarkadas, Hon. Secretary, Mongini Building, Churchgate Street, Fort.

THE BOMBAY WIDOWS' PENSION FUND LTD.,

ESTABLISHED 1876.
NO. 85, MEDOWS STREET,
Behind Currency Bank.
FUNDED CAPITAL RS. 2,64,600.

Investments in Government and Approved Securities only.

Perfect Economy in management. The supervision as to Rates, Mortality, Investigation and Valuation is entrusted to an experienced European Actuary.

The object is to make provisions for the widows of subscribers to a monthly pension from Rs. 5 to Rs. 50 without distinction of caste or creed. Rates of subscription are very moderate. 80 per cent. surrender value in case the wife pre-deceased. Twelve months' grace if occupation is lost.

25 per cent. Commission to Canvassers on First 12 months' subscription.

For details apply for a Copy of Rules to:

GAJANAND SADANAND DESAI,
Secretary and Treasurer.

GOKHALE EDUCATION SOCIETY.

AN APPEAL.

The public of Bombay are already aware of the fact that the Gokhale Education Society erected a building for their Shet Dharamsey Govindji Thackersey High School situated in Girgaum. The total cost of the building came to Rs. 1,10,000. Out of this amount Rs. 50,000 were received from Bai Mongibai and Bai Kesarbai to perpetuate the memory of their brother the late Shet Dharamsey Govindji Thackersey. Rs. 50,000 were collected by the Society from the philanthropic public of Bombay. As yet there remains unpaid a balance of Rs. 10,000.

The school building, spacious as it is, has no separate hall where all the students of the school can meet at one time. This want of a hall is very keenly felt on the occasions of annual social gatherings as well as other meetings of students. The Society holds annual competitions in Elocution in which students from all schools take part. All these functions have to be arranged outside the school premises. As this is not a very desirable state of things, the Society has now decided to erect a hall on the terrace of the present building. The cost of the hall together with its equipment is approximately estimated at Rs. 10,000. For raising this amount the Society has no other alternative but to approach the generous public of Bombay who have extended their solid support so far to the Society. A modest beginning has been already made and the Society is glad to announce that so far donations amounting to Rs. 1,000 have been received for the purpose.

The Society, therefore, most earnestly appeals to all philanthropic people to help the cause by contributing their mite. All contributions should be forwarded to the Superintendent, Shet Dharamsey Govindji Thackersey High School, Girgaum Back Road, Bombay No. 4.

BOMBAY PORT TRUST.

IMPROVED PASSENGER TRAFFIC FACILITIES.

At the meeting of the trustees of the port of Bombay held on Tuesday, approval was given to the chief Engineer's plans and estimates amounting to Rs. 16,198 in respect of the following works calculated to give the dock passengers additional facilities.

(A) Partitioning off two bays at the North end of No. 14 shed, Victoria Dock, to form a waiting room and providing suitable notice boards in English, Marathi & Gujarathi.

(B) Renewing the existing urinal North of No.14 shed, Victoria Dock and providing a latrine with septic tank containing 4 Indian seats, 2 European seats and 3 urinals for men, and one Indian and one European seat for women.

(C) Renewing the urinal at No. 15 berth Victoria Dock Harbour Wall and providing latrine with septic tank with accommodation similar to that proposed at No. 14 shed.

(D) Providing two additonal seats, one Indian and one European to the latrine at 'M' shed, Prince's Dock and making the necessary extension to the septic tank The existing urinal to be provided with a flushing pipe.

LOST HIS TRAIN FOR EVER.

How a man in an unseemly haste to board a railway train lost his life was narrated at the Coroner's Court on Tuesday when an inquest was held touching the death of Dhondi Yeshwant (40), a timekeeper in the G. I. P. Railway at Wadi Bunder.

From the evidence of Mr. L. B. Thosar, Assistant Station-master, Atagaon, it appeared that on the 1st instant the deceased wanted to go from Atagaon to Kalyan at 3 a.m., but as there was no passenger train for him till 9-15 a.m. the deceased tried to board a goods train which had arrived at Atagaon at 4.17 a.m., but fell down. After the train passed, the deceased was seen lying on the railway lines with his legs cut off. Mr. Thosar removed him to the platform and then sent to Kalyan by a mail train for treatment. The Medical Officer, Kalyan, gave him first aid and subsequently sent to Byculla infirmary where he died the same night, death being due to loss of blood and shock.

The jury returned a verdict of accidental death.

KARNATAK PROV. CONFERENCE.

MADRAS, May 3.

The fourth session of the Karnatak Provincial Conference will be held on 20th and 21st May under the presidency of Mr. S Srinivasa Iyengar, President of the Madras Swaraj Party.—A.P.

MR. TAIRSEE V. TRAMWAYS. COMPANY.

APPEAL FILED.

The Bombay Electric Supply and Tramways Company has filed an appeal against the decision of the Small Causes Court in the suit filed by Mr. Tairsee against it. In that suit Mr. Indranarayan Brijmohanlal, the judge, had held that the charge of one and a half annas from the General Post Office to Tank Bunder was illegal and had passed a decree for 2 annas and costs with Rs. 10 professional costs.

MARINE STREET FIRE.

DAMAGE AMOUNTS TO RS. 2,51,800.

Further inquiries were made regarding the damage caused by the fire in Marine-street on Sunday and the official figure is Rs. 2,51,800. The heavy damages are:—

Marine-street Building, Rs. 85,000; Indo-British Chemical Coy., Rs. 40,000; Rishbash Trading Coy., Rs. 35,000; The Genl. Insurance Co., Rs. 5,000; S. Mehta and Co., Rs. 10,000; Jaffer Rahimtulla Co., Rs. 5,000; Civil Hotel Occupants, Rs. 20,000; Custom House Rd. Bldg., Rs. 30,000; M. Powar and Co., Rs. 5,000; A. M. Sodder and Co., Rs. 5,000; Samuel Fitz, Ltd., Rs. 5,000; Properties involved were worth about Rs. 900,000.

All the above except Jaffer Rahimtulla Co., Civil Hotel Occupants and M. Powar and Co. are insured. The other damage ranges from Rs. 300 to Rs. 2,000 and are chiefly the value of furniture and papers.

The three storied building in Marine-street is completely burnt and the roof together with the floors has collapsed. But the other building is not so badly damaged.

Sankar Sakharam, one of the two firemen who were removed to the hospital on Sunday has recovered and the other Ali Bahadur who was injured by a falling plank is expected to join work soon. Mr. Fox is also better.

HINDU WOMEN AND ARTS AND CRAFTS.

DADAR EXHIBITION.

It is only a year since Mr. Maladkar opened his Art Institute and Studio at Dadar. During the short period he has been able to attract more than twenty students from Dadar and its neighbourhood, who now receive their systematic tuition from him. Mr. Maladkar's classes have been evidently popular with the educated women of the locality. And, it is, no doubt, this response that has encouraged him to organise an interesting art and crafts exhibition mainly for the benefit of Hindu women. His list of prizes is a liberal estimate of the faculties of his students and of those outside his class who have helped him with exhibits. The pieces in embroidery, the clever attempt at modelling, the considerable amount of art-crafts and painting are noticeable. The exhibitions will remain open for about a fortnight. The exhibition is located in Padhye Building a few paces west of the Dadar Station.

AN APPEAL FROM CHALISGAON.

TO THE EDITOR OF "THE CHRONICLE."

Sir,—In the interests of education, which you so heartily support, I strongly hope that you will kindly publish the following few lines in your highly esteemed journal—

"On the N. E. Line of the G. I. P. Railway, Chalisgaon, is an important Railway station. It is the gateway of both the Districts of Khandesh, being the junction station for Dhulia. Being on the border of the Nasik District Chalisgaon has a fairly cool climate. Every observant traveller must have marked the expanse of the town and its growth within the last decade. Chalisgaon can boast of six flourishing gins and a new spinning and weaving mill, with prospect of every success. Chalisgaon has fast developed in industries and with a view to its educational development, some leading gentlemen of the town, interested in education, started an A. V. School iin 1910. The school has now developed into a full high school. The Educational Department has recognised it provisionally on condition that the promoters of the school very soon have a decent building of their own for its accommodation. Many rich and philanthropic people on this side have come forward to assist the school, but their efforts are likely to fall short, owing to recent bad seasons. The promoters have, therefore, decided to approach the generous and liberal public of the Bombay Presidency, more especially the merchants of Bombay and the suburbs who are noted for their generosity, and to whose wealth Khandesh has contributed its mite. It is hoped that the public will extend its generous hand in the cause of this good and deserving institution.—Yours, etc.,

N. K. JOSHI.

Chalisgaon.

MARATHI LITERATURE

MEANS OF IMPROVEMENT.

SIRDAR KIBE AT LITERARY CONFERENCE

The eleventh session of the Marathi Sahitya Sammelan (Literary Conference) began its sittings on Monday in the Goculdas Tejpal Boarding Hall, Gowalia Tank Road, with Sardar Madhavrao V. Kibe in the chair.

There was a large number of delegates and visitors prominent amongst whom were Mrs. Kamalabai Kibe, Shrimati Anandibai Prabhu Desai, Messrs. N. C. Kelkar, Shripad Krishna Kolhatkar, Prof. Chaphekar, Prof. Potdar, Pangarkar, A. B. Kolhatkar, Waman Malhar Joshi, Babasaheb Khaparde, Mir Yakub Mahomed Hussein, B. V. Warerkar and Gunjal.

The proceedings commenced with the singing of a song of welcome specially composed for the occasion, after which Rao Bahadur D. G. Padhye and Rao Bahadur P. B. Joshi, chairman of the Reception Committee both addressed the gathering. They gave a brief survey of how the Marathi Sahitya Sammelan came into being and what it had done to advance the cause of Marathi literature. These speeches over Mr. N. C. Kelkar in a humorous speech proposed Sirdar Kibe to take the chair. Mr. S. K. Kolhatkar seconded the proposition in an equally humorous and witty speech.

PRESIDENTIAL ADDRESS.

Sirdar Kibe in the course of his presidential address referred to the loss sustained by Marathi literature in the death of Rao Bahadur Parasnis and Wasudev Vaman Khare and to the invaluable service rendered by Savarkar brothers in producing patriotic literature in Marathi.

MARATHI COMING INTO ITS OWN.

Continuing the President said that it was a matter of congratulation that last some of the Universities including the Bombay University had recognised the worth of Marathi and included it amongst the list of languages for higher studies. Marathi had now been recognised as the medium of instruction to a certain stage and this change in the angle of vision of their educationist would no doubt lead to an all round improvement and advance of Marathi literature. The principle of demand and supply is as true in literature as in economics. If instruction were given in Marathi, naturally there would have grown up books in Marathi on different topics and subjects. Books like the English-Marathi Dictionary by Ranade and the Marathi Dnankosh by Dr. Ketkar gave a lie to the criticism that Marathi was incapable of being adapted to the teaching of a particular subject. I was quite natural that in the beginning they would find it a little difficult to teach scientific subjects through Marathi but in that respect the English language too was in no better or happier position when the English people thought of studying those subjects through English.

BOOKS FOR ALL TIMES.

Proceeding Sirdar Kibe referred to books of outstanding merit in Marathi produced recently such as Mr. C. V. Vaidya's "Madhyangin-Bharatacha-Art". Mr. R. G. Pradhan's "Pratinidhik Rajyasatta". Mr. Bhate's "Lalitkala Mimansa" and Mr. V. G. Apte's "Lekhankala ani lekhanvyavasaya", and said that taking a birds eye of view of modern Marathi literature books on history seem to attract much attention.

MUSHROOM GROWTH OF PERIODICALS.

Turning to the ways and means of improving and embelishing Marathi literature Sirdar Kibe came down upon the mushroom growth of *Malas* and periodicals that are responsible for creating a bad taste in literature and were a waste of talents and knowledge. A stop must be put to such periodicals said Sirdar Kibe, for in the words of a well-known author, the editors of such periodicals are so uneducated and of a narrow outlook on life that the ideas that spring from their heads were responsible for spoiling the public taste for literature. Truly speaking the editor or conductor of a periodical ought to enjoy a high position in society. His mission is high, sacred and noble. He is in a way the leader and the moulder of public opinion. Vast reading, keen observation, deep thinking and a mind free from prejudice were some of the attributes of a really perfect editor of a periodical. Barring a few notable exceptions Marathi periodicals lacked such editors.

Sirdar Kibe then referred to the long gap between last Conference and the present one and said that it was a matter of shame and humiliation that in spite of Maharastra possessing men of learning who could hold their own against those of any other province, with Maratha princes and rulers of advanced views and taking a keen interest in Marathi literature and a general public that was certainly more enlightened, educated and critical than many other, Marathi had not made that progress that it ought to have made and that there should be such an apathy amongst the educated people towards the Marathi Sahitya Parishad that it would been found difficult to hold it for a couple of years.

SCHEME FOR ACADEMY.

Sirdar Kibe then dwelt upon a scheme of Mr. Makone of Indore for the advancement of Marathi. The scheme proposed the Constitution of a body after the manner of an academy entitled the Maharashtra Sharda Mandal.

Concluding Sirdar Kibe said that one and all was entitled to pay his homage and bring his offerings to the muse of literature. The love of one's mother-tongue played a prominent part in struggle for nationalism. No nation came into being without the growth of patriotic feelings, and what language appealed more to the people than their own mother-tongue. Marathi language has a noble tradition. It has a continuous growth. It has not met the fate of vanished empires and forgotten languages and it was up to them to see that in future too Marathi was not consigned to the lumber room of forgotten languages.

The Conference then elected a Subjects Committee and dispersed late in the night to meet on Tuesday.

SHARE MARKET.

May 3

There was good business in the market this afternoon. Fluctuations were also good.

Mill shares were firm in the start but a little later prices advanced well. when due to profit-taking, a drop was registered. The Coal crisis in England seems to be giving an impetus to the market here.

Tata Steel shares were firm in the start but gave way a little later on Tata Hydros were steady.

Fluctuations in Government securities on the forward list were rapid. 3½ per cent. touched 77/12/6 but closed at 77/10. 1915/55 at 107/14.

The market is closed on Thursday, Friday and Saturday for May settlement.

	Paid up Rs.	Last Quotations Divid, Rs.	
LOCAL BANKS			
Bank of India	50	2½	76 12 X D
Baroda ..	50	4	78 X D
Central Co-operative.	50	7½	52
Central	25	1½	23-10 X D
Eastern	£ 5	9p.c.	78 X D
Imperial	100	40	1589
Imperial Contributory—	*125	10	420
Union	½	..	3-8
CEMENTS AND MANGANESE			
Bundi	10	..	9
Central India Mining.	10	4½	22 X D
Indian Cement O. ..	350	..	36 14
Katni Cemet O. ..	100	..	46 4
Katni Cement D. ..	40	..	140
Punjab Cement O. ..	10	..	3
Shivrajpure	10	Y 7 7	36-8 XD
RAILWAY COMPANIES.			
Ahmedabad Prantej ..	500	11 p.c.	860 X
Amritsar Pattia ..	100	10 p.c.	144
Central Province ..	100	7½ p.c.	115
Dhond Baramati ..	100	6 p.c.	88 XD
Guzerat	100	5 p.c.	88
Hoshiarpur Doab ..	100	5 p.c.	90
Larkana	100	5 p.c.	75
Mandra Bhon ..	90	5 p.c.	78
Pachora Jammer ..	100	5 p.c.	77 xD
Sara Sirajgunj ..	100	5 p.c.	92
Sialkot Narowal ..	100	5 p.c.	98
Sind Light	100	5 p.c.	162
Tapti Valley	500	8 p.c.	660 XD
Upper Sind Light ..	100	4 p.c.	98
STEAMER COMPANIES.			
Bombay Steam Navigation O.	250	..	175
Bombay Steam Navigation P.	250	..	235
Scindia Steam ..	3'—0—14—		.10
ELECTRIC UNDERTAKIN .S			
Ahmedabad Electricity	100	5 p.c.	73
Andhra Valley O. ..	1,000	..	552-8
Andhra Valley P. ..	1,000	..	940
Bombay Tramways O.	50	2-8	117 8
Bombay Tramways P.	50	7 p.c.	64
Karachi Electricity ..	100	6	92
Turat Electricity ..	100	..	60
Tata Hydro-Elec. O.	1,000	40	956-4
Tata Hydro-Elec. P.	1,000	7 p.c.	907 8
Tata Power O ..	1,000	..	420
Ta Power P. ..	1,000	..	845
PRESS COMPANIES			
Akbari	500	..	250
Fort	475	..	175
Harvey & Sabapathy.	500	20-35	925 X D
Indian Cotton.. ..	126	20	217½
Manmad Manufacturing	250	..	215
New Bezar	500	80	820 xD
New East India ..	1,000	..	1100 x D
New Mofussil P. ..	400	40	510
New Prince of Wales..	500	61	740
Volkart U.P.	500	40	675 xD
MISCELLANEOUS COMPANIES.			
Alcock Ashdown ..	100	..	153-12
Belapur Co. Ltd. ..	76	..	12
B. Burma T. Corporation Ltd.	125	7-8	512 8
B. Burma T. Corporation New	50	5	135
Burma Corporation ..	10	0-6	10 8
Bombay Uganda ..	80	4-12	47
British Burma Petroleum .. ..Sh.	8	0-4-0	4-11
Indo-Burma Petroleum	100	..	195
Jost Engineering ..	50	7-8	73 xD
Mckenzie	100	30 p.c.	310
New Union Floor Mills	100	..	30
Port Canning	1,000	50	650
Sardar Carbonic Gas.	100	..	90
Tata Iron Pref. 1st ..	150	6 p.c.y	124
Tata Iron Pref. ..	100	..	44-12
Tata Iron Defd. ..	30	..	46-14
Tata Iron and Steel Co O.	75	..	20.12
Thacker	50	..	125
Telephone	50	1y	19
INSURANCE COMPANIES.			
Empire of India ..	50	22-8	700
Jupiter	15	..	3 10
New India	25	1y	16 10
Oriental Life	50	30 p.c.	860
Vulcan	10	6 6-0	2 10
MILLS.			
Ahmedabad Advance	100	10	407-8 X D
Alliance	100	..	40
Apollo	50	..	6 4
Asaur Virjee	100	..	3
Berar Manfg.	200	30	250
Bombay Cotton O. ..	500	15	320
Bombay Cotton P. ..	10	5 p.c.	6 2
Bombay Dyeing etc.	250	25y	893-12
Bombay Industrial ..	100	..	11
Bombay Woollen ..	100	..	70
Bradbury	250	10	350
Bradbury P.	250	7 p.c.	175
Broach Fince Counts..	250	..	35
Century	100	20y	367-8
Central India O. ..	100	16	491-4
Central India P. ..	500	5 p.c.	425
Ceylon	100	..	45
ColabaLand & Mill.	100	..	117 8
Coorla	100		140
Crescent	100	nil	193 12
Currimbhoy	250	..	300
David	500	..	350
Dawn	250	40	660
Diamond O.	100	..	5
E.D. Sassoon United O.	10	0	0 13 0
Ebrahimbhoy Pabancy	250	nil	218-12
Edward Sassoon ..	200	nil	135
Elphinstone O. ..	100	..	18 12
Emperor Edward ..	500	..	280
Fazulbhoy	250	25	843 12
Finlay	100	nil	115
Framjee Petit ..	1,000	..	500
Globe	100	..	25
Gokak	100	5	105

NEW YORK COTTON MARKET.

(Through Nowroji Hormasji and Co., Frere Road, Fort).

JULY.

	4th May, 1926
Previous Closing Rate	18-19
To-day's Opening Rate	18.18
Difference	—1
To-day's Closing Rate	18.16
Difference	—.3

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET.

(Through Cotton Telegraphic Information Service, Ismail Bldg., Hornby Road, Bombay).

JULY.

	4th May 1926.
Previous Closing Rate	9 20
To-day's Opening Rate	9-15
Difference	— 5
To day's Closing Rate	9 19
Difference	—91
Khandi Market	330-4 0
Sewri Market	330-0-0

C. M. PAREKH'S QUOTATIONS

Bombay, May 4.

Jute.—Albion 398, Alliance 399, Anglo India 346, Auckland 176, Barnagore 133, Baby 130, Birla 6/4, Belvedere 400, Budge-Budge 375, Caledonien 435, Chapdani 130, Clive 26, Craig 4/6, Cheviot 2/6, Dalhousie 312, Delta 395, Empire 4'/12, Fort Gloster 685, Fort William 220/8, Gondalpara 645, Gourepore 630, Hukumchand 8/10, Hooghly 68/8, Howrah 36/8, Kamarhatty 445, Kankanarrah 375, Kelvin 673, Kinnison 855, Lansdowne 205, Lawrence 492/6, Lothian 335, Naihati 380, National 24/8, New Central 445, Northbrook 41, Nudea 40, Orient 165, Presidency 6/8, Reliance 52, Standard 335, Union 470, Waverly 6/8.

Cotton.—Agra United -/4, Bowania 240, Dunbar 144.

Coal.—Burrakur 20/8, Bokaro, Ramgur 15/8, Raneegunge 25/8.

Miscellaneous.—B. I. Corporation 4/2, B I. Corporation D. 3, I. I. Still 23/8, Marshalls 3/8, Imperial Bank 158, Imperial Coury. 409/8.

Remarks.—Market opened steady; Closing quiet. Dividends declared as under:—Kinnison 40, Lansdowne & Auckland 7/8, Anglo-India, Dalhousie, Standard and Naihati 15, Northbrook 2, Lawrence 25, Union 30, Clive 1, Howrah 1/8, and Reliance 3/8.

Gold Mohur	100	..	6 8
Hindoostan	1,000	100	1450
Indian Bleaching, etc.	100	8	170
Indian Manufacturing	1,000	200	1090
Indore-Malwa United	100	12	382 8
Indian Woollen ..	50	..	2 8
Jamshed O.	250	..	465
Kastoorchand ..	500	..	52-8
Khandesh	1,000	200	2200
Khatau Makanjee ..	100	Nil	100
Kilachand	25	..	3 8
Kohinoor	500	..	930
Lakshmi Cotton ..	1,000	150	4900
Madhor Scindia ..	100	..	20
Madhowji Dharamsi ..	100	..	92 8
Madras United ..	250	15	460
Maneckjee Petit ..	1,000	100	2150
Mathradas	100	..	150
Meyer Sassoon ..	100	..	88 12
Morarjee Gouldas ..	1,000	60	2200
New City of Bombay.	100	nil	150
New Great Eastern ..	200	10y	226 4
Osmanshahi (100) ..	75	..	70
Pearl	250	12	483 12
Phoenix	100	10	400 X
Planet	100	..	
Premier	100	..	40
Sassoon Cotton ..	100	..	10
Sassoon Silk	500	..	560
Sholapur	1,000	250	7500
Simplex	250	..	140
Sir Shapurji Broacha	100	..	45
Standard	500	100	1200
Swadeshi	100	18	4-0
Swan	100	nil	140
Tata Mill O.	500	..	102 8
Vshnu Cotton O. ..	500	90	1900 D
Vshnu P.	500	85	540 C
Western India Spng.	1,000	100	725

SHARE-MARKET FLUCTUATIONS

Ahmedabad				407-8
Bombay Cotton				320
Bombay Dyeing	897-3	907-8	893-12	893-12
Century	372-8	375	366-4	367-8
Central India ..	491-4	497-8	488-12	488-12
Colaba Land ..				117-8
Crescent ..	195	198-12	192-8	193-12
Edward Sassoon				135
Fazulbhoy ..	850	853-12	843-12	843-12
Finaly				115
Globe				25
Gokak				107-8
Indian Bleaching				177-8
Indore Malwa ..	382-8	385	382-8	382-8
Kohinoor				930
Madhowjee				92-8
Mathuradas				140
Meyer Sassoon				86-4
Mysore				112-8
New Great ..	333-12	336-4	328	326-4
Pearl	485	487-7	476-4	477-8
Pahany				217-8
Pehoenix				400
Simplex	142-8	143-12	140	140
Swadeshi ..	481-4	485	480	480
Swan Mills				140
Tata Mill				102-8
MISCELLANEOUS				
Alcock				153-12
Bombay Steam				175
Tram Co., Ord.	117-8	118-12	117-8	117-8
Bundi Cement				9
Central India Mining				22 x D
Indian Cement				35
Katni Cement Ord.				47-8
Shivarajpur				26-2
Tata Hydro	957-8	962-8	950	950
Tata Iron and Steel Ordy	22-2	22-12	20-8	20-12
Tata Iron and Steel Def	49-6	50	46-14	46-14

MARRIAGE EXPEDITED

Having had a daughter of marriageable age I have been passing sleepless nights through anxieties for some time. I could not settle her marriage in any place. Being disappointed I went to Mr. Hamid some time in June last year and requested him to do something for me. He gave some "TAWIZES" for use, which I did. He further gave me definite assurance that my daughter will be married within the month of July 1925. I am glad to say that his "TAWIZES" worked like miracles. The marriage ceremony of my daughter took place in a month's time (i.e. in July).

LALIT MOHAN GANGULY,
Raja Raj Bullay Street,
CALCUTTA.

If you wish to know your future definitely and correctly, if you are in despair owing to misery and chronic diseases, if you wish to see or to have a photo of your relatives dead or living abroad, consult the world-renowned Spiritualist Psychist and Occultist, either personally or by correspondence.

Rs. 5|- for answering four questions.
(FEE CAN BE INCREASED.)

Address:—HAMID,
137|11, Corporation Street, CALCUTTA.
Telephone No. 3409.

TILES & MARBLES
Our quality Defy Competition
SAJAN & CO.
4 Custom House Road, Fort, BOMBAY

DIRECT YOUR ENQUIRIES FOR
ANYTHING ELECTRICAL
TO
Reliance ELECTRIC HARDWARE Stores
ENGINEERS AND CONTRACTORS.
ADAM SAYANA BLDGS, LOHAR CHAWL, BOMBAY 2.

YOUR EYE
Does it trouble you? If so, try SELLER'S LOTUS HONEY, the safest, surest and most highly-praised Nature's cure for Eye-diseases. Cures even Cataract etc. Literature free. Kemp & Co., or Thomas & Taylor Ltd., Bombay.

BATLIBOI'S
ACCOUNTANCY TRAINING INSTITUTE
Offers best training in Accounting, Banking, Company Management and Secretarial Work and Theory and Practice of Commerce.
Best staff, individual attention, fee moderate and payable by instalments.
Send for Prospectus at Yusuf Buildings, Churchgate Street, Fort, Bomby.
You are invited to make thorough inquiries before joining.
Enrolment: for 1927
Exams. now proceeding

FLOOR TILES
STAR BRAND RED HEXAGONS
Rs. 24/- per 1,000
ENGLISH PATTERNS SOLD AT
REDUCED RATES.
C. BHOGILAL & Co.,
Elphinstone Circle, Fort, Bombay.
Telegram: FASHION. Phone: 21852

LET MY COUNTRY AWAKE
BY
SOHRAB A. CALIANIWALA.
Price Rs. 2/12 only. V. P. P. 5 As.
This work appeals to the patriotic youth of India to bring their Motherland in line with the advanced nations of the world by maintaining the traditional character of Indian ethics, literature, art and music when they were at their best and by developing on their line; for India cannot come to herself merely by imitating the West blindly. India's mission is to create and give to the world spiritual culture; and this and this alone will enable her to compel the Occident to turn to her for inspiration and guidance
SUNSHINE PUBLISHING HOUSE.
Engineer Building, Princess Street, Bombay.

The Bombay Chronicle.
WEDNESDAY, MAY 5, 1926.

OASES OF CULTURE.

When the Non-Co-operation movement was in full swing, no item in its programme of constructive work came under the fire of hostile and prejudiced criticism so much and so often as that of National Education. In obedience to Mahatmaji's call thousands of students had left their schools and colleges and were willing to be trained in educational institutions whose primary object was to inculcate in their scholars respect for, and pride in, their Motherland. Young India felt then that at the educational factories controlled by an alien bureaucracy there was not much chance for such respect and such pride to be allowed to grow. It became conscious that it must play its part in the great national upheaval by bidding good-bye to those factories and showing its anxiety to imbibe National Education, education imparted by those who were striving to secure a self-respecting existence for this country as soon as possible. The students who joined the new institutions were prepared to sacrifice a future full of material possibilities in order to serve the Motherland as the future missionaries of political freedom.

Thus the movement for National Education became intimately associated with a particular kind of politics. To the Diehards of a foreign administration it was only an aspect of "sedition", very tumultuous in its activity and also very "silly" because of the aims it had in view. To the croakers in our midst, to the Indians to whom Mahatmaji was "a mad man", "a barbarian" turning away from the "glorious benefits of Western civilization" it was a futile effort in making Indian youth believe that with a little training they would be all "saviours of their country". What was forgotten by these two classes of hostile critics was that ever since amongst Indian intellectuals there arose discerning spirits who saw the folly of a system of official education which could only de-Indianise the Indians, efforts have been continuously made, spasmodic but courageous and valuable efforts all the same, to lay the foundation of a system of National Education. Every school which refused to come under the control and the financial bait of a Government grant was intended to serve the purpose of affording Indian youth an education in direct harmony with India's past tradition, with her religious thought, and her social outlook. Such schools whether in Bengal or Bombay were considered as the oases of culture in the midst of the desert of selfishness and career-hunting which the system imposed by foreigners stimulated among Indian minds. Nationalist leaders in India have always warned their countrymen against this system. Many of them have been teachers themselves in independent educational institutions. It was Mahatmaji's movement, however, which focussed attention on the evils of the prevailing system of education which turned middle class Indians into mere careerists, and managed to leave the masses of this country without any smattering of knowledge whatsoever. It is the consciousness of this fact which is expected to inspire the student in a national school or college to be ready after going through his course to go to the villages and work amongst the villagers. For those who are fired with the zeal for distributing over as large a field as possible the ideas behind the National Education movement must be ready to serve India's villages in the humble capacity of educational missionaries.

In spite of what prejudiced criticism may have the temerity to assert, the movement has taken root. The Gujerat Vidyapeeth, the Maharasthra Vidyapeeth, the Bihar Vidyapeeth, the Kashi Vidyapeeth, the National Muslim University of Delhi and the national schools in other parts of India have every possibility of developing into real centres of culture, where young men and young women learn not how to hunt for a degree but how to develop their minds in such a way as to be able to serve India in a missionary capacity. The Vidyapeeths are centres where the Humanities have a chance to be taught in an Indian vernacular, by Indian teachers steeped in the historic lore and tradition of India. Indian Music, Indian Art, Indian Architecture have a chance of being developed, taught and popularised in these centres of learning. The Gujerat Vidyapeeth, which as a home of culture has taken solid root, has an opportunity of enlarging the scope of its work according to the suggestions of the Committee of Inquiry it has appointed. The Bihar Vidyapeeth which has 9 High and 16 Middle Schools attached to it and has an "Ashram" for its students working in accordance with a tradition beloved of the Indian, the tradition which insists that between the teacher and the taught there shall be a family bond of affection as between father and son, has a great future before it, if it develops, as it ought to develop, into a cultural institution sending out young men and women of broadened outlook to serve in the villages of the Province. Shrijut Rajagopalachar said at the recent Convocation ceremony of the Vidyapeeth that it had "its roots in the protest against our slavery." In his words a Vidyapeeth "draws its living inspiration from the re-invigorated ideals of our ancient land". "It wants to make the peoples' tongue the queen of all our arts and sciences. It is not narrow in its outlook. It welcomes all knowledge, all culture, but it will not ignore the language and the culture of our great land." Nor did he forget to add that its teaching should have a practical aspect. Its alumni must be given "economic independence through vocational training". So long as these ideals are borne in mind by the workers, the National Education movement will continue to play its useful and important part in strengthening the foundation of freedom in this country.

AWAKENED CHINESE NATIONALISM.

There are laments in Great Britain over the impossibility for the last seven months of "helping China". British manufacturers have "helped" China with every variety of manufacture all these years since that hapless country was forced to open her doors to foreigners. They are now shocked to find that while it is impossible to do good business in North China owing to the internecine warfare between two powerful factions, in South China in Canton and other places, where Britain had established a solid trade footing, owing to the existence of the boycott imposed by the Canton-Hongkong Strike Committee of the All-China Labour Federation, a boycott which has remained in full vigour during the last seven months, British trade is practically at a standstill. As the major portion of this trade passes through Hong-Kong, that colony has suffered owing to the boycott to the tune of about £ 40,000,000 during the last seven months. Naturally there is an outcry in England against allowing the present situation to last. Journals like "Truth" have taken up the cause of the British exporters and very soon we shall find a demend on the part of British representatives in China to come to an understanding with the forces which govern Chinese policy to-day.

These forces are overwhelmingly nationalist in temperament. In South China, which had a real measure of democratic government under the regime of Dr. Sun Yat Sen, the general desire is not only to be independent of the Peking Government, but also to be free from the vexatious and humiliating interference of foreigners who through various devices have secured special rights in the country. The foreign trained Chinese students have identified themselves thoroughly with the cause the of the Chinese labourers and they have, through their associations, been preaching non-cooperation with the Western Powers, particularly Britain. They have appealed to Russia for help and there are at present a number of Russians in the service of the Canton Government. The reason why the British are hated so intensely is that the whole trouble in Canton began with what the Chinese call the "Shakee Massacre" but which is designated by the British as the "attack on Shameen". Shameen itself was built during one of the wars waged to force opium on China, when the British occupied and administered Canton. Even now, as an American writer says in his impressions of the effects of the boycott, "Chinese may not sit on the Shameen benches, walk along the Shameen bund, or tie their sampans to the Shameen landing stages". A few years ago White superciliousness went so far as to prohibit the Chinese from entering Shameen through the same gate as White foreigners. These things Chinese Naionalism has resented for a long time and is now in no mood to tolerate. It has turned to American and Russian technical skill for building up its own industries. It hopes to obtain disinterested advice from Michael Borodin, a Moscow intellectual, who answered Sun Yat Sen's appeal for cooperation when three years ago he invited the Soviet Russians to help him in developing the Southern Province. As regards the Russians a responsible American in Canton says that "they have been a force for honesty and efficiency." But they are nonetheless looked upon with suspicion by other Europeans. The latter cannot get over the fact that Chang Kai Shek, the present ruler of Canton, has openly declared that the Chinese "trust the Russians because they have higher moral standards." Young China is thus ready to seek help, when it is given without a spirit of bartering or a desire to cripple China for political ends. It means to be master in its own country and it is determined to learn to control the finances of its own Government and to develop the country in its own way. The question is how long European nations with their forcibly created vested interests in the country will stand in the way of China. They will be powerless to interfere if Chinese Nationalism develops and crystallises into united activity in the way it has recently been doing.

RENDITION OF BERAR.

(BY G. R. ABHYANKAR).

IV.

Leaving aside the innumerable pin-pricks which in every day life and every day intercourse with the Residency the Nizam has to suffer in the form of "Sire remember you are a conquered race, you are a conquered vassal", it is passing strange that the dignity of the memorials of the Nizam has been lowered by an untenable claim of independent status. The difference, between 'an adverse decision' by a superior Power and 'a rejection' by an equal and well-matched opponent, was too obvious to need any mention in such a weighty document as the memorial. This childish display of international phrases has materially detracted from the value of this memorial otherwise very cogent and argumentative and enabled Lord Reading to make short work of it. If instead of bandying these words and false phraseology of independent status, the writer of these memorials had appealed to the British Government in the words of Mir Mahabub Alli, the father of the present Nizam, it would have enhanced the dignity of this memorial and would have made it most difficult to reject it on *a priori* grounds.

Appeal To The Crown.

Mir Mahabub Alli very wisely and very intelligently put the whole case in a nutshell in view of the grabbing and usurping tendency of Lord Curzon in the following words:—"I do not wish to enter into the old controversy as to my right to the restoration of Berar or as to the meaning or object of the treaties and other formal engagements concerning it. I confidently leave these matters for your Excellency's kind and favourable consideration. I would only appeal to His Majesty, the King Emperor, through you to restore Berar as a special mark of gracious favour and I ask to be allowed to make your Lordship my advocate in the case". How graceful such an appeal would have been if the memorials had been concluded in the same words as those of the late Nizam instead of the manifestly ridiculous argument of independent status and international equality. There should be vigor in thought and in muscles instead in the language. If the Nizam can measure his strength with the mighty British Government he need not feel in the least disconcerted if the intentions of the British Government are conveyed in the name of decision. In the case of equal and well-matched parties there is nothing final as in the case of independent nations there is no decision forced by one on the other so long as they are well equipped in strength

Why Not Arbitrate?

In his anxiety to explore an avenue for the satisfactory solution of this long-standing and vexed question His Exalted Highness had suggested the remedy of a commission to investigate the claim in accordance with the provision contained in para 308 of the Montford report. This provision clearly states that whenever a situation is caused when a State is dissatisfied with the ruling of the Government of India, the Viceroy if he thought it desirable may appoint a commission. In this case there has been a decision of the Government of India confirmed by the Secretary of State. Now, according to the dictum of Lord Reading, re-stated very forcibly in this case, the Indian States are subordinate to the British Government which enjoys and occupies the position of a sovereign. When once this position is conceded, can any Indian State claim an arbitration against the sovereign power exercised through the Government of India? Such a claim would be never countenanced. The suggestion in Para 308 of the Montford report is not made in view of any right claimed but as a matter of concession to the Indian States in order to leave no discontent on the score of any decision. If the Government of India exercising sovereign powers can submit its decisions to the arbitration, what prevents the Secretary of State representing the sovereign power from submitting to any arbitration as is outlined in Para 308 if justice, equity and good conscience require it? The provisions of Para 308 have no statutory sanction. But they are meant as a rule of guidance and as a measure to bring about good relations between the Indian States and the Government of India. We respectfully ask his Majesty's Government why the self-same considerations should not be shown by the Secretary of State.

Unjustifiable Refusal.

There is nothing in the Montford report which precludes the Nizam from making a request for such a commission. The refusal of this request on the ground that there is no rule in the provision for the appointment of a Court of arbitration is very narrow and unjustified. The provision is itself quite provisional and sufficiently elastic. It has no statutory sanction and it is to be widened and enlarged from precedent to precedent as occasion arises. No doubt, the discretion in this matter is given to the Viceroy and he could have refused it on this ground and declined to exercise his discretion. But the excuse that there is no provision is simply puerile. Concessions are being shown to the Indian princes to satisfy their sense of honour. They are nominated to the League of Nations. If taking advantage of this nomination a prince wants to open this question before the League of Nations, what would prevent him from doing so? He may be deterred by other considerations, but may be technically right on the score of being a member of the League. The shelter behind mere technicalities is not always very congenial and would lead to greater alienations. Broad statesmanship and sympathetic gesture were appealed to by His Exalted Highness and it is a matter of intense regret that Lord Reading and Lord Birkenhead both did not rise to the occasion and appreciate the memorial in a dispassionate and thoroughly judicious frame of mind.

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL SCHOOL.

THE NEED FOR REFORM.

(BY S. G. WARTY.)

Now that the Bombay Municipality has begun in earnest to carry out its scheme of compulsory education in Bombay and started with its first instalment, it is due to us to examine some of the essentials of such a large undertaking which is bound to lead to far-reaching results. One such essential, it will be granted, is administrative economy and another is the educatinal value of the instruction imparted. One may entirely leave out of consideration here the controversial question as to whether the Municipality should or should not insist on its pound of flesh due from Government.

Economy.

As regards administrative economy, one may recall the very keen discussions in the press about two years ago when the want of proper economy in the utilization of municipal educational funds was first brought to light and practical suggestions made to improve the educational administration of the City. This writer himself examined the question in a series of articles contributed to the press which were afterwards published in a pamphlet form. It is true that the Schools Committee has since then set about putting its house in order. But the process seems to be very slow, in fact has not stepped beyond a beginning. The great responsibility now undertaken in the form of compulsory education will demand money and more money and unless extraordinary care is taken to effect all economies possible, the expenditure itself may amount to a prohibitive level, delaying thereby the carrying out of the very object we have in view. Where funds are necessarily limited, utmost economy consistent with efficiency has to be exercised, because we know that every pie of extravagance is a denial of education to some aspirant.

Medical Inspection.

Another question that has acquired considerabse importance at this stage owing to the new responsibility undertaken by the Municipality, is the medical examination of the pupils attending the municipal schools. When an attempt is made to draw every child to the school, proper medical supervision in regard to its health has to be systematised and receive adequate extension. The results of the last five years of medical inspection in Bombay Municipal schools, so far as can be seen from the recent quinquennial report published by the Municipality, are, if not convincing, certainly encouraging; and this inspection has now to be perfected by organizing an additional establishment for the house-to-house treatment of the diseases detected among children. This may not cost more than Rs. 20,000 a year including the cost of the medicines.

The Return.

The next question is in regard to the educational value of the instruction imparted. This is by no means so easy a question as to be handled in a paragraph, for we have to discuss what we mean by education, what we expect from it and what we are in fact getting, and there is bound to be a divergence of views on each one of these issues. The dividends of educational expenditure are, generally, supposed to consist in increased political intelligence, in greater aptitude and output of work, and in wiser enjoyment of leisure. The present system of instruction, including the curriculum and the spirit and methods of teaching, does not in this writer's opinion yield its full educational value. It is difficult to say whether the education that is imparted awakens thought and sharpens observation or only serves to blunt the edge of curiosity. It makes them literates undoubtedly, but if the process stops there, education must be said to have lost half its function.

The Watch-Word.

Constant improvement ought, therefore, to be the watch-word of the educational system if it is to prove adequate to the growing and civilized needs of the community. It should be an important part of the duty of the Secretary to the Schools Committee to be modern in educational matters in every sense of the word, to always keep himself in touch with the new ideas and educational movements in other parts of the world, especially the United Kingdom, the United States and Germany, and after thoroughly studying them, to submit short but intelligible reports every month to the Schools Committee in regard to the developments in the educational world with his own views in respect of their application to Indian conditions. Such reports would serve two purposes: they would keep the members of the Committee well-informed on general educational topics, and they would also stimulate a desire for continuous improvement. The mere administration of things as they are, is lifeless routine which any x y z would be able to pull through. A wise conception of the ideals to be attained, an intelligent grasp of the policy to be followed, the inculcation of new ideas, and an ever alert spirit of reform, these should differentiate the competent executive from the commonplace. The first city in India at least should be exempt from the reproach that anything therein passes muster.

Notes of the Day.

On Our Guard.

The "Natal Witness", a South African journal which has been looking at the Indian problem in that country with some sympathy, observed recently that the Union Government being disposed to agree with the idea of a Round Table Conference with the Government of India, there should be a gesture of good will from India, making it evident that "concessions are not to be all on one side and that the Conference will be conducted in a spirit of give and take". The paper refers to the despatches from the Government of India in which the Viceroy offered to re-examine the existing system of repatriation on a purely voluntary basis. The dispatches indicate the willingness of the Government of India to ascertain "what difficulties had arisen in working out the voluntary repatriation schemes and how these difficulties can be smoothed away". This is the kind of gesture which South Africa will naturally like, but it is exactly here that we in India must be on our guard. We are entitled to know on whose authority the Viceroy offered to re-examine the scheme of voluntary repatriation. The people of this country have never tolerated the idea of repatriation whether voluntary or compulsory. Repatriation means a stigma on the Indian, it is an indication that he has no right to be in South Africa.

Merely Chattel.

We are indebted to a correspondent from South Africa for a full report published in the "Cape Times" of Feb. 26 last of the debate in the Union Parliament on the question of voluntary repatriation of Indians. During that debate Dr. Malan admitted that over 33 per cent. of the repatriated Indians were South African born. The Government paid £10 per head, and the maximum amount per family was £50. Thus at the cost of £50 to the Union Government even those Indians who had never seen this country, who considered South Africa as their motherland, were induced to clear out. During 1924 the Indians repatriated numbered 1,063, and during 1925, the number came to 1400. Dr. Malan hinted that partly owing to the impending anti-Indian legislation "the number of applications from Indians had increased very considerably". The increase does not appear to us to be very remarkable but it is a part of the political game amongst anti-Indians in South Africa always to imply that repatriation is successful. A speaker who followed Dr. Malan declared, however, that it was "getting more and more unsuccessful", and another member suggested that Indians should be "helped" to go to British Guiana, "which is taking Indians at the present time". Evidently the idea amongst some South African Whites is that they are mere chattel to be disposed off in the interests of White industrialists.

In the Right Direction.

Bihar and Orissa had managed to keep free from the infection of communal bitterness breaking out into riots. But events at Sasaram and other places in the Province have shown that unless some concerted measures are taken to remove misunderstandings between the Hindu and the Muslim populations and to keep a firm check on the *goonda* element, communal friction is likely to increase in this area which has been notable for its harmonious relations between the two communities. Arrangements have been made to hold a conference of Muslims on the 23rd of this month and to inaugurate a movement for Muslim organisation in the Province. Sir Syed Ali Imam, Mr. Mahomed Shafee, M. L. A., and others have issued a circular letter inviting such a conference. The circular states *inter alia*: "We Muslims earnestly desire that it should be fully known that we sincerely wish our non-Muslim fellow-countrymen to be our comrades and partners by coming forward to be honorary members of our organisation". If this healthy and broad-minded spirit is kept up by the new organisation, it may prove a great factor in the promotion of communal amity.

Worthy of Support.

Chalisgaon, a growing and prosperous town in Khandesh, is alive to its educational needs. The Anglo-Vernacular School which some of its enterprising and philanthropic citizens started about twenty-five years ago has now developed into a High School and the one great need of this institution is a suitable building to accommodate its educational paraphernalia and the rapidly growing number of scholars. Chalisgaon has found some local financial support but, as an appeal by an educational worker from the place shows, it is to Bombay that it looks for handsome donations. Chalisgaon has a claim on Bombay as business men from this city have not done badly during all these years in their operations in Khandesh, particularly in ginning and marketting Khandesh cotton. We hope the appeal from Chalisgaon will evoke adequate response in this city.

COMPLETE DISLOCATION.

EFFECT OF GENERAL STRIKE.

GOVT. ACCUSED OF CALAMITOUS DECISION.

MR. SAKLATWALA ARRESTED.

CHARGE OF MAKING SEDITIOUS SPEECH.

(Monday, 11-20 p.m.)—Negotiations in the House of Commons over the coal situation have failed.—Reuter.

"GENERAL STRIKE IS ON."

(Tuesday, 1 a.m.)—"They have failed and the general strike is on to-morrow." These were the words in which the Miners' Secretary, Mr. Cook, told Reuter of the fateful failure of negotiations between the Cabinet members and the Trade Unionists soon after eleven last night. Meanwhile, around the Houses of Parliament scenes are recalled to those of 1914. Thousands have completely blocked Parliament Square while Downing Street is impassable. Throughout the evening dozens of extra police, with the greatest difficulty, cleared the way for taxis and motor cars leaving the palace yard. A section of the crowd repeatedly sang "The Red Flag", and raised cheers for the miners. Another section sang "God Save the King", and there was a rush in their direction. The police however controlled the crowd and there was no disorder.

STRIKE TAKES EFFECT ON MONDAY MIDNIGHT.

(Tuesday, 2.50 a.m.)—In the orderly and deliberate manner, the general strike of workers in transport, printing, building and various other industries became effective at midnight. Men whose shifts began before midnight finished their turns of duty. Thus at night, omnibus and railway services concluded, vehicles were taken to the depots, and the men did not book on after midnight.—Reuter.

DISCUSSION IN COMMONS.

LONDON, May 3.

The House of Commons opened with customary questions. Tenseness of the atmosphere was apparent from cheering, counter-cheering and laughter as the leaders entered.

Colonel Ashley announced that the Ministry of Transport had arranged for the service of motor-cars to convey members of the House of Commons to and from Parliament.

Mr. Baldwin, at the end of the questions, presented a message from the King declaring a state of emergency and moved that an humble address be presented to His Majesty, thanking him for the message. The Labour section insisted on a division. The address was carried by 308 votes to 108.

MOTION FOR ADJOURNMENT OF HOUSE.

Rt. Hon. B. M. Eyres Monsell moved an adjournment of the House whereupon Mr. Baldwin, who was given an ovation by the Ministerialists, made statement. He declared that the occasion was one of the gravest on which the House had ever met. He reviewed the difficulties in the coal industry largely due to its own extraordinary machinery for the adjustment of wages. That machinery required radical overhauling which would be one of the first things that must be tackled when the atmosphere was calmer. Owners and miners must find, or have it found for them, some way of managing their own business independently of Government intervention, just like other great industries.

MR. BALDWIN'S SPEECH.

Mr. Baldwin dwelt on the risk he ran in negotiating to the last minute under the threat of a general strike. (Ministerial cheers). The situation had been changed materially on Sunday. Certain overt acts in anticipation of a general strike involving interference with the freedom of the press had occurred between 23rd and 30th April, and on Sunday last. (Labourite laughter.). That made a continuance of the negotiations impossible. Government found itself challenged with an alternative Government.

Mr. Baldwin did not believe that there had been a thoroughgoing consultation with the rank and file before this despotic power was put in the hands of a small executive in London. (Ministerialist cheers). This was a gross travesty of every democratic principle. Labour leaders did not seem to realise that they were threatening the basis of an ordered Government, and were going nearer to proclaiming a civil war than we had been for centuries.

The only light hearts in the country, today, were those which either envied or hated us because they saw a whole democratic freedom entering that course which, if successful, could be only a substitute to tyranny. It was not wages but the very freedom of our Constitution that was imperilled. Everything for which he had worked and cared for the last two years had been smashed to bits but that did not shake his faith or his courage in his aims. (Ministerial cheers).

NOT A REVOLUTION.

Mr. Thomas said that whatever the result of the strike, he was blind or idiot who did not see that the economic facts of the coal position would remain same. He did not believe that even two per cent. of the population would support the revolution, but the people involved in the strike might be driven by circumstances to what might have all effects of a revolution with entirely different objects. "This was not a revolution but plain economic and industrial dispute." Parliament could force an honourable settlement, and he would make a contribution to it whenever an opportunity offered.

Mr. Lloyd George begged the Government to make one more effort for peace. He said that the Trade Union Congress men who ordered the strike were as little revolutionary as anyone there, and Government could continue negotiations without the loss of rights and position. He proposed that the miners should be asked to open negotiations to discuss wages, but not pledge themselves for a reduction in advance. He added that in the event of a resumption of negotiations the House would agree to a limited continuation of the subsidy.

The main speeches were listened to in almost unbroken silence, and there was complete absence of an uncompromising spirit on any side. Clearly the House was anxious for the last-minute accommodation, and was not disposed to abandon hope.

BE FIRM AND DO JUSTICE.

Mr. Ramsay Macdonald solemnly asked the House, in its hour of trial, to raise themselves to a great triumph. He declared that they were faced with a situation the development and end of which none could visualise. If the miners were going to accept a reduction of wages on the programme of reconstruction they must see the programme of reconstruction first. He respected the Constitution as much as the Conservatives; and whatever their differences they ought not to enter into a dispute with hot heads but with a determination to do justice.

"A SHOCKING DISASTER."

Mr. Churchill gladly recognised that the Trade Union negotiators had striven to ward off a shocking disaster to national life. Government had also striven for peace by words and deeds. He pointed out that all appeals for more time meant a continuation of the subsidy. Government would only agree to this if there was a real chance of a settlement. He said that the miners had practically not budged an inch since last July. He did not believe that continuation of the subsidy would clear up the position.

Mr. Churchill asked what Government could enter into partnership with a rival Government to sit in judgment on every train that ran. Government must shoulder responsibilities even if it was necessary, later, to take steps which if mentioned now might seem drastic. He added that the T. U. C. had only to withdraw its challenge for a general strike, and Government would immediately resume, with utmost patience, the laborious task of the past few weeks.

MR. THOMAS' QUERY.

A significant incident occurred when Mr. Churchill sat down. Mr. Thomas asked the Premier whether the Chancellor's statement meant that if the general strike notices were withdrawn, Government would see that coal notices were withdrawn. Mr. Thomas intimated that he did not expect an immediate answer.

The House melted following Mr. Thomas' query. Immediately afterwards, Mr. Baldwin was in contact with individual Trade Unionists while the miners executive held a special meeting in the House.

A meeting has been arranged between the Cabinet members and the Trade Union Congress men in the House of Commons for to-night.—Reuter's Special.

MR. SAKLATWALA ARRESTED

CHARGE OF MAKING SEDITIOUS SPEECH.

LONDON, May 4.

Mr. Saklatvala, Communist M.P., has been arrested, and will be charged at the Bow Street Police station for making a seditious speech in the Hyde Park.—Reuter.

POWERS OF GOVERNMENT.

LONDON, May 3.

The proclamation of a state of emergency empowers the Government to take all measures deemed necessary for the maintenance of public order and the assurance of essential supplies, transport, etc., under the 1920 Act which enacted that the declaration of a state of emergency may be proclaimed if any action is taken, or immediately threatened, which is calculated, by interference with the supply and distribution of water, fuel, light and means of locomotion, to deprive the community of the essentials of life.

SUPPORT TO GOVT. BY O. M. S.

The Council of the O M. S. (Organisation for the Maintenance of Supplies) announced to-day that its whole organisation has been handed over to Government.

NO ISSUES OF NEWSPAPERS.

Beyond solitary edition of one paper, no evening newspaper appeared, to-day, and none will be printed to-morrow anywhere in the country. Fleet Street usually the hive of industry in the evening has at pre-

(Continued on next page)

HOOLIGANISM LET LOOSE

FRUIT OF COMMUNALISM

PREPARING FOR ELECTIONS

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, April 26.

The all-absorbing topic in Bengal, to-day, is the perfervid spirit of communalism that is running through the veins of the Hindu and Moslem communities. One of the worst features of this extra-zeal on behalf of communalism and the separatist movements among both the communities is the letting loose of hooliganism and rowdyism which were so long dormant. Neither Mayor J. M. Sen Gupta nor Maulana Abul Kalam Azad is being listened to by the forces of disorder and it is exaremely sad that at this juncture the Government have failed to keep in check and suppress the riotous elements of this city which has been abandoned to hooliganism since the last Good Friday. There has been absolute dislocation and suspension of work all around and it has become totally unsafe to walk even in the broad thoroughfares in broad day-light. Burra Bazar and Raza Bazar are said to be honeycombed with Goondas. At such a time like this it is unfortunate that Sir Abdur Rahim has called into being his Bengal Muslim Party. It is openly said that the root-cause of the entire trouble between the two communities is the Aligarh speech of Sir Abdur Rahim but it is now impossible for even Sir Abdur Rahim to lay by the heels the Frankenstein that is now stalking through Bengal, specially in Calcutta and some of the East Bengal districts where in regard to population the Mahomedans occupy a vantage ground. The Bengalee Hindus who have had no lot or part in the present aggressive communalism are not being spared. Mr. B. Chakravarti has sent an urgent message to the Governor to try to restore normal conditions in the city and the Indian Chamber of Commerce has suggested the formation of a Citizens' Militia. One who has the slightest spark of self-respect in him cannot but hang down his head in shame to think that in our fratricidal contests we are to seek the assistance of an alien power. No one can forecast the future of this red communalism in Bengal.

INDIAN NATIONAL PARTY.

The Bengal branch of the Indian National Party is chiefly sponsored by Mr. Surendranath Mullik, C. I. E., and Mr. J. Chaudhuri, son-in-law of Sir Surendranath Banerjea. I understand that the Secretaries Mr. S. M. Bose and Mr. S. K. Guha are knocking their heads against stone walls in trying to recruit members and raise funds for the Party. They regret that there is no enthusiasm among the leaders of the Party, viz., Sir Provash Chunder Mitter, Kt., and Mr. B. Chakravarti. Moreover the recent rapprochment between the Swarajists and Responsivists has nonplussed the Nationals of Bengal and taken the wind out of their sails. Mr. I. B. Sen the main contributor to the columns of the "Bengalee" has lashed himself into a fury over the matter and is sifting his stock of logic to show up the alleged absurdity of the compromise.

SWARAJIST NOMINATIONS.

Srijut Atul Chandra Sen, Secretary, Dacca Congress Committee, has offered himself for election to the Bengal Council from the Dacca urban constituency and Dr. J. N. Maitra, M. B. desires to contest the Calcutta University seat on the local Council. Dr. Maitra is a Fellow of the Senate and a member of the Syndicate of the Calcutta University. Dr. Kumud Sankar Ray desires to stand as a candidate from North Faridpur constituency.

EDUCATION CONFERENCE.

There was an Education Conference at Government House attended by the Hon. Mr. Donald, I. C. S., in charge of Education, the Hon. Mr. Sadulla, M. A., B. L., Minister of Education, in Assam and the representatives of the Calcutta and Dacca Universities. The proceedings of the Conference have been regarded as confidential. The questions discussed were about Primary and Secondary education.

"MANTAIN INTEGRITY OF CAWNPORE RESOLUTION"

MR. HORNIMAN'S MESSAGE TO MRS. NAIDU.

Mr. B. G. Horniman has sent the following telegram to Mrs. Sarojini Naidu, President, Indian National Congress:—

"Regret impossible accept invitation attend meeting as cannot leave Bombay at present. Confident that All-India Congress Committee will maintain full integrity of Cawnpore Resolutions and refuse to accept any proposals involving any breach of principle or intention of those Resolutions which are unassailable unless and until modified by the Congress itself".

CABLE ITEMS

At Manchester Baerlein retained the amateur tennis singles title defeating Hon. 03 Bruce in a challenge round (6/2, 6/0, 6/0.)

Sydney.—In the world's sculling championship over a course of three miles and 167 yards, on the Paramatta river, Major Goodsell beat Tom Saul by seven lengths The winner's time was 23 minutes 1 second.

It is believed that the parents of Biggwither who was killed in an aeroplane accident at Kings Lynn are resident in Burma.

THE KHILAFAT.

MECCA CONGRESS.

TURKEY DECIDES TO PARTICIPATE.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

STAMBOUL, May 4.

Turkey participates in the Mecca Congress.

MANGALORE DISTRICT CONFERENCE.

CHRISTIAN M. L. C SIGNS CONGRESS CREED.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MANGALORE, April 29.

The Mangalore District Political Conference was held here on the 27th and 28th, Mr. Shrinivasarao Kowjalgi presiding. It was well attended, Mr. Gangadharrao Deshpande and other Karnatak leaders being present.

Mr. Saldana, a Christian Madras Council Member who signed the Congress creed was the chairman of the Reception Committee.

The Chairman, welcoming the delegates referred to the compromise. He was glad at the unity among Congressmen. Congress alone fitly claimed the people's allegence. The spiritual guidance of Mahatmaji brought about unity. He referred strongly to forest grievances, the ruin of industries, and the excise policy of Government.

SABARMATI PACT APPROVED

The president congratulated Mangalore on its choice of the Chairman of the Reception Committee. He said that the constructive programme builds strength, and that if Council going should prevent evil discord sown by the bureaueracy, it must transcend caste prejudices and communalism. Khadi should symbolise patriotism as foreign cloth does our slavery. All must join hands in Karnatak unification, and send to Councils candidates favouring unification.

Resolutions were passed approving compromise, calling upon the district to enroll 3,000 members, to collect Rs. 6,000, appreciating National school teachers' work and appealing for the use of khaddar.

Mr. Gangadharrao visited Neeleshwa, a khadi centre and delivered stirring lectures on khadi.

CRICKET IN ENGLAND.

LONDON, May 3.

The match between Leicester and Australia was played in fine weather and before 10,000 spectators. At the close of the day's play, Australia had made 305 runs for 9 wickets. Collins played for three hours and scored 43 runs which included four fours. Bardsley made 33 and Ponsford 56. Gregory played an exhilirating game, scoring 102 not out. He hit one six and 15 fours.

COUNTY MATCHES.

The following were closing scores in county matches:—

Surrey v Hampshire at Oval. Surrey 243 (Sandham 61 Jardine 79).

Hampshire 137 for 6 (Bowell 59 not out). Essex v Yorkshire at Leyton. Yorkshire 359 Rhodes 132, Oldroys 65 Waddington 55. Essex 110 (Kilner 6 for 43 Macaulay 4 for 50).

Notts v Nortamptonshire at Nottingham. Nothants 111 (Bagnall 58 Richmond 5 for 29). Notts 180 (Jupp 6 for 47). Northants, second innings (31 for no wicket).

Lancashire v Warwickshire at Manchester. Lancashire 179 (Watson 60 not out Quaife 4 for 13) and 18 for no wicket. Warwick 140 (Macdonald 5 for 55).

The Cambridge University v Middlesex at Cambridge (Cambridge 89) Middlesex 223 (Hendren 49).—Reuter.

DAVIS CUP.

LONDON, May 3.

At Sutton, South Africa defeated Portugal in the first round of he Davis Cup, winning three out of the first four matches. She now meets Austria in the second round.—Reuter's Special.

CONGRATULATION TO MR. ANDREWS.

Mr. C. F. Andrews has received the following telegrams on his return from his mission in South Africa:—

"Lahore:—Hearty Greeting.—People."
"Madras:—Congratulations your splendid work. Nation's gratitude, yiurs.—Hindu."
"Puri:—Congratulations hopeful progress Indian cause hearty welcome.—Gopaban-dhu."—A.P.

MR ALFRED BRERETON DEAD.

LONDON, May 3.

The death has occurred of Mr. Alfred Brereton.

[Mr. Alfred Brereton C.S.I. whose death took place at the age of 77, entered the Railway branch of the Indian Public Works Department in 1873. He became Assistance Director of the N.W. Ry. in 1887 After several promotions in this and other railways he rose to be Director of Railway Traffic and Deputy Secretary to the Government of India (Railway Dept.) in 1897, and Government Secretaryship in 1901 which he held till 1904 when he retired.)

FATE OF THE PACT.

STRONG OPPOSITION IN A. I. C. C. MEETING.

RESPONSIVISTS ABSTAIN FROM ATTENDING.

DISCUSSION ON COMMONWEALTH BILL.

AHMEDABAD, May 3.

The agenda for the A.I.C.C. meeting contains only the Sabarmati Pact and so far no amendments have been given notice of. It is expected however that question of the Calcutta riots and the South African question will also cme up for discussion.

From informal conversations that took place this morning and again from four to seven in the evening, between Mrs. Naidu, Pandit Motilal Nehru, Mr. Srinivas Iyengar and others from Madras and Jamnadas Mehta from Bombay it is gathered that discussions at working committee meeting tomorrow morning will centre chiefly round interpretation of the terms of the Sabarmati Compromise. It is understood that the C. P. contingent under Mr. Abhyankar and Mr. Vallabhai Patel with his group have agreed to vote with the Madras and Bombay sections on the pact.

No definite decision can however be arrived at in absence of Muslim leaders who are expected to arrive here to-morrow morning. Mr. Horniman will also attend the A.I.C.C. meeting at the special invitation of Mrs. Naidu. Liberal leaders who have decided not to attend have sent messages expressing good wishes and sympathy. If the pact is confirmed the possibility of of a special session of the Congress to mark the reunion of all Parties under its flag is hinted at.

The time of the A.I.C.C. meeting has been fixed for 7 p.m. to-morrow in view of municipal addresses to some leaders.

After informal meetings, Pandit Motilal Nehru, Mrs. Naidu and others have just motored to Ashram to confer with Mahatma Gandhi who broke silence at 8 p.m. Conference is still in progress.—A.P.

AHMEDABAD, May 4.

The National Party group including Mrs. Besant and Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya have accepted the invitation of Mrs. Naidu and will take part in the A. I. C. C. discussions in their individual capacities. They had no time to obtain the permission of their Party to represent it at the A. I. C. C. meeting and any decisions that might be arrived at will therefore be subject to the Party's confirmation. Their attitude, it is understood, will be determined by the trend of discussions at the Working Committee which is now in session.

They will take advantage of every opportunity afforded by the developments during the A. I. C. C. meetings to get the Pact ratified in which case the following important issues will be raised and discussed: The working of the Reforms by the method of co-operation 'cum' opposition, Khaddar wearing to be made optional, constitution of a joint Selection Board for the nomination of candidates for the forthcoming elections and the modification of the Congress constitution so as to ensure direct representation in it of all political associations. On the successful outcome of the discussions on these issues will depend the decision of the question whether an urgent meeting of the Executive Committee of the National Party should meet.

It is definitely understood that the National Party group will support Mr. Kelkar's interpretation of the Pact involving acceptance of offices under the present conditions. This, it is expected, might clash with the attitude of the Swarajists who have made it clear that the response will be considered satisfactory by them only when an all-round advance on the existing conditions under the Reforms Act is secured. A formula reconciling these two opposing sections, has, it is understood, been evolved and will come up for private discussion before the A. I. C. C. meets.—A. P.)

JOIN THE CONGRESS.

SUGGESTIONS TO INDEPENDENTS

AHMEDABAD, May 4.

(12.30 p.m.)—Diwan Bahadur Ramachandra Rao and Venkatapathi Raju, members of the Independent Party in the Assembly, have, it is understood, circularised their colleagues in the Assembly, making the following suggestions in view of the terms of the Sabarmati Pact:—

(1) We should join the Congress and sign the creed accepting the programme of the Responsive Co-operators' Party.

(2) We should also accept the compromise that may be arrived at finally between Responsive Co-operators and Congressmen at Sabarmati on the 5th and 6th of May.

(3) We should accept the decision of the Congress at Assam, or of any other Special Congress, which may be held in the meanwhile, in regard to the points that may be referred to it by the Conference at Sabarmati.

(4) In the matter of selection of candidates, members of the Independent Party in the Assembly, who agree to abide by the aforesaid terms, should be adopted as Congress candidates, if they desire to stand subject to any modifications that may be agreed upon.

(5) Adequate facilities should be afforded for due representation of views of all shades of opinion that join the Congress.—Free Press of India.

COME WITH AN OPEN MIND.

ATTITUDE OF SIND CONGRESS.

AHMEDABAD, May 4.

(12 noon).—About six members have come from Sindh for the meeting of the All-India Congress Committee. Amongst them are Swami Govindanand, Mr. Durgadas Adwani and Mr. Sidhwa.

To a "Free Press" representative Swami Govindanand said that the majority opinion in the Sindh Congress circles favoured the pact, but those who had come had come with an open mind.—Free Press of India.

"THROW OUT THE PACT."

AHMEDABAD, May 4.

"Throw out the Sabarmati pact, lock stock and barrel" is the sentiment largely expressed by the majority of the members of the All-India Congress Committee who have so far arrived and are lodged at the Gujerat Vidyapith premises specially reserved for visitors to the All-India Congress Committee meeting.

Mr. Sen Gupta arrived at Ahmedabad last night with a contingent of six delegates. This morning's Gujerat Mail brought a large contingent of leaders and workers attending the meeting of the All-India Congress Committee. The programme for the day consists of the meeting of the Working Committee in the morning presentation of an address to leaders by the Ahmedabad Municipality at 5-30 p.m. and the meeting of the All-India Congress Committee at 7 p.m. Besides members of the All-India Congress Committee, leaders of the Indian National Party have also arrived.

Out of the total strength of 350 members of the All-India Congress Committee the attendance is not expected to exceed 100.—Free Press of India.

TRAVESTY OF PACT.

RESPONSIVISTS' OBJECTIONS.

AHMEDABAD, May 4.

The Congress Working Committee is holding a prolonged sitting. At 1-30 p.m. it had not concluded its labours, while in Bombay, on the eve of her departure for Ahmedabad, Mrs. Naidu had extended invitation to leading Responsivists to attend the meeting of the Working Committee which is to consider the Sabarmati Pact. At the last moment, however, leading Responsivists, who were arranging to start for the Working Committee, changed their intention as a result of certain communications they received from Mrs. Naidu and Pandit Motilal Nehru. The Responsivist leaders are reticent over the matter. But, it is understood, as they were starting for the Working Committee, the Assistant Secretary of the All-India Congress Committee handed them what purported to be a new draft resolution, explaining the Sabarmati pact, in terms which they (the Responsivists) considered to be a travesty of the Sabarmati pact.

ONLY A DRAFT.

On enquiry, it is said, they were informed that it was the draft resolution which Pandit Motilalji desired should be considered as a substitute for the Sabarmati Pact. Upon this, leading Responsivists, it is stated, wrote to Mrs. Naidu enquiring as to what was the exact position They offered to attend the Working Committee, irrespective of the fate of the pact, if both Mrs. Naidu and Pandit Motilal Nehru, two signatories to the pact, proposed to stand by it. In reply Mrs. Naidu, it is said, renewed her invitation pointing out that the new formula was only in the nature of a draft.

RESPONSIVISTS DO NOT ATTEND.

The Responsivists did not however attend the meeting of the Working Committee. They have, however, communicated to Mrs. Naidu the text of the resolution regarding the pact passed by the Responsive Co-operation Party at its yesterday's meeting at Bombay.—Free Press.

A. I. C. C. MEETING.

PROCEEDINGS DELAYED.

AHMEDABAD, May 4.

The meeting of the All-India Congress Committee which was advertised to take place at 7 p.m. could not be held till 9 p.m. owing to Mahatma Gandhi, Pandit Motilal Nehru, Mrs. Naidu and some leading Responsivists being engaged in an informal conference over the question of the pact.

Pandit Motilal Nehru and Mrs. Naidu arrived at 8-45 p.m. The proceedings commenced at 9 p.m., about 70 members being present. Mrs. Naidu said that the Working Committee had invited Responsivist leaders to attend its meeting which was to consider the Sabarmati Pact, as well any

(Continued on next page).

cal. 4.

SEQUEL TO RIOTS

NOTICES SERVED ON "A. B. PATRIKA" & "FORWARD."

UNDER SECTIONS 153-A, I. P. C. 108 C. P. C.

CALCUTTA, May 3.

As a sequel to the recent Calcutta riots, notices have been served on the Editor and Printer of the "Amrita Bazar Patrika", under Sections 153-A, I. P. C., and 108, Criminal Procedure Code. The case will be heard on the 5th instant.

Notices under Section 108, C. P. C., has also been served on the Editor and Printer of "Forward."—Free Press of India.

SITUATION REASSURING IN CALCUTTA.

ROUNDING UP OF GOONDAS CONTINUES.

CALCUTTA, May 3.

The situation in Calcutta continues to be reassuring and it is likely that peace will be restored in the city in a day or two. The shopkeepers in Burrabazar district—the area most affected— are still wary in re-opening their shops but conditions have considerably improved in Canning Street, College Street and Cornwallis Street and even in certain parts of Harrison Road. The round up of goondas continues and 25 more arrests were effected to-day in Jorasanko alone. Only one body was removed to the morgue to-day, that of a man who died in the Medical College Hospital of wounds previously received. No fresh cases of stabbing or assault were reported.

PRESS OWNERS ARRESTED.

Bail has refused to Gajendrachandra Hore who was arrested on Saturday in Connection with setting fire to a bullock cart laden with jute. Pratapchandra Dutt and Biswes-war Chatterjee of Suryo-day Press and Narendranath De, Proprietor of the Oriental Printing Works who were arrested in connection with the printing of certain objectionable leaflets were further remanded to custody, bail being refused. Three rickshaw coolies who were arrested on charges of trespass and rioting were allowed bail by the Chief Presidency Magistrate.

The case in which J. Spence of Gauripore Mills is charged with culpable homicide not amounting to murder came up for hearing before Mr. Holland, Sub-Divisional Officer, Barackpore but after examination of three witnesses the case was adjourned to May 8th.

MAIL BAGS STOLEN.

Two mail bags belonging to Messrs. Martin and Co. (the contents of which are not yet known) are reported to have been stolen from the booking office of Howrah Maidan station. The Howrah police are making enquiries.—A.P.

SEQUEL TO CALCUTTA RIOTS

CALCUTTA, May 3.

Two cases arising out of the recent riots came up to-day in High Court for hearing. In the first case a Mahomedan was charged before Justice Gregory presiding over criminal sessions, with murder, culpable homicide and rioting. Prosecution case was that on the forenoon of April 4 the accused with other Mahomedans attacked a Hindu at Colootola Street and stabbed him to death. The hearing of the case is proceeding.

In the second case which came up before Mr. Justice Suhrawardy and Mr. Justice Duval two Bhatia merchants and their Durwan moved against order of the Additional Presidency Magistrate convicting them under Section 68 of the Calcutta Police Act of riotous conduct and sentencing them to eight days' rigorous imprisonment each. Their Lordships issued rule and granted bail.—A.P.

FINANCIAL LOSS DUE TO RIOTS.

AN M. L C'S SUGGESTION.

CALCUTTA, May 4.

In a Press interview Mr. D. P. Khaitan, M. L. C., describes the effect of the riots upon business, estimates the financial loss, and suggests methods by which confidence may be restored. "The turnover of business", says Mr. Khaitan, "in one month, would be over 40 crores. Trade has not only received a setback, but has been lost to Calcutta. Europeans and Indians have both been adversely affected, but Indians have lost more, because they handle some portion of the trade which do not pass through European hands. Picketing and patrolling in Burrabazar should be continued for two months more, and Government should declare that such is their intention. Government should consult leaders of both the communities and deal with the root cause of the trouble with firmness."

The Central Provinces Government have led the way in this direction. Mixed forces of volunteers should be raised, encouraged and maintained and work in co-operation with the police.—Free Press of India.

JOINT DEFENCE PARTIES.

CALCUTTA, May 4.

Defence parties consisting of three Hindus and three Musalmans have been formed in every ward of Barisal Town to make over to the authorities outside persons coming to the town with mischievous designs.—Free Press of India.

CALCUTTA RIOTS.

LORD OLIVIER'S COMMENTS.

Lord Olivier Ex-Secretary of State for India, writes as follows to "The Times":—

Whatever Sir Michael O'Dwyer writes on Indian affairs carries so much persuasion to many that when, as in his letter in "The Times" to-day on the Calcutta riots, his conclusions appear fallacious, it may be serviceable that their fallacy should be indicated. In this case it is the familiar 'post hoc, ergo propter hoc,' attributing religious faction fights to the Montagu-Chelmsford reforms.

Like Sir Michael O'Dwyer I do not think the present Reformed Constitution satisfactory (I have explained why in Parliament) but, paying as I have done, close attention to these religious riots, I have never seen any sign of any evidence that they have been, in fact provoked by any reactions, of that constitution, and I should be very much interested to know if any can be adduced. The positive provoking incident is invariably some ebullition of the particular kind of gross religious bad manners most highly exemplified in the Belfast Orangeman, the playing of bands outside mosques, contempt of the cow, or some similar quite non-political idiotcy by no means peculiar to Indians. The controversies about the constitution of the North-West Province and Bihar and Orissa, to which Sir M. O'Dwyer refers, are, in fact, on the political terrain, and the contestants are not breaking each other's heads over them, but dickering in quite orthodox political fashion.

On the other hand, what appears 'prima facie' to be the true explanation has been repeatedly explicitly given me by most distinguished and liberal-minded Indian gentlemen of both religious persuasions, namely, that with increasing national feeling in India there has been increasing religious fanaticism and tendency to proselytism, both among Hindus and Moslems. But this, and its concomitant phenomenon of faction fighting in the ranks of the mob is historically part of the invariable growing pains of the consolidation of nationalism in all countries and in all ages, in the course of progress towards ordered constitutionalism. Both this, and the demand for constitutional change, are symptoms of the same thing. One is not the cause of the other. Such growing pains cost us in England, more bloodshed proportionally than they are likely to cost India, where we can still keep order. They have cost a good deal in Ireland. I am afraid that Sir Michael O'Dwyer might perhaps still regard that fact as having been, in Ireland, as he would have it regarded in India, a good reason for ignoring nationalism and refusing it development of national constitutional forms. But that is for most of us an impossible position to hold.

THE LAWRENCE STATUE.

GOVT'S CONCESSION TO POPULAR DEMAND.

LAHORE, May 3.

The long drawn out controversy about the pose of the Lawrence statue on the Lahore Mall and the inscription on it "Will you be governed by pen or sword" which were subject of keen and unpleasant discussions in press, platform and in the Legislative Council and which were strongly resented to by a large section of the Indian public, expression to which feeling was given by the local Congress Committee sending batches of volunteers to remove the statue from its present position which resulted in the arrest and conviction of a large number of Congress volunteers appears now to have ended by the Government, by partially acceding to the wishes of people in that they have removed the inscription objected to.

The old inscription has been totally removed and a new inscription has been put in its place bearing the following words:—

"With pen and sword I served you." This change in the inscription has been effected quietly without any public statement on the subject. The pose of the statue, however, remains the same and the statue continues to hold a pen in the right hand and a sword in the left. It may be recalled that in October last year some unknown persons committed an act of vandalism by removing the pen and breaking the sword, which, however, were promptly restored by the Government.—A.P.

THE KANGRA VALLEY RAILWAY

PATHANKOTE, May 3.

Sir Malcolm Hailey performed the ceremony of cutting the first sod of the Kangra Valley, before a large assemblage of civil, military and railway officers. Col. Walton, Agent, North Western Railway said the Kangra Valley was very rich in tea, fruit, rice and vegetables and had several important places of pilgrimage.

The Governor expressed confidence that the railway staff would ensure early completion and they would also push on with the Mandi Hydro-electric scheme. This railway would not only give valuable and long-sought expansion of their communications by virtue of its connection with the Mandi scheme but it was an essential part of a project which would minister to the industrial development to the improvement of life in towns and to the provision of facilities necessary for more profitable use of their great agricultural resources.—A.P.

A Madras message says:—By a margin of five goals to nil the Eversleigh Boys' Club beat the M. C. C. in hockey match on Monday evening at Chepauk.

"GENERAL STRIKE IS ON'.

(Continued from previous page).

sent a desolate appearance with the exception of hundreds of empty vans.

STOCK EXCHANGE TO REMAIN OPEN.

(Tuesday).—The Stock Exchange will not be closed on account of the crisis. The Bank of England has already organised fleet of charabancs for its staff's strike service.

Regulations under the Emergency Powers Act, inter alia, empower Government to seize food, forage and fuel stores and vehicles and horses They also entitle police to search any building and arrest any one without warrant and prohibit meetings and processions.

TRUTH ABOUT CHURCHILL INCIDENT.

The incident mentioned last night in which Mr. Churchill was mobbed while proceeding from Downing Street to White Hall is minimised by spectators who declare that the crowd blocked the Chancellor's path through the force of numbers, but little hostitlity was displayed.

TROOPS LAND AT LIVERPOOL.

(Monday).—Two battalions of infantry landed at Liverpool from Plymouth and marched through the city replete with steel helmets, rifles and equipment.

Government has received information that railwaymen and transport workers are determined not to allow any traffic on the road or rail, to-morrow.

"EVENING STANDARD" INCIDENT.

The "Evening Standard" did not publish, to-day, on account of the mechanical workers objecting to a news item in the noon edition that the War Office has permitted the reserve officers to volunteer their services to the local authorities with a proviso that a potential military liability has a priority over all other liabilities.—Reuter's Special.

SERVICES BROKEN DOWN.

HELP OF VOLUNTEERS TRIED TO BE OBTAINED.

LONDON, May 4.

An official statement broadcast to-day states that the London milk transport service is working according to the scheme, and long distance milk and fish trains arrived according to the schedule. The London Underground Railway and Omnibus Combine notify that they are endeavouring to operate services with voluntary labour, but the extent of their working will depend on the number of volunteers. The Trunk Railway Companies hope to run passenger trains during day.

RAILWAY STATIONS PICKETED.

Meantime, reports from provinces show that services are practically non-existent. The principal stations at Manchester were picketed but one or two trains managed to leave the London termini. Hundreds of railway clerks and supervisory grades resumed their ordinary duties at Hull after telegraphing to the Executive disapproving of the strike action. News from the Provinces shows that the strike is being observed in industries embraced in the Trade Union Congress order but work is proceeding in other industries including the Clyde and Sunderland shipyards, Northampton boot factories and Leicester hosiery factories. The number of potteries have stopped owing to lack of coal. At Belfast the business is going on as usual.— Reuter.

AMAZING APPEARANCE

PASSENGERS MAKING WAY TO OFFICES.

LONDON, May 4.

The London streets present an amazing and unparalleled appearance as the result of measures taken by business people to reach their daily work consequent on the complete withdrawal of the usual means of passenger transport. From early hours crowds of all ages and classes of community started to foot it from the suburbs on a walk of several miles to the town. In many instances they called at stations *en route* only to find the gates closed. A few stray private buses which have not joined strike were overweighted with passengers hanging on in a most precarious manner. Other conveyances pressed into service were motor-bicycles with crowded sidecars, hundreds of long-discarded bicycles with the rider, in many cases, carrying a pillion passenger, and a few stray lorries which were picking up the footsore.

CARS PROCEED AT SNAIL'S PACE.

A most wonderful sight, however, was presented by thousands of motor-cars which quickly caused an enormous congestion especially in the West End and main roads leading to the city. Despite the presence of hundreds of mounted and foot police directing the traffic cars were only able to proceed at a snail's pace with long holdups. The Thames Embankment, one of the widest thoroughfares in London, presented a remarkable scene with motor vehicles in serried ranks of six and eight abreast going at the rate of about two miles an hour. Fortunately the weather is very fine and utmost good humour prevails. The business was seriously handicapped as hundreds of cars were still trying to reach their destination at noon.—Reuter's Special.

EFFECT ON DAILY PAPERS.

LONDON, May 4.

With the pre-midnight shifts working the press, most of the morning newspapers have survived the strike barrage, but they appear in very small dimensions with such explanatory notices as the "Emergency Edition" and the "Special Strike Number." Their pages are almost exclusively devoted to the momentous [illegible] following the coal stoppag[illegible] echo the Premier's exhortation for steadiness.

The "Daily Telegraph" declares that the general strike is bound to fail and fail soon.

The "Daily News" is of opinion that "when this miserable and unnecessary struggle is over", Government and Parliament will have to turn to the Coal Commission's report.

The "Daily Herald" says: "Whatever is the outcome it will certainly mark the dismissal of Toryism to the limbo of antiquated beliefs."

The "Westminster Gazette" thinks there is reason to fear that Mr. Baldwin suddenly put his foot down at the wrong moment and on the wrong point.

The "Daily Express" asserts that the strike will fail speedily and the danger is that it might result in such a crushing victory for Government as to create the possibility of reactionary influences seeking to exploit it.—Reuter's Special.

JOURNALISTS' DECISION.

LONDON, May 4

The Executive of the National Union of Journalists has decided that its members shall not strike but shall not work in other newspaper departments nor do their own work if non-Union labour is introduced. It is expected that the Government newspaper will be published to-morrow.

"The Manchester Guardian" promises its subscribers a free small typescript sheet containing news and comments.—Reuter.

GERMAN MINERS' MANIFESTO.

LONDON, May 3.

Essen.—The German Miners' Federation has issued a manifesto adhering to the Brussels agreement, and recommends miners not to work overtime.—Reuter.

DUTCH SYMPATHY TO STRIKERS

LONDON, May 3.

Rotterdam.—The transport workers Federation has exhorted its members not to assist in loading coal to Britain, and not to work on those vessels entering Nieuwe-waterweg for the purpose of bunkering which, normally, are bunkered in Britain. —Reuter.

FIGHT TO THE LAST.

JAPS TO THE RESCUE OF STRIKERS

LONDON, May 3.

Tokio.—The Japanese transport workers have cabled to the British transport workers to fight to the last.

It is reported that leading Labour organisations are discussing the question of supporting the British strikers.—Reuter.

INDIAN WORKERS' SYMPATHY.

TRADE UNION CONGRESS' MESSAGE.

The All-India Trade Union Congress has sent following cablegram to Trade Union Congress General Council and the "Daily Herald" London:—

"Indian Workers express sympathy offer cooperation with the British workers in their great fight for maintenance of standards of life. Wish success."—A. P.

LAHORE WORKERS' RESOLUTIONS.

LAHORE, May 3.

At a largely attended meeting of the Trade unions and labourers of Lahore, resolutions were passed expressing sympathy with the coal miners on strike in England in their period of trial, promising them all support, requesting Government of India to reinstate all strikers who were not taken back after last N. W. Railway strike and urging Government to take action on the recommendation of the Muddiman Committee regarding increased representation of Labour in legislatures and on resolutions of the All-India Trade Union Congress by giving adequate and direct representation to Labour in all legislative and public bodies of the province. The meeteing appealed to labourers throughout India to refuse to take part in communal quarrels and characterised recent riots in India as results of selfishness and greed of capitalists.—A.P.

FATE OF THE PACT.

(Continuous from previous page).

other formula proposed in regard to it. The Responsivist leaders, however, did not see their way to respond to the invitation till 5 p.m. Owing to engagements in connection with presentation of municipal address, the conference with Responsivists had to be postponed for a while and was resumed at 6.30. Discussion with the Responsivists went on till 8 p.m. As yet no understanding had been reached. The discussion showed that the Swarajists and Responsivists had approached the Pact from different view points.

She, however, had faith in the collective wisdom and sagacity of the house and its anxiety to maintain the integrity of Congress. Mrs. Naidu also extended a cordial welcome to the seaders of the Indian National Party, and apologised to them for the delay in beginning the proceedings. She had invited them in the hope of the pact satisfying all parties, and affording ground for larger unity. Mrs. Naidu also extended a cordial welcome to Dr. Besant and her followers. She next announced that Mahatma Gandhi and leaders of the Indian National Party would shortly join the meeting.

Leaders of the Responsive Co-operation Party were conspicuous by their absence. Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya was, however, present.

Mrs. Naidu next asked permission of the house to approve of the principal resolution welcoming the new turn in the South African affairs and conveying thanks to Mahatma Gandhi, Mr. C. F. Andrews and others.

Mr Satyamurthi and Babu Shooprasad Gupta objected to the adoption of the resolution which was not yet drafted. Further consideration wa sadjourned to a later stage.

COMMONWEALTH BILL.

Pandit Motilal Nehru moved that a committee consisting of Messrs. Srinivasa Iyengar, Rangaswami Iyengar, and C. Rajagopalachari with Mr. B. Shiva Rao as consultant be appointed to report on the merits of the Commonwealth of India Bill to the All-India Congress Committee. Pandit Motilal Nehru paid a tribute to Dr. Besant's endeavours on behalf of the Bill.

Mr. Sayamulthi opposed the resolution as being inconsistent with the demands made in the Assembly, and as likely to commit the Committee to support the Bill.

Mr. Prakasam also opposed the motion on the ground that it was sprung on the Committee. Mr. B. Das supported the motion. Swami Govindananda opposed the motion on the ground that the Committee could not go into details of any settlement until there was response from Government.

Mr. Suryavelu Chettiar also opposed the motion. Mr. Sidhva supported the motion.

Maulana Mahamed Ali suggested that one Mahomedan member be appointed on the Committee to represent the Moslem view. Maulana Yakub Hassan's name was thereupon added.

Pandit Motilal Nehru replied to the criticism.

At this stage Mahatma Gandhi arrived and was received by the whole house standing. Pandit Motilal's resolution for the appointment of the Committee was put to the vote and lost by a large majority.

The President, then, once again welcomed the leaders of the Indian National Party and repeated the remarks she had made in the beginning and concluded by hoping that they would appreciate the spirit in which she had invited them. Mrs. Naidu next called upon Mr. Rangaswami Iyengar to place the Sabarmati Pact before the meeting.

A Bengal delegate rose and drew attention to the Calcutta riots. Mr. Mazumdar, another Bengal delegate, formally moved the adjournment of the house to consider the Calcutta riots. Mr. Sen.Gupta suggested that some time should be allotted for the consideration of the questions arising from the Calcutta riots. At Mrs. Naidu's request Mr. Mazumdar withdrew his resolution.

Sir M. V. Joshi next publicly thanked Mrs. Naidu, for her courtesy in inviting the leaders of the Indian National Party and agreed with her that the gravity of the situation in the country demanded the action she took.

SABARMATI PACT.

Mr. Rangaswami Iyengar then formally placed the Sabarmati Pact before the meeting.

Pandit Motilal Nehru made a statement on the question. He said that the discussions had showed that the Swarajists and the Responsivists had approached the pact from different viewpoints. The Swarajists wanted not to work the reforms except under certain circumstances and within specified limits, while the Responsivists wanted to work the Reforms for what they were worth, if some minor concessions were made. Pandit Motilalji had in mind the substantial advance which practically ensured provincial autonomy.

CAUSE OF ABSTENTION.

At this stage Mrs. Naidu received a letter from Mr. Jayakar explaining the Responsivists' abstention. The letter stated that as Panditji had informed them that he was abandoning the pact owing to the interpretations put on it, they did not think any useful purpose could be served by their attending the meeting.

Panditji referring to the letter said that he was not declining to adhere to the pact but to the interpreation put on it. He was prepared to adhere to the pact as he understood it. Panditji said that the position was that the signatories to the pact had signed it with different impressions. And the result was that the pact had automatically dropped.

Mrs. Naidu asked Sir M. V. Joshi to make some remarks. Sir M. V. Joshi replied that in the absence of any proposal in place of the pact, he or his colleagues could make no contribution.

Maulana Mohamed Ali was of opinion that the Congress had tolerated rebels, and rebellion too long. They wanted to tolerate no more rebellion. He was glad that the Committee was spread the indignity of the pact. Rebels may come or go but the Congress must go on.

Mr. Srinivasa Iyengar said that he welcomed Panditji's efforts at compromise but such efforts should be consistent with the principles of the Congress. He was more than satisfied that Panditji never contemplated a surrender as the brevity of the Sabarmati pact had suggested at first sight. He was sorry the pact failed owing to different mentalities. He wishes that the Congress door should be kept open to make it easy for all to come in. He was confident the Congress Committee would support the pact if the Responsivists accepted what Panditji had in mind. He moved a vote of thanks to Panditji for his noble efforts and sympathised with him for the misleading and misinformed criticism he had to face. He was followed by Mr. Kamat and Mr. Prakasam. Mr. Joglekar seconded the vote of thanks. The meeting is proceeding.—Free Press of India.

A. I. C. C. DENOUNCED.

LEAFLETS BROADCAST IN AHMEDABAD.

AHMEDABAD, May 4.

Leaflets are being circulated amongst members of the All-India Congress Committee denouncing the Committee. One leaflet is signed by Mr. U. S. Venkataraman of Madras, and another also printed at Madras is over the pseudonym of "Ransika."—Free Press of India.

SALONIKA MUTINY ECHO.

LEADERS GRANTED AMNESTY & RELEASED.

LONDON, May 3.

Athens.—The three Majors who were recently sentenced to death as leaders of the Salonika mutiny have been granted amnesty and released.—Reuter.

Previous messages bearing on the subject, dated Athens, April 13, are given below:—

"An extraordinary courtmartial has sentenced to death Colonel Zavellas and Major Karakoutis, leaders of the Karabornou mutiny and sentenced seven other officers to various terms of imprisonment.

"Colonel Bakirdji has also been sentenced to death but the capital sentences have been communted."

A "MANUFACTURED INTERVIEW."

MR. RANGASWAMI'S CONTRADICTION.

(From our Correspondent.)

SABARMATI, MAY 4.

Mr. S. Srinivasa Iyengar strongly regrets that the "Free Press of India" has manufactured an interview when there was none such. Mr. A. Rangaswami Iyengar contradicts the alleged interview published by the Free Press of India and states that no such interview took place and that the statement of the views attributed to him was incorrect and wholly misleading.

ADDRESS TO CONGRESS LEADERS.

AHMEDABAD, May 4.

The Ahmedabad Municipality have erected a special pandal in the compound of the Municipal Office for presentation of an address to Congress leaders this evening. The pandal is tastefully and simply decorated.—Free Press of India.

NOBLE SELF SACRIFICE.

MUNICIPAL ADDRESS TO LEADERS.

AHMEDABAD, May 4.

On behalf of the Ahmedabad Municipality in the presence of a distinguished gathering Mr Vallabhai Patel, President of the city Municipality, read the following addresses of welcome to Pandit Motilal Nehru, Mrs. Naidu, Mrs. Besant and Maulana Shaukat Ali

In welcoming Pandit Motilal Nehru, Mr. Vallabhai Patel said, "Though engrossed in our own humble work of serving this great city to the best of our ability, we have been following your self-sacrificing labours in the interest of the country in face of overwhelming difficulties. Your response to the nation's call and your great and noble sacrifice for the sake of the nation have served as a stimulus to us in the humble sphere of the service that occupies our attention."

THE PRAISE OF THE CHARKHA.

In the welcome to Mrs. Naidu, the address said: "We have been following with great interest and pleasure your continued tours through the country in pursuit of your mission of bringing about unity among the people of India professing various religions, your mission of the beautiful and simple message of the spinning wheel, the symbol of the purity of Indian womanhood, the simplicity of our villagers, the mainstay of India's teeming millions during their leisure hours, of the removal of the evil of untouchability from Hinduism."

A NOBLE EXAMPLE.

In welcoming Dr Besant the address says "You have made this country your home. Your selfless devotion to its cause has endeared you to all those who are working for the uplift of this vast country. The tremendous energy and zeal with which you pursue your many activities serve as a noble example, worthy of emulation by all, the young and the old."

HIS SELFLESS SERVICE.

The welcome address to Moulana Shaukat Ali reads "We have watched with great admiration the selfless service that has followed your labours in the cause of Islam, and it has given us great comfort and satisfaction that you have used your great influence always on the side of peace and unity among all the communities that make the Indian Nation."

LEADERS' REPLY.

In replying to the Municipal address, Dr. Besant thanked the Municipality and said she considered civic administration to be important.

Mrs. Naidu in replying said that theirs was a city which had sent the message of love and service to the whole world. She agreed with Mahatmaji that the greatest service that could be rendered by the municipality was giving pure milk supply for children, who are the torch bearers of to-morrow, and that would be the truest symbol of freedom.

Pandit Motilal Nehru also preferred civic life to national life and said that it would have been better if he had taken to it.

Maulana Shaukat Ali said he would not like that there should be any difference of opinions in municipal affairs amongst members. "My heart", said the Maulana "is heavy to-day. This country of ours must have unity and peace in all matters and must live as neighbours in civic as well as national life. I warn you that if you allow present conditions to continue and adopt a policy of drift, there will be rivers of blood and you will be responsible for it."

After singing the National song the gathering dispersed.—Free Press of India.

To quickly get rid of Sciatica

There are many things capable of giving temporary relief from the agony of Sciatica, but you will find that De Witt's Pills do much more than this. They reach the **cause** of the trouble. They enable your kidneys to dispose of the uric acid that is irritating the great sciatic nerve and thus completely banish your pain.

You need not hesitate to try De Witt's Pills. They have been used successfully for upwards of forty years and many thousands of people praise them as a reliable and speedy remedy for Sciatica.

Ask your Chemist To-day for

De WITT'S

KIDNEY AND BLADDER

PILLS

The circular enclosed in every box gives full directions for the use of De Witt's Pills, and they may be taken with confidence and safety by men, women and children. *De Witt's Pills are never touched by hand and they contain no animal fats nor any harmful or habit-forming drugs.* Take them for *Scalding Pains, Rheumatism, Urinary Disorders, Backache, Bladder Trouble, Lumbago, Sciatica, or painful Joints* and in every case they will give prompt relief and quickly effect a cure. Your nearest chemist sells De Witt's Pills and the moderate price places them within your easy reach. Ask for a box to-day.

The best and most effective
TONIC OF THE DAY

REGD.
BIRJAYA RASAYANA

Combines the ancient Indian recipes with the Latest Discoveries of Modern Science.

It infuses new life and virility to the weak. Strongly recommended in cases of absence of vigour, Relaxation, Feebleness and premature senility.

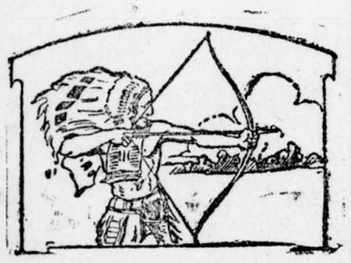
For increasing the retentive power it stands unrivalled. Largely used by men of position and affluence. Prepared under personal supervision of Medical Practitioner.

Price—Ordy. Rs. 5 per phial, with musk Gold and Makaradwaja etc. Rs.10 per phial
LOCAL STIMULANT For Advanced Case Rs. 5 per phial.
THE KRISHNA CHEMICAL WORKS,(B.C.)
Post Box 11435, CALCUTTA.

A COMBINATION FOR THE RICH TO BECOME MANLY AND HEALTHY
ANANGA PROBHA YAKUTI
is the best nerve tonic for overworked and used up energy and the quickest stimulant for rejuvenating the old a hopeless impotent. This is the leading tonic of the day. Price Rs. 10 for 30 Pills.

ANANGA PROBHA OIL.
An exernal liniment of the highest edicacy to bring about rapid and lasting sensation in the most hopeless impotent. Rs. 15 for a Tola.
Rajvaidya Narayanji Keshabji,
177 (B.), Harrison Road, Calcutta.

WHAT IS YOUR GOAL



Many people SAVE for rainy days.
Some people SAVE for a Home or a Motor Car.
Some SAVE for Holiday Enjoyment.
Others in order to give education to their children when they grow up.
Some SAVE to live comfortably when they retire from active work.
Others SAVE to see their children live comfortably after them.
Whatever be your goal the only SURE way of reaching it is by Regular Saving and Prudent Investing.
Choose your goal, and open a HOME SAVINGS BANK account with the CENTRAL BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.
Determine what you should save each month and deposit that amount regularly

S. N. POCHKHANAWALA,
Managing Director

THE MINERS' EXECUTIVE.

Courtesy:—"Manchester Guardian."

The Executive of the British Miners' Federation, whose rejection of the Mineowners' terms has given rise to one of the most serious industrial crisis which Great Britain has been called upon to face. In the centre of the photo is Mr. Herbert Smith (President) and just behind him, to the left, is Mr. A. J. Cook (Secretary)

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

May 4.

Savoia, Locatelli, Durban.
Lamba Maru, Hideshima, Kobe.

DEPARTURES.

May 5.

Barpeta, Benne, Bucreh.
Mawe, Svensent, Bangkok.
Streefkerk, Coer Kemp, Antwerp.

LOADING.

May 4.

Steamer British Fern for Mahomerah.
Steamer Atlantic for Liverpool.
Steamer Gazana for Rangoon.

VESSELS IN THE BOMBAY DOCKS.

(TUESDAY, May 4.)

ALEXANDRA DOCK.

1 Sturmfels, 3834, Karachi, 5/5, L E Edwards, Ltd.
2 Rajputana, 9415, London, 8/5, M M and Co.
3 Streefkerk, 3823, Hamburg, 5/5, E. D. Sassoon and Co.
4 Aquileia, 4201 Genoa 15/5 L T & M Italiana.
5 Crewe Hall, 2691, U S.A. 8/5. F F Campbell and Co.
6 Dumana, 5112, Plymouth, 6/5, M M and Co.
7 Crostafels, 3080, Karachi, N.F., L Edwards Ltd.
8 C/o Benares, 4477, Calcutta, 6/5, F F Campbell and Co.
10 Karagola, 3647, Durban, 10/5, M M and Co.
11 C/Canton 4471, Karachi, 8/5, K Nixon and Co.
12 C/o Agra, 3116, N F, N F, F F Campbell and Co.
13 Jeypore, 3209, Japan, 8/5, M M and Co.
14 Werdenfels, 3852, Antwerp 9/5, L Edwards Ltd.
BPS Delta, 4739, Japan 29/5, M M and Co.

VICTORIA DOCK.

1 Glenluss, 2696, Christmas Island, 6/5, L Edwards Ltd.
2 Massilia, 3281, Liverpool, 8/5, Graham Tdg Co.
4 Barpeta, 1877, P Gulf, 5/5, M M and Co.
5 Serbistan, 1864, Kobe, 4/5, O S Kaisha.
6 Arioste, 5768 Hull, 7/5, J Finlay and Co
7 Ahmedi, 1331, P Gulf, N F S Assam and Co.
8 Indo Maru, 3559, Japan, 5/5, O S Kaisha.
9 Gange, 1933, Karachi, 4/5, L Triestino and M I S N Co.
10/11 C/o Florence, 4391, Calcutta, 6/5, F F Campbell and Co.
12/13 Simla, 3810. Colombo, 6/5 Grahams Trading Co.
15 Bamora, 1878, P. Gulf, 12/5, M M and Co.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

A Yamagata Maru, 2322, Kobe, 12/5, N Y Kaisha.
P Gazana, 3191, Calcutta 9/5, M M and Co.
C/R Nippon, 3959, N.F., N.F. L T and M I S N Co.
D/E Janus, 3078, Calcutta, 7/5, M M and Co.
F Jehangir, 2157, Jeddah 5/5 T Morrison and Co.
G Maur, 649, Bangkok, 4/5, F F Campbell and Co.
H Nour-el-Bahr, 199, M'Coast, 5/5, Merchant S N Co.
L/M Akbar, 2492, N F 12/5, T Morrison and Co.
Hatipara, 4893, N F N G M M and Co.
N San Michele, 3191. Calcutta, 5/5 L T and B I S N Co.
O/S Hatipara, 4833, NF, NF, M M & Co.
P Risaldar, 3092, Colombo, NF, T Morrison and Co.

MONEY MARKET.

EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS

Bombay, May 4.

B.C. RATE
Bank's selling T T 1/5 13/16
Bank's selling D D 1/5 27/32

LONDON—
Bank's selling T T 1/5 27/32.
Bank's selling D D 1/5 7/8.
Bank's buying 3 M/st D A 1/6 5/32.
Bank's buying T T 1/5 29/32.
Bank's buying D D 1/5 15/16.

PARIS—
Bnk's sellling D D Frcs. 1080.
Bank's buying 3 M/st P A Frcs. 1140
Bank's buying D D Frcs. 1125.

JAPAN—
Bank's selling T T Rs. 129 1/2.
Bank's buying 60 D/st D P Rs. 125 1/2.

HONGKONG—
Bank's selling D D 153.

SHANGHAI—
Bank's selling D D Rs. 202.

SINGAPORE—
Bank's selling D D Rs. 157 3/4.

NEW YORK—
Bank's selling D D Rs. 277 1/2.

CROSS RATES—
London—New York Dols. 4.85 11/16.
London—Paris Frcs. 147.80.
London—Switzerland Frcs 25.15
London—Brussels Frcs. 147.00.
London—Rome Liras 121.00
London—Berlin Marks 20.39.

TONE OF EXCHANGE—
Exchange Market steady.

BOMBAY EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, May 4.

Bank Telegraphic 1/5 27/32.
Bank Demand 1/5 7/8.
Doc. Acceptance 3 m/s 1/6 5/32.
Frcs. Demand 1050.
American Dollars 277.
Hongkong Dollars 153.
Shanghai 202.
Japan 130 1/4.
Singapore 157 3/4.
Tone:—Market steady.

London, May 3.

Tele. Transfers 1/5 29/32
Bar Gold £4/4/11 1/2
Bar Silver Spot quiet 29 15/16

London, May 3.

Rentes 3 per cent. 47.
Bar Silver (Spot) 29/15/16
Bar Silver 2 months hence 29/7/8.
Closing Tone of Silver:—India selling. Business small. Market quiet.
Rupee Paper 3½ per cent.
Interest day to day loans 4
Interest 7 days market loans 4
Discount, Bank of England rate 5 per cent. since 3/12/25.

EXCHANGE ON CONTINENTAL CENTRES.
MIDDLE QUOTATIONS.

London, May 3.

Stockholm	18.14
Oslo	22.25
Amsterdam	12.09
Switzerland	25.12

London, May 3.

Exchange on London in Paris	148.25
Exchange on London in Germany	20.40
Exchange on London in Italy	121.12

New York, May 3.

Demand Bills 4.85.18

LONDON DISCOUNTS

Bombay, May 4.

3 months 4 3/8 per cent.
6 months 4 3/8 per cent.
Bank of England Rate 5 per cent
Money Call 4 3/4 to 5 per cent.
Money 1 month 4 1/4 per cent.
Money 3 months 4 per cent.
Money 6 months 4 per cent.
Tone of Money Market:—In less demand
Imperial Bank Rate 6 per cent.

DISCOUNTS.

London, May 3.

Discount Bank Bills 3 m/st 4 3/8
Discount Indian Bank Bills 6 m/st 4 3/8
Discount Fine Trade Bills 3 m/st 5 1/4
Discount Fine Trade Bills 6 m/st 5 3/4
Rentes 5 per cent. 11 1/4

BULLION

Bombay, May 4.

Sovereigns ready Rs. 13/8/0.
Sovereigns forward Rs. 13/8/6.
National Bank Bar gold Rs 21/12/0.
Bar gold ready Rs. 21/8/6
Bar gold forward Rs. 21/9/0 June.
Bar gold 2nd settlement Rs. 21/8/9 July.
Bar silver ready Rs. 21/8/9.
Bar silver 1st settlement Rs. 69/13 May.
Bar silver 2nd settlement Rs. 68/12 June.

London, May 3.

Bar gold ready s. 84-11 1/2
Silver ready d. 29-15.0.
Silver forward d. 29-14.
TONE OF SILVER:—
Very quiet. India sold. Market influenced by political situation. Uncertain. Market has rather a declining tendency.

STOCKS, ETC.

London, May 3.

Funding Loan 4 per cent. 1960/90 85 1/2 —5/8.
Victory Bonds 4 per cent. £91 1/2 —5/8
War Loan 5 per cent. 1929/47 £99 3/4 —1/8
Conversion Loan £74 —.1 1/8
Indian Loan 5 1/2 per cent. £102 3/4 —1/4
Indian Loan 7 per cent. £103 1/2 —.1/2
Consols 2 1/2 per cent. 54 1/2—3/8.
Rupee Paper 3 1/2 per cent. 56 unchged
Indian Stock 3 1/2 per cent. (Sterling Loan) 70 1/4 —.1/4
Govt. Securities 3 per cent. 59 1/4 —.3/8

GOLD.

Bombay, May 4.

Ready:—21/8.
Vaida Visak.—Opening 21/8/9, at 6 p.m. 21/8/9.
Vaida Jeth.—Opening 21/9/3, at 6 p.m. 21/9/3.
Teji Mandi:—
Vaida Visak:—Opening 0/2/6
Vaida Jeth:—Opening 0/3/0.
Tone:—Market quiet.

SILVER.

Bombay, May 4.

Ready:—69/14.
Vaida Chitor.—Opening 69/13, at 6 p.m. 69/13.
Vaida Visak.—Opening 68/11, at 6 p.m. 68/11.
Vaida Jeth.—Opening 68/2, at 6 p.m 68/2.
Teji Mandi:—
Vaida Visak.—Opening 1/0/0.
Vaida Jeth.—Opening 1/8/0.
Tone:—Market steady.

DON'T BE PUZZLED
INSIST ON HAVING ONLY
S. C. SEAL'S
INK TABLETS
which are brilliant and non-corrosive cheap, and best. Free samples to school masters and merchants. Blue, Black, Violet and Green with fancy tin box. Each kind 15 annas per gross. Red Re. 1-8 per gross.

AGENTS WANTED.
SARAT CHANDRA SEAL
15-3, Lakshmi Datt's Lane,
P.O. Bagh Bazar. CALCUTTA.

SMOOTHNESS!
just that extra touch of Quality in "Passing Show" that makes them so popular
50 for Rs.1.4
10 for 4 annas
MADE IN LONDON BY CARREAS LTD.
138 YEARS REPUTATION FOR QUALITY
PASSING SHOW
VIRGINIA CIGARETTES

Sprains, Bruises!
Rely on Sloan's to Kill the Pain— No rubbing

You get quick relief from painful Sprains, Strains and Bruises with Sloan's Liniment. Lay on gently a little Sloan's—instantly you feel its warming, soothing influence at work—congestion is dispersed—swelling reduced—and the pain goes with amazing rapidity.

No painful rubbing—no waiting—Sloan's Liniment brings relief and comfort the moment you use it.

That is why Sloan's is kept handy by thousands of men and women, ready if need be to quell a riot of pain from Rheumatism, Lumbago, Sciatica or Neuritis as well as to stop the pain and prevent swelling and congestion due to sprains, strains or bruises. Use Sloan's—it is *your protection* from pain.

"SLOAN'S GAVE GREAT RELIEF"
Mr. J. Thacker, St. Patrick's House, St. Paul's Road, Peterboro' writes:—"I had a fall and badly bruised and sprained my knee. I tried nearly everything without effect, but after using Sloan's Liniment, I found great relief. There is nothing better than Sloan's Liniment."

Sloan's Liniment
KILLS PAIN
No rubbing — apply lightly for quick relief from pain of
RHEUMATISM, SCIATICA, LUMBAGO, NEURITIS, SPRAINS, STRAINS, CRAMP, BACKACHE, STIFFNESS
Sold by all chemists and bazars.
Representatives for India: Muller & Phipps (India), Ltd. 14-16 Green St. Bombay; 21 Old Court House St., Calcutta; and branches.

The "*Ideal*" for the home & travelling. Descriptive Catalogue FREE

ANNAPURNA COOKER

The new Model can Cook more Rice & Iddalys. Large Stock can be seen at our Agents at BOMBAY.

G. S. RANADE & CO., GIRGAON.

ANNAPURNA COOKER CO
P. O. Basavangudi,
(Bangalore City.)

HALF-WATT PHILIPS' LAMPS.

ELECTRIC

FANS
FIXTURES
ACCESSORIES
KETTLES, IRONS, ETC.

THE LONDON EASTERN & AMERICAN TRADING Co.,
HUMMUM STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

WHEN AT
SIMLA,
MAHABLESHWAR
AND
MATHERAN

Messrs. POHLOMAL
News Agency, SIMLA.
Messrs. MAHABLESHWAR STORES & PHARMACY,
Main Steet, MAHABLESHWAR
Messrs. N. LORDS, Matheran Stores,
MATHERAN.

Will supply
DAILY and SUNDAY
"CHRONICLE"
AT ONE ANNA.

Read "CRONICLE" for News and Views.

Baliwalla & Homi
BOMBAY.

279, Hornby Road (Opp. Whiteaway) & 210, Kalbadevi Road.

SPECTACLES AND EYEGLASSES
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION

Manufacturers of the
KRYPTOK, TORIC, CROOKES AND OTHER COMPLICATED OPHTHALMIC LENSES.

AWARDED SEVERAL
GOLD MEDALS

AWAKE! AWAKE
"MUSLIN INDUSTRY"
SILKY MUSLIN TAN of 12 yards, sufficient for 6 Shirts Rs. 7-8-0.
A.S.M. CHETTY Chicacole.
Sample Tan free price list.

DISTRIBUTED GRATIS AND POST FREE
BOYHOOD'S PERILS AND MANHOOD'S CURSE.
An invaluable guide and companion for the young and the old, man and woman, married and unmarried, to attain health pleasures of youth and long life. Must be read and re-read by everybody. BEHAR CHEMICAL WORKS, BHAGALPUR.

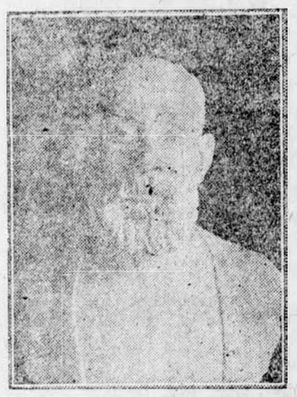
PRIMAPHONE
PORTABLE MODELS.

Primaphone Portable Models are compact and real Portables in their true sense. In travelling by Rail or on Boardship or on Picnic they are your most enjoyable travelling Companions. Built of solid wood polished in Oak, Mahogany or Walnut, protected with Nickelled Corners fitted with Leather covered Steel Handle; and two Nickelled Locks; with separate compartment for carrying 12 ten Inch Records; equipped with most reliable all steel Swiss Motor Nickelled Tonearm and Imperial Sound Box.

Model No. 152 Single Spring Motor Rs. 70
" " 155 Double " " " 80
Delivered free at any Railway Station in India.
Sole Distributors for India
Burma & Ceylon.
Bombay Phono General Agency,
520-522, Kalbadevi Road, BOMBAY
Telephone No. 23158.
Telegrams: Primaphone.

Karnik's AGUE Mixture
THE tried specific for Ague, intermittent and all sorts of Malarial Fevers. Price Annas FOURTEEN
KARNIK Depot—BOMBAY 4.
Karnik's AGUE Mixture

Bust of Sir SURENDRA NATH BANNERJI
MADE FROM SITTINGS



By WAGH SCULPTOR
BOMBAY 4.

Busts and Statues of Indian leaders made from sittings are available.
Full size bronze Statues of LOK. TILAK and DADABHAI NOWROJI ready for sale

RING OF EIGHT METALS.
This wonderful Magic Ring cures Gonorhoea, Nocturnal Emission, Impotency, Hysteria and other chronic diseases and it strengthens the power of body and organs. It brings the happiness, health, wealth, friendship & success in every respect. By using this sexual power is extraordinarily increased. Every one can see it with unexpected result. Trial is solited. Price one for Re. 1-4, three for Rs 2-4 and a dozen for Re. 12 post free. Write to
S. C. SEAL,
126, Upper Clitpore Road, Calcutta.

AHMEDNAGAR NOTES.

DAS MEMORIAL COLLECTIONS.

(From our Correspondent.)
AHMEDNAGAR, Apr. 28.

Ahmednagar is a district which had, in the days of old, occupied a position of political preeminence in the Deccan when it was the seat of the Masnad of Nizamshahi. The name uttered, one is at once reminded of the public-spirited rulers like Chandbibi, Malik Ambar, Shahaji, and others. Being on the borders of an influential State, it has, even now, got a peculiar strategical importance, which appears to have been never lost sight of by the military authorities. So long as Hindus and Muslims have joined hands and mixed freely in all public functions whether social or religious.

THE DISTRICT LOCAL BOARD.

The enthusiastic and public spirited vice president of the Board, Mr. M. K. Mutha, is reported to have sent in his resignation as a protest against the "Fodder Fiasco".

Among those who are interested in the furtherence of education, a great sensation is created by the authoritative exposition of the history and management of the Ahmednagar Education Society by a local vernacular paper "Lok-Satta". Fresh elections of the President, Vice President, Secretary and the Managing Committee took place on Thursday.

SANATAN DHARMA SABHA.

Another institution which is ably, though silently carrying on its work, is Sanatan Dharma Sabha of Ahmednagar. The annual meeting of the general body of the institution took place on Sunday the 1st April and fresh election took place, the result of which display great prospects of constructive work in religious social and literary spheres.

AHMEDNAGAR ANATH VIDYARTHI GRIHA

The energitic Pracharak of the Ahmednagar Anath Vidyarthi Griha, Mr. T. A. Deochake, is reported to have, in his collection tour, of Bombay, collected Rs. 1,800 with the help of the generous minded persons like Mr. Y. V. Nene.

DAS MEMORIAL FUND.

The National week collection by the Ahmednagar National school boys towards the All-India Desh Bandhu Das Memorial fund has upto now gradually reached the figure of Rs. 500. They mean to collect more. The efforts of the boys in the school going round the streets with volunteer badges begging for the memory of the revered leader are attracting the admiration of the public. Does it not mean an awakening among the younger generation who are creating mass sympathy for a national cause in the name of the revered leader of the nation by appealing to the poor pockets of the masses of the poor city?

FATHERS OF THE MASSES.

The ancient system of village organization, has been destroyed in places where "fathers of masses" do not exist as they do at Miri, a small but organised village in the Ahmednagar district. The Jahagirdar brothers of the place, have, long since, been taking a keen interest in the social, moral, industrial and educational uplift of the masses. Every day they take their food only when they assure themselves that there is not a single individual with food in the village.

CORONATION OF REZA SHAH

POONA'S CONGRATULATIONS.

In celebration of the coronation of H.I.M. Reza Shah Pahlavi, the new Shah of Persia, the Persian community of Poona held a meeting at their local Anjuman recently under the chairmanship of Aga Coochick Shah. Amongst those present at the meeting, were Capt. Jalal Shah, Aga Shahabudin Shah, Aga Mahomed Nabi Shirazi, Aga Abdul Rasul Yezdi, Aga Husain Safti, Aga Syed Ali Akbar, Aga Mustata Shirazi and Hafi Firouz.

The chairman, in opening the proceedings announced that he had received numerous letters and messages from Persian gentlemen and other sympathisers amongst whom were regretting their unavoidable absence and heartily associating themselves with the object of the meeting.

Capt. Jalal Shah, speaking in Persian, thanked the Anjuman for the opportunity given him to attend the meeting, which he considered as a great privilege. He assured the local Persian community that he and his family joined them whole heartedly in congratulating the new Sovereign of Persia and the Persian nation on His Imperial Majesty's Coronation and, speaking from fairly recent personal experience of the country, he was confident that the ancient and historic land, over the destinies of which Providence had now placed H. I. M. Reza Shah Pahlavi, ha a great future before it. Aga Mahomed Nabi Shirazi thanked the guests for their gracious presence at the meeting, which the Anjuman had called for the auspicious occasion they were celebrating that day. He considered it a good augury for the new regime in Persia that the subjects of His Imperial Majesty Reza Shah Pahlavi had the good wishes of so many non-Persian friends and sympathisers on that memorable day. After a few concluding remarks by the chairman, who said he would forward the proceedings to the proper authorities, the meeting broke up with three cheers, lustily given, for Persia's newly-crowned Soldier King.

WANTED DYERISM!

"MORNING POST'S" PANACEA.

Mr. B. F. Bharucha writes:—

Commenting on the recent riots in Calcutta, the "Morning Post" of London is strongly recommending the Government to try Dyerism to effectively cope with the present situation in Calcutta! So Dyerism is the pet panacea of the "Morning Post" for combating India's ills; and the "Morning Post" is the mouth-piece of satraps, past and present, and of I. C. S.'s old and new! So after seven years (1919-26), British Rule in India has found no better solution for governing the country, than Dyerism, plain and polished! Oh, what about all the "Isms" of Justice Juggler, double-barrelled Butler, Lavish Lloyd, head-strong Hailey, panicky Lytton and garrulous Goschen? Alas, to what pass has British statesmanship come in India? Does India need another Dyer to re-unite Hindus and Muslims? What a shame it would be, Mother Hind!

ROUND TABLE CONFERENCE.

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—After all the Union Government of South Africa have condescended to sit at a round table conference to discuss the Indian question. Now that the holding of the Conference is settled, what is our next move in this direction? It is the selection of representatives to speak with authority on behalf of the people of India. The one man, whose name is uppermost in men's minds, in whom they have an unflinching faith and whose solicitude for the toiling millions of India is unbounded, is Mahatma Gandh. In spite of the various efforts of interested parties to underrate his hold on the minds of the people of India, it is still an admitted fact in Indian circles that under his lead India's interest will always be safe. Even the interests of various other communities will receive his impartial attention if only those communities view his teachings with a patriotic and not with a bureaucratic eye. Further, his previous experience of fighting for the cause of Indians in the same land entitle him to be placed at the head of India's representation.

To assist him in his arduous work, our choice cannot fall on a more disinterested and selfless worker in India's cause than Mr. C. F. Andrews, chiefly due to whose recent labours, the South African Government have agreed to the present Round Table Conference.—Yours, etc.

PURNIAH.

THANA MUNICIPAL ELECTIONS.

The belated triennial elections of the Thana Municipality took place on Sunday. Owing to some local incidents during the last three years the elections as was anticipated had aroused keen public interest and the rival candidates had put up a strong fight and every inch of ground was contested.

The following gentlemen were declared duly elected:—

From Ward No. 1:—Mr. Yashwant Vinayak Nawalker, (2) (Mr.) Yashwant Laxman Nakhwat, (3) Mr. Dagdoo Pandu Nakhwat, (4) Mr. Bhagwant Appaji Padhye (Pleader)†, (5) Mr. Vaman Anant Rege.

From Ward No. 2:—(1) Dr. T. Wells†, (2) Prof. Narayan Keshav Bhagwat, (3) Mr. Govind Balwant Pradhan†, (4) Mr. Harji Jadhavji Thakker, (5) Mr. Shankar Balkrishna Lagad.

From Ward No. 3:—Mr. Dattatraya Mahadeo Damle, (2) Mr. Maruti Shivram Tanpure†, (3) Mr. Charles T. De Cunha, (4) Mr. Wasudeo Ramchandra Vachwe†, (5) Mr. Bomansha H. Tarapurwala.

From Ward No. 4:—Mr. E. J. Pereira, (2) Mr. L. F. Rodrigues†, (3) Mr. A. F. Almeida, (4) Mr. Shantaram Dhondu Samant.

From Ward No. 5:—Mr. S. S. Kaji.

The mark (†) shows the re-elected candidates. Out of the 10 candidates put forward by the Congress Committee of Thana, 6 candidates were elected.

HOW TO QUICKLY STOP DIGESTIVE TROUBLES.

Provided that the full facts of the cause of the trouble are known and understood, there's a remedy for practically every rift in life's lute, whether it's a matter of vital national importance or a common-place thing like, say, indigestion. If it's indigestion, the quickest and easiest way to relieve it is by taking 'Bisurated' Magnesia, the world-famed enumator of all digestive troubles. 'Bisurated' Magnesia stops indigestion with unfailing certainty, because it removes the cause of the deadlock by neutralizing acidity and preventing fermentation. 'Bisurated Magnesia acts speedily because it goes straight to the root of the trouble without wasting time, no unnecessary preliminaries, the moment this recognised remedy enters the stomach the trouble is ended and the digestive organs function as nature intended. Every chemist sells 'Bisurated' Magnesia in both powder and tablets, and you can rest assured that in the contents of the well-known blue package you have one of the finest things ever known for stomach troubles.

For Expectant and Nursing Mothers

Kalzana
the building material of all body-cells

Dr. writes:
"I gave Kalzana to my wife during pregnancy and my small son is certainly a most excellent specimen of humanity. My wife still takes Kalzana occasionally so that the breast milk may supply a full quotient of calcium to the child."

Calcium is life itself to body-cells, for without it the cells die, and even a slight shortage is nowadays recognised as the underlying cause of many common ailments.

In nursing mothers there is a heavy loss of calcium by the bones and tissues, and any deficiency is quickly shown by decay of teeth, lactational headaches and general weakness. The baby, too, is under-developed, with weak bones and delayed dentition.

Kalzana is a potent means of restoring normal calcium metabolism in nursing mothers. It quickly dispels weakness, debility and irritability, and prevents loss of teeth. At the same time it ensures strong bones, sound teeth and a robust constitution to the child. Invaluable in delayed and painful dentition.

Start Kalzana to-day and make sure that your baby will be strong and sturdy.

Kalzana
THE CALCIUM FOOD

Made by the manufacturers of Sanatogen and Formamint
Sold at all chemists and stores

Kalzana improves unhealthy condition of skin and blood and produces excellent results in:
TUBERCULOSIS ECZEMA ANAEMIA BOILS
MALARIA RICKETS EXCESSIVE PERSPIRATION

Fit in the morning
Fresh all day

"The results of diminished nerve-force comprise headache, loss of sleep, indigestion, easily induced fatigue, disinclination for bodily or mental exertion, loss of memory and a lack of vigour in all physical functions. To overcome these conditions science has produced Sanatogen. The gain through its aid is permanent; it builds up, fortifies and strengthens because it is a real cell food."

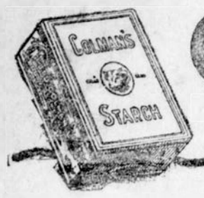
These are the words of Dr. Claude L. Wheeler, the well-known scientist. They prove what Sanatogen will do for you. And remember that Dr. Wheeler is only one of 24,000 physicians who tried Sanatogen and wrote to the makers about the splendid results obtained.

A tonic, the value of which has been proved so often and so clearly, is surely worth while trying.

Start taking Sanatogen to-day and see how it will revitalize you, how it will overcome that debility and listlessness, how it will give you sound sleep at night and healthy energy in the day.

At all chemists At all stores
SANATOGEN
The True Tonic-Food.

The daintiest fabrics are safe with



Colman's Starch

Linen lasts longer

WHY LOOK OLD?

SAMPLE FREE.

This "Rajvaid Hair-Dye" instantaneously turns the white hair into the natural deep-black colour and makes them smooth, shining and lastingly jet-black. Price per phial Re. 1-2. Small phial As. 10. Postage from 1 to 3 phials As. 6.

On a remittance of As. 4, a sample phial is sent free of postage.

SCORPION STINGS.

This medicine removes the poison and relieves the pain instantaneously. Price As. 8. Postage from 1 to 3 packets As. 3.

On receipt of Rs. 4, one dozen phials are sent free of postal charges.

LEUCODERMA.

A small patch of "WHITE LEPROSY" is cured free if the patient comes to our office. On receipt of As. 4, a sample is sent by post. Price per small phial Rs. 2 & per big phial Rs. 3. Postage from 1 to 3 phials As. 5.

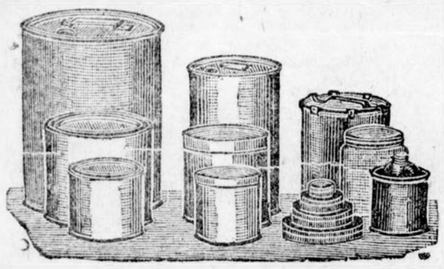
Leprosy patients are also cured by correspondence.

RAJVAID SRI BAMANDASJI KAVIRAJ.

152, Harrison Road, Bara-Bazar, Calcutta.

Telegrams:—"RAJVAID", Calcutta.

PREMIER TIN CANS FACTORY



Vacuum and air-tight lever lid TIN CANS for Tea, Coffee, Butter, Disinfectants and other condiments GAL. IRON DRUMS, PAINT KEGS, etc., of all designs and sizes made by latest Automatic Machinery.

PRICES REASONABLE.

Up-country orders Promptly executed.

TRIAL SOLICITED.

MANUFACTURER:

SHAIKHALLI SULEMANJI

291, MUSJID BUNDER ROAD, BOMBAY, 3

and Factory

at 1st PARSI WADA, Post No. 4.

BEST AND CHEAPEST HOUSE IN BOMBAY for PRESENTATION ARTICLES.

E. P. N. S. TEA SET 1 Pt. size Rs. 15.

PHONE No. 23523.

E. P. N. S. TEA and COFFEE Strainer .. .. .. Rs. 1-12.
„ Strainer Stand .. .. Rs. 1-4.

JHAVERI BROTHERS & Co.,

Specialists in up-to-date fancy presentation articles.

Opp Crawford Market, Baria Mansions, BOMBAY 3

APPLY FOR CATALOGUE.

JAMSHEDPUR NOTES.

A GANG OF DACOITS ARRESTED.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

JAMSHEDPUR, April 28.

Of late the industrial centres of Bihar and Orissa have been getting notorious for various sorts of crimes and this was announced by Government in their Police Administration Report. As the result of the combined efforts of the Jamshedpur and Asansol Police, a big gang of 32 dacoits was arrested and put on trial at Jamshedpur before Rai Bahadur Charu Chandra Mukherjee, Special Magistrate, deputed to try the case.

AN ORGANIZED EFFORT.

The existence of the gang was brought to light by two prisoners who have now become approvers in this case. The first is Jhanda Muchi, a Panjabi Mahomedan who was serving a sentence of three years' rigorous imprisonment in a Bad Livelihood case and who previously was working in the Steel Works at Jamshedpur and had worked elsewhere. It was on his statement that several arrests were made, and the second approver, Sohan Singh Kahar, a Punjabi Hindu, was found out with two other persons along with some property relating to a dacoity case committed within the subsidiary area of Jamshedpur. Frm the statements of the second approver, it transpired that they belonged to a well-organised gang of dacoits of nearly 90 members living in different labour centres and towns and conducting their nefarious business fairly well. Their chief places of activities were Jamshedpur and Asansol where they posed as workmen in factories, whilst actually many of them were without any work.

COMMITTED TO SESSIONS.

The police prepared the charge sheet under Sections 400 and 401, I. P. C., and placed 31 persons before the Magistrate, one having been released for want of sufficient evidence.

The Magistrate discharged three of the accused persons and committed the remaining 28 including the two approvers to the Sessions. Mr. J. A. Saunders, I.C.S., Additional Sessions Judge, Manbhum-Sambalpur, has been deputed as Special Judge to try this case.

A party of thirty students belonging to the 3rd, 5th and 6th Year (Science) Classes of the Presidency College, Calcutta, visited Jamshedpur, in charge of Prof. Ashutosh Maitra, M.A., to see the operations in the various departments of the Plant.

FREQUENT MOTOR ACCIDENTS.

Motor car fatalities are getting rather too frequent in Jamshedpur. Lately a workman was knocked down in the Works itself which proved fatal, in another case a woman was knocked down near the market corner. Certainly, the number of cars is not so large as to justify such frequent accidents, and it has very often been found that drivers, and more so the owners themselves, run at a reckless speed through the crowded thoroughfares heedless of the danger they might bring to poor pedestrians. It further seems, no care is taken of any speed-limit if any such exists at all. Dangerous pleasant drives as these, it is believed, can only be brought under control with less accidents to their credit, by the authorities taking some strong and immediate measures by way of traffic control.

LATE SIR BASIL SCOTT.

REFERENCE IN HIGH COURT.

A reference was made to the death of the late Sir Basil Scott at the High Court on Monday morning.

Mr. Justice Fawcett, sitting on the Appellate Side of the High Court as a vacation Judge, said that he did not know much of Sir Basil's work, as he only came into contact with him in his (Mr. Fawcett's) capacity as a District Judge and Legal Remembrancer. He was sure that the whole Bar would agree with him that the late Sir Basil, during the time he was judge and Chief Justice of the High Court had worthily maintained the high traditions of those offices. He felt sure that they would all join with him in expressing their condolence to Lady Scott and the other members of the bereaved family.

Mr. S. S. Patkar, Government Pleader, associated himself, on behalf of the Bar, with what fell from his Lordship. Referring to Sir Basil's career, Mr. Patkar said that he was the Advocate-General from 1900 to 1908, during which period he maintained a very high standard of professional integrity. In 1903, he was made Chief Justice and in that capacity he gave entire satisfaction to the public and the Bar, and upheld the best traditions of the Bench.

MORE THAN 90 000 CLIENTS HAVE HAD OUR WONDERFUL FORETELLING,

Full Annual Life Reading of amazing accuracy with a wonderful delineation of life and character Re. 1. Five years' Life Reading Rs. 2/8. Postage Extra. State time and date of birth or of writing the letter. Testimonials highest. A trial order will marvellously convince you. The RAJLINGA ASTROLOGICAL Bureau, Vizianagaram City, B. N. Railway.

There is a vast difference between ordinary Pearl Barley and Robinson's Patent Barley. Robinson's Patent Barley is eight times more economical in use, it is scientifically prepared and ground and is very quickly and easily made.

Ordinary Pearl Barley is often coated with injurious chalk to hide its impurities and is more difficult to prepare.

Untouched by hand throughout the process of manufacture, Robinson's Patent Barley can be used without objection by everyone of every caste and creed, and when blended with milk or used as a light beverage made with water, there is no more nourishing and sustaining food. When the use of Barley is necessary always insist on Robinson's Patent Barley in preference to Pearl Barley.

FULL DIRECTIONS WITH EVERY TIN.
Now packed in new cutter-top tins without paper labels.

Robinson's "PATENT" Barley

SUCCESSFUL IN EUROPE & AMERICA

Hakim Haji Nawabali Khan.

HAKIM HAJI NAWAB ALI KHAN.

I have brought happy news for patients suffering from all sorts of diseases, and who have lost all hopes of life. They can be cured by my ELIXIR OF LIFE which restores Life again even to the dead, this ELIXIR OF LIFE is brought from America, where I stayed for 3 Years and after a great deal of difficulty, I was successful in obtaining the same for the benefit of my Indian brethren.

I am well experienced in curing every sort of disease, Blood Piles, Fistula, Chronic Head Ache, Rheumatism, Asthmas Bronchitis, all kinds of Fevers, Old cough, Jaundice, Convulsions, Paralysis. Leprosy, kidney, Gleet, Syphilis, Hernia, Loss of Vitality and manly powers, etc.

I am a specialist in the treatment of the disease of the eye without an operation. Our MAMIRE KA SURMA is the special remedy for the eye, any which has received the Commendation of almost all the European Gentrd of both the Continents.

The private diseases of women are also cured without any operation. Special arrangement for Pardah Ladies. The poor are freely admitted.

Visiting hours from 7 A. M. to 12 A. M. and 4 P. M. to 8 P. M.

I have received several medals and testimonials from the Late Sultan of Turkey and from several other Governments, Grecian, Italian, French, British and American, wherein I have spent a long period of 25 years of my life, These certificates are open to the Public.

A large stock of Patent medicines, for receiving the general manly powers, and regaining the original prime of health is kept ready for sale, in my Pharmacy which can be obtained by V P. P.

HAKIM HAJI NAWABALI KHAN.

Cutch Castle, Sandhurst Bridge near Queen's Road, Bombay No 4.

'AMBER TIPS

INDIA'S FINEST TEA

Where to Lodge in Bombay?

For Healthy, Delicious Food, Airy Rooms, Electric Lights and Fans, Bath Rooms, and Business Locality Come to—

SUKHSAGAR HINDU LODGE.

Telephone No. 20295. Tele. Add. "Hindulotel"

Eighteen Gujarati Hindu Hotel, Personal Supervision, Moderate Rates. Princess St., Mangaldas Road, BOMBAY 2.

READ

BOMBAY CHRONICLE

DAILY & SUNDAY

RETAIL PRICE

ONE ANNA only

The "Daily" and "Sunday" Editions of the "Bombay Chronicle" can be obtained from any of the following agents:—

AHMEDABAD.—Shah Surajmal Chunilal.
AHMEDNAGAR CAMP.—Messrs. A. J. D'Souza & Co.
AJMER.—Messrs. B. R. & Sons.
AKOLA.—Mr. P. K. Vaidya.
AMRAOTI.—Mr. M. S. Perkar.
AGRA.—Mr. A. N. Takru.
BARODA.—Mr. M. C. Kothari.
BAGALKOT.—V. J. Parvatikar.
BIJAPUR.—Mr. P. S. Apte.
BIKANER.—Mr. Chhagin Ram Kunjilal Gahlot.
BELGAUM.—Messrs. V. V. Brothers.
BHAVNAGAR.—Mr. Jethalal Kalianji Trivedi.
BHUSAWAL.—Mr. Govind Gajanan.
BHUSAWAL.—Messrs. Sequeira & Sons.
BIKANER.—Chhagniram Kunjilal Gahlot.
BROACH.—Mr. H. D. Gulamhussein.
CAWNPORE.—Mr. Dindayal Sharma.
DELHI.—Messrs. R. K. Bros.
DHARWAR.—Students' Own B[illegible] Depot.
DHOLA JN.—Mr. Dayaram Jivanram Bhatt.
DHULIA.—Mr. V. A. Killedar.
GADAG.—Mr. R. K. Asundi.
GHATKOPER.—M. H. Varma.
GODHRA.—Mr. Jaswantlal J. Pandya.
HUBLI.—Mr. A. M. Dalvi.
HYDERABAD SIND.—S. J. Co-operative Society.
HYDERABAD DN.—Mr. B. V. Muthanna.
INDORE CITY.—Messrs. B. Warune & Co.
JALGAON.—Mr. Vishnu Ganesh Bhave.
JAMNAGAR.—Mr. Jethalal P. Bhagat.
JHANSI.—Ganesh Prasad.
JHANSI.—Ganesh Prasad.
JODHPUR.—Mr. Kishora Lal.
JUBBULPUR.—R. D. Mehta and Co.
JUNAGADH.—Mr. Maganlal K. Parekh.
KARACHI CITY.—Mr. Hariram P. Chaude.
KOLHAPUR.—Mr. B. T. Luktuke.
KARACHI CANTT.—Standard Book Stall.
KALYAN.—Mr. M. H. Varma.
KIRKEE.—Messrs. La Croix & Co.
LONAVLA.—Lonavla Co-operative Society.
MADRAS.—The Madras News Agency.
MADURA.—Mr. M. Muthurelappa Moodaliar.
MAHABLESHWAR.—Mahableshwar Stores & Pharmacy.
MATHERAN.—Lord's Matheran Stores.
MHOW.—Mr. Hardayal Varma.
NAGPUR.—Mr. D. S. Marulkar.
NASIK.—Mr. B. K. Mithasagarkar.
PALGHAT.—Mr. K. C. K. Thampan.
PRANTIJ.—Mr Shah Ratilal Keshavlal.
POONA.—Messrs. La Croix & Co.
POONA CITY.—Oppo. Vishram Bag,—Messrs. Kelkar & Bros.
236, Budhuwarpeth.—Messrs. L. V. Saptarshi.
497, Budhuwarpeth.—Messrs. Abdul Kader Ebhramjee.
POONA CANTTS.—Messrs. La Croix & Co.
RAIPUR.—Mr. A. T. Bose.
RAJKOT CITY.—Messrs. Dave Vyas & Co.
RATNAGIRI.—Mr. D. G. Mukadam.
SANGLI.—Mr. S. A. Kulkarni.
SATARA.—Mr. G. K. Kanitkar.
SECUNDERABAD.—Mr. B. V. Muthanna.
SIMLA.—Pohlomal, Manager, News Agency.
SURAT.—Mr. C. A. Koji.
THANA.—Mr. Laxman R. Purohit.
WARDHA.—Mr. M. B. Deshpande.
ALL THE RAILWAY STATION BOOKSTALLS OF MESSRS. A. H. WHEELER & CO. AND MESSRS. HIGGINBOTHAMS LTD.

The opportunity to extend your Business will be afforded to you by

'SWARAJYA'

The most popular daily published both in English and Tamil (Vernacular). By advertising in it you will find a

"MARKET"

for your wares and manufactures in

"SOUTH INDIA"

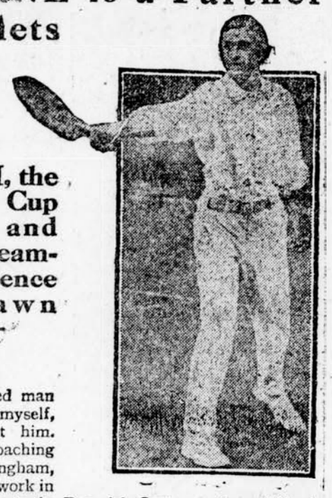
including the Indian State Mysore, Travancore and Cochin

For Rates and Particulars please write to

Manager, Swarajya, Broadway, Madras.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 11 April, 2017

"PHOSFERINE is a Partner that never lets me down"



A. E. BEAMISH, the Famous Davis Cup International and Principal of the Beamish Correspondence School of Lawn Tennis *writes*:—

"IF there is a harder worked man at the present time than myself, I would like to meet him. During the day I am coaching at lawn tennis at Hurlingham, and in the evening I am hard at work in my capacity of Principal Adviser to the Beamish Correspondence School of Lawn Tennis. Tennis instruction entails a greater mental than physical strain, and in this connection I find that Phosferine is an invaluable ally—a 'partner' that never lets me down and whose excellent 'service' I can always rely upon. Good health is essential for all work and play, and in my case I rely upon Phosferine—a splendid tonic which I strongly recommend to everyone."

From the very first day you take PHOSFERINE you will gain new confidence, new life, new endurance. It makes you eat better and sleep better, and you will look as fit as you feel. Phosferine is given with equally good results to the children.

PHOSFERINE

The Greatest of all Tonics for

Influenza	Debility	Neuralgia	Faintness	Malaria
Indigestion	Mental Exhaustion	Loss of Appetite	Brain-fag	Headache
Sleeplessness	Maternity Weakness	Lassitude	Nerve Shock	Anæmia
Exhaustion	Weak Digestion	Neuritis	Rheumatism	Sciatica

Made in Liquid and Tablets, each sold in 3 sizes, the larger sizes are the more economical.

PROPRIETORS: ASHTON & PARSONS, LIMITED, LUDGATE HILL, LONDON, ENGLAND.
INDIAN DEPOT: P.O. Box 431, BOMBAY.

GROSSMITH'S

PHŪL-NĀNĀ

The Fascinating Indian

PERFUME

An Exquisite and Lasting Fragrance.

ALL the enchantment of the mysterious East breathes in Phūl-Nānā.

PHŪL-NĀNĀ FACE POWDER
is adherent and unobtrusive, and delightfully fragrant.

PHŪL-NĀNĀ TOILET CREAM
(vanishing) softens and beautifies the skin.

Cachous, Sachets, Toilet Soap, Bath Crystals, Brilliantine, Shampoo Powders, Powder Leaf Books, Dental Cream, Toilet Water, Hair Lotion.

Of all Chemists and Bazaars. Beware of worthless imitations. Insist on having the original.

Sole Proprietors and Inventors:
J. GROSSMITH & SON, Ltd., LONDON.
Representative:
WALTER WHITE, Bombay.

For your HEALTH'S sake—purify your BLOOD

Residents in tropical climates are particularly liable to troublesome complaints arising from impurities of the blood. The most reliable remedy is WILKINSON'S SARSAPARILLA, which quickly cleanses the blood of all impure waste matter and builds up health & energy.

WILKINSON'S SARSAPARILLA

has enjoyed a world-wide reputation for over three-quarters of a century, and the highest medical authorities have pronounced it *the most wonderful purifier of the human blood.*

The Perfect and most valuable Remedy for TORPID LIVER, DEBILITY, ERUPTIONS, RHEUMATISM, SKIN DISEASES, WEAKNESS, DEPRESSION, &c.

Thomas Wilkinson

Beware of imitations and substitutes. Every genuine bottle bears the Trade Mark and Signature.

Trade Mark

Wholesale Depot, THOMAS WILKINSON, LTD., 40, Southwark St., London, S.E.1, England.

ZANGI PEN & INK MANUFACTURING CO.
NAI SARAK, DELHI
ZANGI
REGISTERED
LATEST IMPROVED
FOUNTAIN PEN
Rs. 6-4
ANTI-CRAMP PEN
3 Times Big & Strong
Never leaks, blots or stops and always runs smooth. Order any style U. D. on 7 days' approval. Lever Clip As. 6. 1 gross ZANGI Inklets any colour Rupee 1. Protector Pocket Annas 8.
All Pens Repaired and Exchanged.
ZANGI BOKO
A Quarterly Magazine Instructive & Interesting Free
JOIN THE ZANGI CLUB
Rs. 18-12 — Order to-day. —
ALL AT SAME PRICE
ACTUAL SIZE WITHOUT CAP

DON'T LET THAT HEADACHE SPOIL YOUR BUSINESS.

The Surest Cure for it is the famous

LITTLE'S ORIENTAL BALM.

Buy a bottle to-day.

(1-26

BOOKS ON ART

	Rs.	as.	p.
Decorative Plant and Flower Studies By J. Foord	32	0	0
Modern Decorative Art in England By G. P. Townsend	25	0	0
Handbook of Ornament By Meyer	12	0	0
Pattern Design By Levis F. Day	8	0	0
Drawing, Design and Craftwork By F. J. Glass	14	0	0
The Art of Drawing in Lead Pencil By J. Sealby	12	0	0
Drawing for Art Student and Illustrators By A. W. Sealby	12	0	0
Practical Art Anatomy By Lutz	8	0	0
A Manual of Artistic Anatomy By John C. L. Sparkes	10	8	0
The Art of Drawing. Human Figure simplified By W H Gates	9	0	0

Can be had from:—

J. V. NAVLAKHI & CO.

Kalbadevi Road, BOMBAY.

FREE Booklet on **FREE**

LEPROSY, LEUCODERMA, IMPOTENCY, Etc.,

By Mr. P. C. Mukerji B. C. E. M. Is. C. E. Vidyabhushan, (Late Resident Engineer Calcutta Corporation), formerly P. A. to Chief Engineer, Kashmir, during his tours and travels in the Himalayas and Tibet: published after 25 years' successful trials No failures; other Himalayan REMEDIES for DIABETES, all seminal and urinary troubles, Gleet, Strictures, Gravels and Stones, (no Operation—no Catheters). Apply with history to:—Mr. A. Banerjee, M. A., M. D., (Homeo) Secy. to the Medical Board, Himalayan Chemical Works,
106/1, Shambazar Street, CALCUTTA.

THE MOST POPULAR PAPER IN NORTHERN INDIA

The Hindustan Times,

Is the best advertising medium, being issued from the Imperial City and having a very wide circulation in the provinces of U. P., the Punjab, Central Provinces, Rajputana, Delhi, N. W. F. Provinces, and the Indian States.

Apply:—

MANAGER,
HINDUSTAN TIMES, DELHI

DO YOU WANT BUSINESS?

Then ADVERTISE in

"AMRITA BAZAR PATRIKA"

(ESTABLISHED 1868.)

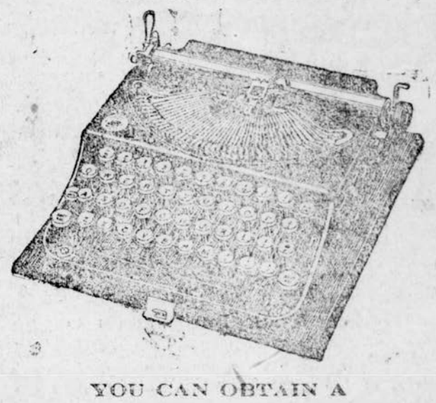
LARGEST CIRCULATION AMONG INDIANS.
THE BEST ADVERTISING MEDIUM

Has done its humble best for the country.

For rates Apply to the SECRETARY,

A. B. PATRIKA, Ltd.,
CALCUTTA.

For 1000 Imperial Specials COUPONS



YOU CAN OBTAIN A

REMINGTON PORTABLE TYPEWRITER.

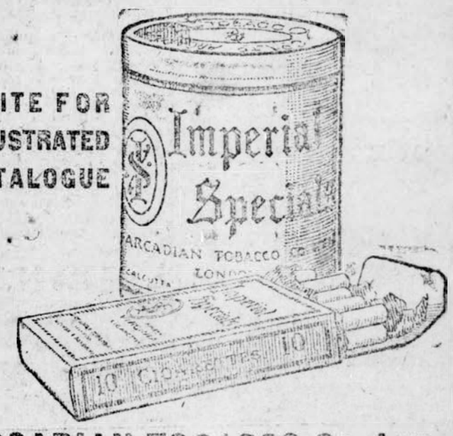
The following gifts are also offered in exchange for IMPERIAL SPECIALS Coupons. The number of coupons required is shown against each article.

One Solid Silver Cigarette Case for	160	Coupons
One Silver Plated Cigarette Container for	160	"
One No. 2 Box Brownie Camera for	99	"
One Parker Fountain Pen for	85	"
One Mother-o-Pearl & Gold Mounted Cigarette Holder for	80	"
One F. P. N. S. Cigarette Case for	75	"
One No. 0 Box Brownie Camera for	70	"
One Pair Phoenix Ladies' Silk Stockings - Colours, Black, White, Nuds & Champagne	50	"
One Dozen Gent's Lawn Handkerchiefs for	50	"
One Set Cuff Links & Studs for	45	"
One Box of 6 Ladies' Handkerchiefs for	40	"
One Rolled Gold & I. Pearl Brooch for	40	"
One " " Slave Bangle for	30	"
One Pair Gent's Phoenix Half Hose for	30	"
One Small Ashtray for	25	"
One Silver Plated "Eversharp" Pencil for	25	"
One Mother-o-Pearl & Silver Mounted Cigarette Holder for	25	"
One Pair Hair Brushes for	25	"
One White "Cameo" Belt for	20	"
One Pair "Relax" Gent's Garters for	20	"
One Gilt Gillette Safety Razer for	20	"
One Vanity Case for	20	"
One "Cutex" 5 Minute Manicure Set for	20	"
Two Packs Linette Playing Cards for	15	"
One Packet of 6 Gillette Razor Blades for	15	"
One Best Quality Shaving Stick for	10	"
One Prophylactic Tooth Brush for	10	"
One Tube Colgate's Tooth Paste for	8	"
One " Kolynos " " "	8	"

NOTE:—Five "IMPERIAL SPECIALS" Packet Fronts are redeemable as the equivalent of one "IMPERIAL SPECIALS" Coupon.

This Free Gift Distribution ceases on 31st Dec. 1926.

WRITE FOR ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE



ARCADIAN TOBACCO Co. LTD.

(INCORPORATED IN ENGLAND.)

P. O. Box 601, CALCUTTA.

SAVE

HEAVY INCOME TAX

Through ignorance of Income Tax Laws by consulting:—

Mr. BHAT

(*Specialist in Income tax line*)

who has had practical experience of the difficulties met with by Merchants in Bombay and Central Division.

BHAT AND NAGINDAS MANILAL
Bharatbhuvan, Kalbadevi Road, BOMBAY.
Phone No. 24064.

Printed and published for the Indian Newspaper Co., Ltd., by SORAB P. KAPADIA, at the "Bombay Chronicle" Press, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay. Acting Editor:—SYED ABDULLAH BRELVI.